

# [MS-WSSCCSP3]: Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Core List Schema and Site Provisioning Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification

## Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
- **Copyrights.** This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications and may distribute portions of it in your implementations using these technologies or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You may also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schema, IDL's, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications.
- **No Trade Secrets.** Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- **Patents.** Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specification may be covered by Microsoft [Open Specification Promise](#) or the [Community Promise](#). If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in the Open Specifications are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting [iplg@microsoft.com](mailto:iplg@microsoft.com).
- **Trademarks.** The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights.
- **Fictitious Names.** The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, e-mail addresses, logos, people, places, and events depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

**Reservation of Rights.** All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

**Tools.** The Open Specifications do not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard

specifications and network programming art, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

**Preliminary Documentation.** This Open Specification provides documentation for past and current releases and/or for the pre-release (beta) version of this technology. This Open Specification is final documentation for past or current releases as specifically noted in the document, as applicable; it is preliminary documentation for the pre-release (beta) versions. Microsoft will release final documentation in connection with the commercial release of the updated or new version of this technology. As the documentation may change between this preliminary version and the final version of this technology, there are risks in relying on preliminary documentation. To the extent that you incur additional development obligations or any other costs as a result of relying on this preliminary documentation, you do so at your own risk.

## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
01/20/2012	0.1	New	Released new document.
04/11/2012	0.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
07/16/2012	0.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.

# Table of Contents

<b>1 Introduction .....</b>	<b>9</b>
1.1 Glossary .....	9
1.2 References .....	12
1.2.1 Normative References .....	12
1.2.2 Informative References .....	13
1.3 Overview .....	13
1.3.1 Content Types .....	13
1.3.1.1 List Content Type Overview .....	13
1.3.1.2 Site Content Type Overview .....	14
1.3.2 Features .....	14
1.3.3 Custom Actions .....	14
1.3.4 Views .....	14
1.3.5 List Schema .....	14
1.3.5.1 List Column Overview .....	15
1.3.5.2 Site Column Overview .....	15
1.3.6 List/Web Metainfo .....	15
1.3.7 File Handling .....	15
1.3.8 Provisioning .....	15
1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols .....	16
1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions .....	16
1.6 Applicability Statement .....	16
1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation .....	16
1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields .....	16
1.9 Standards Assignments .....	16
<b>2 Messages .....</b>	<b>17</b>
2.1 Transport .....	17
2.2 Common Data Types .....	17
2.2.1 Simple Data Types and Enumerations .....	17
2.2.1.1 Upgrade Type .....	17
2.2.1.2 Upgrade Status .....	17
2.2.2 Bit Fields and Flag Structures .....	17
2.2.3 Binary Structures .....	17
2.2.3.1 tContentTypeId .....	17
2.2.3.2 List Identifier Packed Array .....	18
2.2.3.3 List Base Type Pattern .....	19
2.2.3.4 Usage Data Binary Field Structure .....	19
2.2.3.4.1 Usage Data Header Structure .....	20
2.2.3.4.2 Usage Record Structure .....	21
2.2.4 Common Result Sets .....	22
2.2.4.1 List Content Types Result Set .....	22
2.2.4.2 Site Collection Upgrade Info Result Set .....	23
2.2.5 Tables and Views .....	24
2.2.5.1 AllListsAux .....	24
2.2.6 XML Structures .....	24
2.2.6.1 Namespaces .....	24
2.2.6.2 Simple Types .....	24
2.2.6.3 Complex Types .....	24
2.2.6.3.1 Feature Property Definitions .....	24
2.2.6.3.2 Site Health Check Result Message .....	25

2.2.6.4	Elements .....	26
2.2.6.5	Attributes .....	26
2.2.6.6	Groups .....	26
2.2.6.7	Attribute Groups.....	26
2.2.7	User-Defined Table Types.....	26
2.2.7.1	tvpLastItemModified .....	26
<b>3</b>	<b>Protocol Details .....</b>	<b>27</b>
3.1	Common Details .....	27
3.2	Back-end Database Server Details .....	27
3.2.1	Abstract Data Model .....	27
3.2.1.1	Content Types.....	27
3.2.1.1.1	List Content Type Data Model .....	27
3.2.1.1.2	Site Content Type Data Model.....	28
3.2.1.2	Features.....	29
3.2.1.3	Views .....	29
3.2.1.4	List Schema .....	30
3.2.1.4.1	List Column Data Model .....	30
3.2.1.4.2	Site Column Data Model.....	30
3.2.1.5	Provisioning .....	31
3.2.1.6	Custom Actions .....	32
3.2.1.7	Site Collection Health Checks .....	32
3.2.1.8	Site Collection Upgrade .....	32
3.2.2	Timers .....	32
3.2.3	Initialization .....	32
3.2.4	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules.....	32
3.2.4.1	proc_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession .....	33
3.2.4.2	proc_ActivateFeature .....	33
3.2.4.3	proc_AddContentTypeToScope .....	35
3.2.4.4	proc_AddOrUpdateCustomAction .....	36
3.2.4.4.1	Add or Update Custom Action Result Set.....	38
3.2.4.5	proc_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue .....	38
3.2.4.6	proc_CloneFeature.....	39
3.2.4.7	proc_CopyResourceDir .....	39
3.2.4.8	proc_DeactivateContentTypeInScope .....	40
3.2.4.9	proc_DeactivateFeature.....	42
3.2.4.10	proc_DeleteContentTypeInScope .....	42
3.2.4.11	proc_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope.....	44
3.2.4.12	proc_DropListField .....	45
3.2.4.13	proc_EnumListsWithMetadata .....	46
3.2.4.13.1	List Count Result Set .....	48
3.2.4.13.2	List Metadata Result Set.....	48
3.2.4.13.3	List Event Receivers Result Set .....	49
3.2.4.13.4	List Permissions Result Set .....	49
3.2.4.14	proc_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM .....	50
3.2.4.14.1	WebsAndSubwebsDTM Result Set.....	50
3.2.4.15	proc_EstimateDocsSize.....	51
3.2.4.15.1	EstimatedSize Result Set .....	52
3.2.4.16	proc_FetchContentTypeInScope .....	52
3.2.4.16.1	Content Type Result Set.....	53
3.2.4.17	proc_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade.....	53
3.2.4.17.1	SiteUpgradeType Result Set.....	54
3.2.4.18	proc_FixV2ContentTypeField .....	54

3.2.4.19 proc_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl.....	54
3.2.4.19.1 Object Content Type Identifier Result Set .....	55
3.2.4.20 proc_GetFeatureProperties.....	55
3.2.4.20.1 Feature Properties Result Set.....	56
3.2.4.21 proc_GetFolderContentTypeOrder .....	57
3.2.4.21.1 Invalid Parameters Result Set .....	57
3.2.4.21.2 Undefined Content Type Order Result Set.....	58
3.2.4.21.3 Defined Content Type Order Result Set .....	58
3.2.4.22 proc_GetListContentTypes .....	58
3.2.4.22.1 Content Types Result Set .....	59
3.2.4.23 proc_GetListIdsToSync .....	59
3.2.4.23.1 Lists Result Set .....	59
3.2.4.24 proc_GetParentWebUrl .....	59
3.2.4.24.1 Parent Site URL Result Set.....	60
3.2.4.25 proc_GetSiteProps .....	60
3.2.4.25.1 Site Props Result Set .....	60
3.2.4.26 proc_GetSiteUpgradeSession.....	62
3.2.4.27 proc_GetTpWebMetaData.....	62
3.2.4.27.1 Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set .....	63
3.2.4.27.2 Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set.....	63
3.2.4.27.3 Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set.....	63
3.2.4.27.4 Site MetaData Result Set.....	63
3.2.4.27.5 Site Event Receivers Result Set.....	63
3.2.4.28 proc_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite .....	64
3.2.4.28.1 Field Definition Result Set.....	64
3.2.4.29 proc_GetUniqueListMetaData.....	64
3.2.4.29.1 List Metadata Result Set.....	65
3.2.4.29.2 Unique Permissions Result Set .....	65
3.2.4.29.3 NULL Unique Permissions Result Set .....	66
3.2.4.29.4 Event Receivers Result Set .....	66
3.2.4.29.5 Related Fields Result Set .....	66
3.2.4.30 proc_GetWebExtendedMetaData .....	66
3.2.4.30.1 Creation and Modification Result Set .....	66
3.2.4.31 proc_GetWebFeatureList .....	67
3.2.4.31.1 Get Web Feature List Result Set .....	68
3.2.4.32 proc_GetCustomActionsFromScope .....	68
3.2.4.32.1 Custom Actions From Scope Result Set .....	69
3.2.4.33 proc_DeleteCustomAction .....	69
3.2.4.33.1 Delete Custom Action Result Set One.....	71
3.2.4.33.2 Delete Custom Action Result Set Two.....	71
3.2.4.34 proc_DeleteCustomActionForFeature .....	71
3.2.4.35 proc_GetWebIdOfListId .....	72
3.2.4.35.1 WebId Result Set .....	72
3.2.4.36 proc_GetWebUsageData .....	72
3.2.4.36.1 Monthly Usage Result Set .....	73
3.2.4.36.2 Daily Usage Result Set .....	74
3.2.4.37 proc_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession .....	74
3.2.4.38 proc_IsContentTypeGhosted .....	74
3.2.4.38.1 Content Type is Ghosted Result Set .....	75
3.2.4.39 proc_IncrementSiteClientTag .....	75
3.2.4.40 proc_IsContentTypeInUseInList .....	76
3.2.4.41 proc_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate .....	76
3.2.4.42 proc_ListAllFileUrls .....	77

3.2.4.42.1	All File URLs Result Set .....	77
3.2.4.43	proc_ListAllWebsOfSite .....	78
3.2.4.43.1	SiteWebs Result Set.....	78
3.2.4.44	proc_ListChildWebs .....	79
3.2.4.44.1	ChildWebs Result Set .....	79
3.2.4.45	proc_ListChildWebsFiltered.....	80
3.2.4.45.1	List Child Webs Filtered Result Set.....	80
3.2.4.46	proc_ListContentTypeInUse.....	82
3.2.4.46.1	Content Type Descendants Result Set .....	82
3.2.4.46.2	Content Type List Usage Result Set .....	83
3.2.4.47	proc_ListContentTypesInWeb .....	83
3.2.4.47.1	Result Set .....	84
3.2.4.48	proc_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive .....	84
3.2.4.49	proc_ListDerivedContentTypes.....	85
3.2.4.49.1	Derived Site Content Types Result Set .....	85
3.2.4.49.2	Derived Content Types Result Set.....	85
3.2.4.50	proc_ListsUsingFieldTemplate .....	86
3.2.4.50.1	Lists Using Field Result Set .....	86
3.2.4.51	proc_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList .....	86
3.2.4.51.1	Unghosted List Fields Result Set .....	87
3.2.4.52	proc_MakeViewDefaultForContentType .....	87
3.2.4.53	proc_MakeViewDefaultForList .....	88
3.2.4.54	proc_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList .....	88
3.2.4.55	proc_MapContentTypeToList.....	88
3.2.4.56	proc_MapFieldToContentType .....	89
3.2.4.57	proc_MapUrlToListAndView .....	90
3.2.4.57.1	Map URL to List and View Result Set .....	90
3.2.4.58	proc_MapV2FieldToList .....	91
3.2.4.59	proc_markWebAsProvisioned.....	91
3.2.4.60	proc_MergeWeb.....	92
3.2.4.60.1	Audit Mask Result Set .....	92
3.2.4.61	proc_MiniSproc.....	93
3.2.4.61.1	Site URL Result Set.....	94
3.2.4.61.2	Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set .....	94
3.2.4.61.3	Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set.....	94
3.2.4.61.4	Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set .....	94
3.2.4.61.5	Site Metadata Result Set .....	94
3.2.4.61.6	Event Receivers Result Set .....	95
3.2.4.61.7	User Document Security Context Result Set.....	95
3.2.4.62	proc_ProvisionContentType .....	95
3.2.4.62.1	Content Type Exists Result Set.....	97
3.2.4.63	proc_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession .....	97
3.2.4.64	proc_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue .....	98
3.2.4.65	proc_RenameListItemContentType .....	98
3.2.4.66	proc_ResolveWikiLinkItem .....	99
3.2.4.66.1	Resolve Wiki Link Item Result Set.....	99
3.2.4.67	proc_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults .....	99
3.2.4.67.1	Retrieve Site Health Check Results Result Set .....	100
3.2.4.68	proc_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession .....	100
3.2.4.69	proc_SetListFormToUrl .....	101
3.2.4.70	proc_SetSitePlatformVersion .....	102
3.2.4.71	proc_SetSiteFlags .....	102
3.2.4.72	proc_SetSitePortalProps .....	103

3.2.4.73 proc_SetSiteProps.....	103
3.2.4.74 proc_SetTpView.....	104
3.2.4.75 proc_SetWebMetainfo.....	105
3.2.4.76 proc_SetWebUsageData .....	106
3.2.4.77 proc_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults .....	107
3.2.4.78 proc_StoreUserInfoListInfo .....	107
3.2.4.79 proc_UnmapContentTypeFromList.....	108
3.2.4.80 proc_UnmapFieldFromList .....	108
3.2.4.81 proc_UnmapFieldsFromContentType.....	109
3.2.4.82 proc_UpdateContentTypeInScope .....	109
3.2.4.83 proc_UpdateFeatureProperties.....	111
3.2.4.84 proc_UpdateFeatureVersion .....	112
3.2.4.85 proc_UpdateListContentTypes .....	112
3.2.4.86 proc_UpdateListFields.....	113
3.2.4.87 proc_UpdateSiteHashKey .....	114
3.2.4.88 proc_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession.....	115
3.2.4.89 proc_UpdateTpWebMetaData.....	116
3.2.4.90 proc_GetFollowableLists.....	119
3.2.4.90.1 Followed List Result Set.....	120
3.2.4.91 proc_GetLastItemModifiedDate.....	120
3.2.4.91.1 List Result Set.....	121
3.2.5 Timer Events .....	121
3.2.6 Other Local Events .....	121
<b>3.3 Front-End Web Server Client Details .....</b>	<b>121</b>
3.3.1 Abstract Data Model .....	121
3.3.2 Timers .....	122
3.3.3 Initialization .....	122
3.3.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules.....	122
3.3.5 Timer Events .....	122
3.3.6 Other Local Events .....	123
<b>4 Protocol Examples.....</b>	<b>124</b>
4.1 Features .....	124
4.2 Content Types and Columns.....	125
4.2.1 Create, Rename, and Delete a Text Column.....	125
4.2.2 Create a Text Site Column.....	130
4.2.3 Add a Site Column to a List .....	130
4.2.4 Change the Name of a Site Column and Propagate to Lists .....	131
4.2.5 Create a New Site Content Type .....	133
4.2.6 Add Site Column to Content Type .....	136
4.3 Views .....	137
4.4 Custom Actions .....	137
4.4.1 Add a Custom Action .....	137
4.4.2 Retrieve a Custom Action .....	138
4.4.3 Delete a Custom Action.....	139
4.5 Metadata Information.....	140
4.5.1 proc_SetWebMetainfo.....	140
<b>5 Security.....</b>	<b>142</b>
5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers.....	142
5.2 Index of Security Parameters .....	142
<b>6 Appendix A: Product Behavior.....</b>	<b>143</b>

<b>7 Change Tracking.....</b>	<b>144</b>
<b>8 Index .....</b>	<b>145</b>

Preliminary

# 1 Introduction

This document specifies the Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Core List Schema and Site Provisioning Communications Protocol that allows Web and application servers to perform data query and update commands on database servers.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

**access control list (ACL)**  
**anonymous user**  
**Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**  
**GUID**  
**language code identifier (LCID)**  
**NULL GUID**  
**XML**

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-OFCGLOS\]](#):

**absolute URL**  
**activation**  
**app principal**  
**app web domain identifier**  
**audit flag**  
**back-end database server**  
**base type**  
**CAML**  
**cascading style sheet (CSS)**  
**class identifier (CLSID)**  
**Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML)**  
**collation**  
**collation order**  
**column**  
**content database**  
**content type**  
**content type identifier**  
**content type order**  
**content type resource folder**  
**CSS**  
**custom action**  
**customized**  
**default form**  
**default list view**  
**default mobile list view**  
**default view**  
**descendant content type**  
**directory name**  
**display form**  
**display name**

**document**  
**document library**  
**document template**  
**domain group**  
**draft**  
**edit form**  
**empty GUID**  
**event host**  
**event receiver**  
**external security provider**  
**farm**  
**feature**  
**feature identifier**  
**feature scope**  
**field**  
**field definition**  
**field identifier**  
**field internal name**  
**file**  
**folder**  
**form**  
**form digest validation**  
**front-end Web server**  
**gallery**  
**HTTP referer**  
**Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)**  
**indexed field**  
**item**  
**item identifier**  
**leaf name**  
**list**  
**list column**  
**list identifier**  
**list item**  
**list schema**  
**list server template**  
**list template**  
**list view**  
**list view page**  
**List View Web Part**  
**locale settings**  
**locked**  
**login name**  
**master page**  
**Meeting Workspace site**  
**metadict**  
**mobile device**  
**multilingual user interface (MUI)**  
**new form**  
**owner**  
**page**  
**page type**  
**parent site**  
**permission**  
**permission level**

**personal Web Part**  
**portal site**  
**provision**  
**provisioned**  
**publishing level**  
**query**  
**record**  
**relationship lookup field**  
**request identifier**  
**resource folder**  
**resource identifier**  
**resource token**  
**result set**  
**return code**  
**root folder**  
**row**  
**sandboxed solution**  
**security scope**  
**server-relative URL**  
**site**  
**site collection**  
**site collection administrator**  
**site collection flag**  
**site collection identifier**  
**site collection quota**  
**site column**  
**site content type**  
**site definition**  
**site definition configuration**  
**site description**  
**site identifier**  
**site property flag**  
**site solution**  
**site subscription identifier**  
**site template**  
**site title**  
**site-relative URL**  
**solution identifier**  
**sort order**  
**stored procedure**  
**store-relative form**  
**store-relative URL**  
**Structured Query Language (SQL)**  
**subsite**  
**SystemID**  
**theme**  
**time zone**  
**top-level site**  
**transaction**  
**Transact-Structured Query Language (T-SQL)**  
**UI culture**  
**uncustomized**  
**Uniform Resource Locator (URL)**  
**upgrade evaluation site collection**  
**usage data**

**user activity status**  
**user identifier**  
**user interface (UI) version**  
**user-agent string**  
**view**  
**view flag**  
**view form**  
**view identifier**  
**Web Part**  
**Web Part Page**  
**Web Part zone**  
**Windows collation name**  
**workflow**  
**workflow association**  
**XML document**  
**XML fragment**  
**XML schema**  
**XML schema definition (XSD)**  
**zero-based index**

The following terms are specific to this document:

**app web domain:** The subdomain for a site(2) that belongs to an app instance.

**followable list:** A list in the content database that can be queried by using the followable list APIs.

**list flag:** An 8-byte unsigned integer bit mask that provides metadata about a SharePoint list.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the technical documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[Iseminger] Microsoft Corporation, "SQL Server 2000 Architecture and XML/Internet Support", Volume 1 of Microsoft SQL Server 2000 Reference Library, Microsoft Press, 2001, ISBN 0-7356-1280-3, <http://www.microsoft.com/mspress/books/5001.aspx>

[MSDN-TSQL-Ref] Microsoft Corporation, "Transact-SQL Reference", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms189826\(SQL.90\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms189826(SQL.90).aspx)

[MS-TDS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Tabular Data Stream Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSCAML] Microsoft Corporation, "[Collaborative Application Markup Language \(CAML\) Structure Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSDLIM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Document and List Item Management Communications Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSDLIM2] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Document and List Item Management Communications Version 2 Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSFO2] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services \(WSS\): File Operations Database Communications Version 2 Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSFO3] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services \(WSS\): File Operations Database Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSPROG] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Programmability Extensions Communications Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WSSTS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows SharePoint Services Technical Specification](#)".

[RFC1950] Deutsch, P., and Gailly, J-L., "ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification version 3.3", RFC 1950, May 1996, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt>

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

## 1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-OFCGLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Microsoft Office Master Glossary](#)".

## 1.3 Overview

This protocol specifies the communication between the **front-end Web server** and the **back-end database server** used to satisfy requests involving **list** schema management and **site** provisioning. This client-to-server protocol uses the Tabular Data Stream Protocol defined in [\[MS-TDS\]](#) as its transport between the front-end Web server, acting as a client, and the back-end database server, acting as a server.

### 1.3.1 Content Types

#### 1.3.1.1 List Content Type Overview

List **content types** are objects defined at list level that specify **list item** behaviors in the list. A list can contain multiple list content types, which allows the list to contain list items with different behaviors. Every list item on a list is assigned a content type. The content type specifies which **list columns** are applicable to the list item. The content type can also specify the appearance of the **view forms**, **edit forms**, and **new forms** for the list item. The content type can also specify list item **event receivers** associated on the list item. The content type can also specify **workflows** associated on the list item. For lists that are **document libraries**, the content type can also define the **document template** to use when creating a new **document** of the specified content type. Finally, the list content type contains a generic **XML document** collection and **resource folder** through which vendor extensions can be added to enable scenarios related to list items of the content type. A list **owner** can update/delete list content types on the list. A list owner can also add

a list content type to a list by applying a **site content type** to the list. List content types are destroyed when the list on which they are defined is deleted.

### 1.3.1.2 Site Content Type Overview

Site content types are objects defined at site level that can be used to share common list content type definitions across lists and sites. Site content types can be **provisioned** on a site through **feature activation**. A designer can create a new site content type by deriving a child site content type from an existing site content type. The derived child site content type will inherit all the settings of the **parent site** content type. When applying a site content type to a list, a list content type is derived from the site content type and added to the list. The derivations of site content types define an ancestral relationship of all the site content types. A site designer can update and delete an existing site content type. Updates made to a site content type are propagated to all the derived site content types and list content types. The back-end database server stores how site content types are being used by lists in the site hierarchy and can block deletion of site content types when there are still derived list content types. Site content types are destroyed when the site on which they are defined is deleted.

### 1.3.2 Features

Features provides the ability to include and remove pieces of dynamic functionality in sites. Features change the runtime behavior of their underlying **feature scope** in an application defined manner. Features have a **GUID** designating its **feature identifier** that is unique in the **farm**.

The lifetime of a feature is as follows:

1. The feature gets installed.
2. The feature gets marked as active at one or more feature scopes.
3. The feature gets marked as inactive from all feature scopes.
4. The feature gets uninstalled.

The first two stages are required in order for the functionality of the feature to take effect. The last two stages are only required to remove the feature from the farm.

A feature may be upgraded to change its behavior.

### 1.3.3 Custom Actions

**Custom actions** provide the ability to include pieces of dynamic functionality. Custom actions can be defined at the **site collection**, site, and list levels. Custom actions are often used to extend functionality to the user for a specific site collection, site, or list.

### 1.3.4 Views

This protocol also specifies communication between the front-end Web server and back-end database server to configure default **views** and default **forms** for lists.

### 1.3.5 List Schema

A list owner can create, update and delete list columns. The list owner can add a list column based on a **site column**. The site owner can update and delete list content types. The list owner can apply a site content type to the list.

### 1.3.5.1 List Column Overview

List columns are objects defined at list level that can be used to store data about list items. List columns that are defined in a **list template** are provisioned on the list when the list is created. After the list is created, the list owner can add new list columns, and update or delete existing list columns. A list owner can define views to select which list columns are visible and how list items are organized (sort order, filtering, grouping, and so on) based on their values set on list columns.

### 1.3.5.2 Site Column Overview

Site columns are objects defined at site level that can be used to share common list column definitions across lists. Site columns can be provisioned through feature activation. A site designer can create, delete and update a site column. A list owner can create new list columns based on site columns defined on the containing site or its ancestor sites. A site designer can update an existing site column and optionally push the updated site column definition to all the list columns, including those residing in a **subsite**, that are created based on the site column. The back-end database server keeps track of how site columns are being used by lists in the site hierarchy and can block deletion of a site column when there are still list columns referencing it. Site columns are destroyed when the site on which they are defined is deleted.

## 1.3.6 List/Web Metainfo

The list metadata specifies how a list will appear and behave. A list owner can change the appearance and behaviors of the list by setting different metadata values for the list.

The site metadata specifies how a site will appear and behave. A **site collection administrator** can change the appearance and behaviors of the site by setting different metadata values for the site.

## 1.3.7 File Handling

The client can fetch the **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)** of the parent site of a given site by calling [proc\\_GetParentWebUrl](#). This can be used to check whether a given site is the **top-level site** of a site collection.

The client can enumerate all the files in a site including those in the descendant sites by calling [proc\\_ListAllFileUrls](#).

The client can enumerate all the sites in a site collection and fetch the site's name, URL, **site identifier**, and parent site identifier (if the site is not the top-level site of the site collection) and language by calling [proc\\_ListAllWebsOfSite](#).

The client can enumerate all direct child sites of a parent site in a site collection and fetch the child site's name, URL, site identifier and language by calling [proc\\_ListChildWebs](#).

The client can enumerate all direct child sites of a parent site in a site collection that is of a specific **site definition**, or with a specific **site definition configuration** by calling [proc\\_ListChildWebsFiltered](#).

## 1.3.8 Provisioning

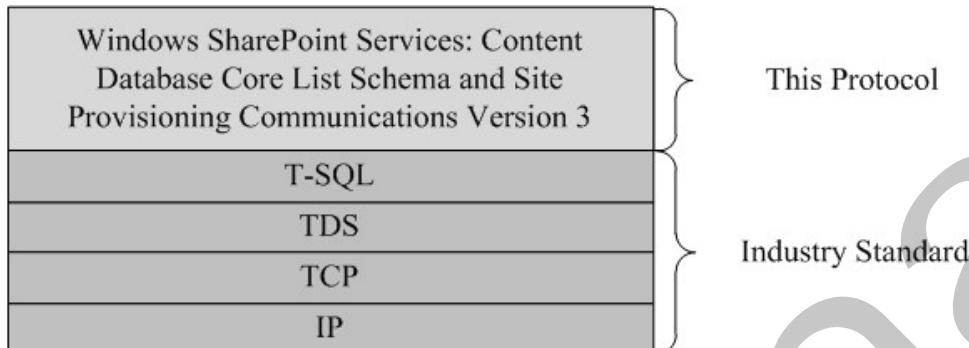
A list can be provisioned from a list template hosted either on a front-end Web server or saved in the list template **gallery** of the site. List columns and list content types on the list that are based on site columns and site content types are synchronized to match the site columns and site content types.

A site can be provisioned from a site definition hosted either on a front-end Web server or saved in the **site template** gallery of the parent site. Site provisioning calls list provisioning to create pre-defined lists for the site.

A site collection can be provisioned from a site collection template hosted on a front-end Web server only. Site collection provisioning calls site provisioning to create the top-level site of the site collection.

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The following diagram shows the transport stack that the protocol uses:



**Figure 1: This protocol in relation to other protocols**

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The operations described by the protocol operate between a client and a back-end database server on which the databases are stored. The client is expected to know the location and connection information for the databases.

This protocol requires that the protocol client has appropriate permissions to call the **stored procedures** stored on the back-end database server.

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is intended for use by protocol clients and protocol servers that are both connected by high-bandwidth, low latency network connections.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

**Security and Authentication Methods:** This protocol supports the SSPI and SQL Authentication with the Protocol Server role specified in [\[MS-TDS\]](#).

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

## 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

[MS-TDS] is the transport protocol used to call the stored procedures, query **SQL** tables, return result codes, and return **result sets**.

### 2.2 Common Data Types

This section contains common definitions used by this protocol.

#### 2.2.1 Simple Data Types and Enumerations

##### 2.2.1.1 Upgrade Type

Upgrade Type is a 4-byte integer value used to indicate the type of site collection upgrade to be performed.

Value	Description
0	Build to build site collection upgrade
1	Version to version site collection upgrade

##### 2.2.1.2 Upgrade Status

Upgrade Status is a 4-byte integer value used to indicate the status of the site collection upgrade.

Value	Description
0	site collection upgrade has not started
1	site collection upgrade in progress
2	site collection upgrade finished with error
3	site collection upgrade finished without error

#### 2.2.2 Bit Fields and Flag Structures

None.

#### 2.2.3 Binary Structures

##### 2.2.3.1 tContentTypeId

tContentTypeId is used to uniquely identify a content type and is designed to be recursive. tContentTypeId encapsulates the lineage of the content type, or the line of parent content types from which the content type inherits. Each tContentTypeId contains the identifier of the parent content type, which in turn contains the identifier of the parent of that content type, and so on, ultimately back to and including the System content type identifier (0x) (For information about content types see [MS-WSTS] section 2.1.2.8 Content Type).

A tContentTypeId is a numeric string value of arbitrary but limited length, which uniquely identifies a content type, stored on the back-end database server as a varbinary(512).

tContentTypeId MUST follow one of the 2 following valid conventions:

1. Parent tContentType + two hexadecimal values (the two hexadecimal values MUST NOT be "00")
2. Parent tContentType + "00" + hexadecimal GUID

Example 1: Using convention 1.

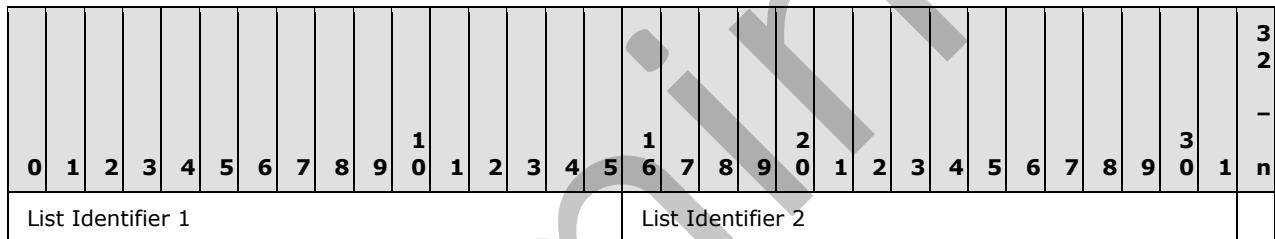
0x01

Example 2: Using convention 2 to create a content type whose parent is the content type from Example 1.

0x010077745d60-fb5d-4415-b722-f63181fb6e9d

### 2.2.3.2 List Identifier Packed Array

A structure that contains the sequential arranged binary representation of one or more **list identifiers**.



**List Identifier 1:** The first list identifier in the packed array.

**List Identifier 2:** The second list identifier in the packed array.

The following example **Transact-Structured Query Language (T-SQL)** code illustrates how to create a List Identifier Packed Array:

```
DECLARE @GUID1 uniqueidentifier
DECLARE @GUID2 uniqueidentifier
DECLARE @bin1 binary(16)
DECLARE @bin2 binary(16)
DECLARE @packedarray binary(32)

SET @GUID1 = '01234567-1234-5678-9012-345678901234'
SET @bin1 = CAST(@GUID1 as binary)
SET @GUID2 = 'aabbccdd-1234-5678-aaaa-01234bbcdef0'
SET @bin2 = CAST(@GUID2 as binary)

SET @packedarray = @bin1 + @bin2
```

### 2.2.3.3 List Base Type Pattern

A bit pattern used to indicate which base types an operation will operate on.

The pattern is in the following format.

Value	Description
Bit 0	Generic list
Bit 1	Document Library
Bit 2	Unused
Bit 3	Discussion Board
Bit 4	Survey
Bit 5	Issue
Bit 6 – 31	Ignored

### 2.2.3.4 Usage Data Binary Field Structure

A structure that contains usage data for a site. The structure begins with a header that describes the data contained by the field, followed by 5 types of usage data blocks, as shown by the following table:

Usage Data Header (100 bytes)
Page Data (Variable)
User Data (Variable)
Operating System Data (Variable)
Browser Data (Variable)
Referrer Data (Variable)
Reserved (290 bytes)

**Usage Data Header (100 bytes):** Defined in section [2.2.3.4.1](#).

**Page Data (Variable):** A series of Usage Records that specify the pages that have been requested from a site. Each Usage Record contains the **site-relative URL** of the **page** that was requested followed by the number of times that it has been requested in each of the last 31 days (for daily **usage data**), or 31 months (for monthly usage data). There MUST NOT be any Usage Records for pages that have not been requested.

**User Data (Variable):** A series of Usage Records that specify the users that have requested content from a site. Each Usage Records contains the **login name** of a user that requested content followed by the number of requests for each of the last 31 days (for daily usage data), or 31 months (for monthly usage data). There MUST NOT be any Usage Records for users that have not requested content.

**Operating System Data (Variable):** A series of Usage Records that specify the operating systems that have requested content from a site, as provided in the **user-agent string**. Each Usage Record

contains the name of the operating system followed by the number of requests for each of the last 31 days (for daily usage data), or 31 months (for monthly usage data). There MUST NOT be any Usage Records for operating systems that have not requested content.

**Browser Data (Variable):** A series of Usage Records that specify the browsers that have requested content from a site, as provided in the user-agent string. Each Usage Record contains the name of the browser followed by the number of requests for each of the last 31 days (for daily usage data), or 31 months (for monthly usage data). There MUST NOT be any Usage Records for browsers that have not requested content.

**Referrer Data (Variable):** A series of Usage Records that specify the **HTTP referer** in requests to content from a site. Each Usage Record contains the address of the HTTP referer, followed by the number of times that the address has been present in requests for each of the last 31 days (for daily usage data), or 31 months (for monthly usage data). There MUST NOT be any Usage Records for referrers that did not link to content in the site.

**Reserved (190 bytes):** Reserved. MUST be ignored by reader.

#### 2.2.3.4.1 Usage Data Header Structure

The Usage Data Header describes the information contained by the Usage Data Binary Field structure.

byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4
<i>Size</i>			
<i>Update Counter</i>			
<i>Page Data Offset</i>			
<i>User Data Offset</i>			
<i>Operating System Data Offset</i>			
<i>Browser Data Offset</i>			
<i>Referrer Data Offset</i>			
<i>Reserved 1</i>			
...			
<i>Page Data Count</i>			
<i>User Data Count</i>			
<i>Operating System Data Count</i>			
<i>Browser Data Count</i>			
<i>Referrer Data Count</i>			
<i>Reserved 2</i>			
...			
<i>Last Accessed Day</i>		<i>Rollover Day</i>	<i>Reserved 3</i>

<b>byte1</b>	<b>byte2</b>	<b>byte3</b>	<b>byte4</b>
...			
...			
...			

**Size (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that specifies the number of bytes contained by the structure.

**Update Counter (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer describing the number of times that the structure has been stored.

**Page Data Offset (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of bytes from the beginning of the structure to the beginning of the Page Data.

**User Data Offset (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of bytes from the beginning of the structure to the beginning of the User Data.

**Operating System Data Offset (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of bytes from the beginning of the structure to the beginning of the Operating System Data.

**Browser Data Offset (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of bytes from the beginning of the structure to the beginning of the Browser Data.

**Referrer Data Offset (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of bytes from the beginning of the structure to the beginning of the Referrer Data.

**Reserved 1 (8 bytes):** MUST be ignored by reader.

**Page Data Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of entries of Page Data.

**User Data Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of entries of User Data.

**Operating System Data Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of entries of Operating System Data.

**Browser Data Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of entries of Browser Data.

**Referrer Data Count (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that counts the number of entries of Referrer Data.

**Reserved 2 (8 bytes):** MUST be ignored by reader.

**Last Accessed Day (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer that contains the number of days since 1/1/1899 to the day that the structure was last stored.

**Rollover Day (1 byte):** An unsigned integer that specifies the rollover day of usage data from daily data into monthly data. The value MUST be between 1 and 27 (inclusive).

**Reserved 3 (33 bytes):** MUST be ignored by reader.

#### 2.2.3.4.2 Usage Record Structure

Each of the usage data blocks consists of a series of Usage Records. The first Usage Record in each usage data block contains summary information for the usage data block. Individual usage entries then follow, each in its own Usage Record.

The Usage Record Structure consists of a Description field and a Data field.

Record Description (variable)	Record Data (variable)
-------------------------------	------------------------

**Record Description (variable):** A NULL terminated UTF8 encoded string. It MUST be NULL if this is the first Usage Record. For any other records, it contains the string representation of the usage data being recorded.

**Record Data (variable):** The usage data for the record is organized as shown in the following table:

byte1	byte2								byte3	byte4		
Bytes	R	R	R	R	R	R	B	A	Last Accessed			
Hit Vector												
Total												
Hit Values (variable)												

**Bytes (1 byte):** An unsigned integer specifying the number of bytes contained by the Record Data structure.

**A (1 bit):** MUST be set to 1 if the size of values in the Hit Values field is 2 bytes per value. MUST be set to 0 for all other cases.

**B (1 bit):** MUST be set to 1 if the size of values in the Hit Values field is 4 bytes per value. MUST be set to 0 for all other cases.

**R (1 bit):** MUST be set to 0.

**Last Accessed (2 bytes):** An unsigned integer that contains the number of days since 1/1/1899 to the day that the record was last stored.

**Hit Vector (4 bytes):** A 32-bit value that specifies the number of values in the Hit Values field. The high bit corresponds to the value for the Last Accessed field. The following bits to the previous 31 days (for daily usage data) or previous 31 months (for monthly usage data).

**Total (4 bytes):** An unsigned integer that contains the sum of the values in the Hit Values field.

**Hit Values (variable):** A series of 32 unsigned integers that specify a count per day (for daily usage data) or per month (for monthly usage data) for the usage data being described by this record. The size of each value MUST be 1 byte if the A and B flags are set to 0. The size MUST be 2 bytes if the A flag is set to 1 and the B flag is set to 0. The size MUST be 4 bytes if the A flag is set to 0 and the B flag is set to 1. The number of values in this field MUST be equal to the number of bits set to 1 in the Hit Vector field.

## 2.2.4 Common Result Sets

### 2.2.4.1 List Content Types Result Set

The List Content Types Result Set returns 0 or more rows of content types. It is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
```

22 / 150

[MS-WSSCCSP3] — v20120630

Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Core List Schema and Site Provisioning Communications  
Version 3 Protocol Specification

Copyright © 2012 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 16, 2012

```

Scope          nvarchar(256),
Definition    ntext,
NextChildByte tinyint,
Version        int,
ResourceDir   nvarchar(128),
SolutionId    uniqueidentifier,

```

**ContentTypeId:** contains an identifier of type [tContentTypeId](#) for the site content type.

**Scope:** contains the store-relative form URL of the site to which this site content type is registered.

**Definition:** MUST contain the XML fragment of the site content type or NULL if the site content type does not have an XML fragment. The **XML schema** for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.4.6 Content Type References.

**NextChildByte:** This value MUST be a number between 0x00 and 0xFF.

**Version:** Contains the version of the site content type.

**ResourceDir:** This value contains the leaf name of the content type resource folder.

**SolutionId:** MUST contain the solution identifier of the solution used to deploy the content type. If the content type was not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL

#### 2.2.4.2 Site Collection Upgrade Info Result Set

The site collection upgrade info Result Set returns 0 or more rows of site upgrade information. It is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
SessionId       uniqueidentifier,
SessionXML      nvarchar(max),
UpgradeStatus   int,
UpgradeType     int,
ErrorCount      int,
WarningCount    int,
RequestDate     datetime,
StartTime       datetime,
LastUpdated     datetime,
RetryCount      int,
LogFileLocation nvarchar(260);

```

**SiteId:** The **site collection identifier** of the site collection.

**SessionId:** A unique identifier that is associated with the site collection upgrade.

**SessionXML:** Contains implementation-specific data about the current status of the site collection upgrade., but otherwise opaque to the back-end database server.

**UpgradeStatus:** A 4-byte [Upgrade Status](#) indicating the status of the site collection upgrade.

**ErrorCount:** number of errors for this site collection upgrade.

**WarningCount:** number of warnings for this site collection upgrade.

**RequestDate:** The **UTC** date and time when the site collection upgrade was requested.

- StartTime:** The UTC date and time when the site collection upgrade started.
- LastUpdated:** The UTC date and time when the site collection upgrade was last updated.
- RetryCount:** The number of site collection upgrade attempted on this site collection.
- LogFileLocation:** The site-relative URL of the file that contains the site collection upgrade log. MUST be empty string if there is no log file.

## 2.2.5 Tables and Views

### 2.2.5.1 AllListsAux

This table contains the information for lists in the back-end database server. The AllListsAux Table MUST contain the ListID **column**. The client uses additional columns to store other metadata about the list in an implementation specific way. The AllListsAux Table contains the ListID column using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
TABLE AllListsAux {  
    ListID      uniqueIdentifier      NOT NULL  
};
```

**ListID:** The list identifier of the list.

## 2.2.6 XML Structures

### 2.2.6.1 Namespaces

None.

### 2.2.6.2 Simple Types

This specification does not define any common XML Schema simple type definitions.

### 2.2.6.3 Complex Types

#### 2.2.6.3.1 Feature Property Definitions

The following **XML schema definition (XSD)** defines the Feature Property Definitions:

```
<xs:element name="Properties" type="FeaturePropertyDefinitions" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"  
/>  
<xs:complexType name="FeaturePropertyDefinitions">  
    <xs:sequence>  
        <xs:element name="Property" type="FeaturePropertyDefinition" minOccurs="0"  
        maxOccurs="unbounded" />  
    </xs:sequence>  
</xs:complexType>  
<xs:complexType name="FeaturePropertyDefinition">  
    <xs:attribute name="Key" type="xs:string" />  
    <xs:attribute name="Value" type="xs:string" />  
</xs:complexType>
```

The **Properties** element represents a collection of user-defined name/value pairs (represented by **Property** elements, with the **Key** attribute representing the name, and the **Value** attribute representing the value).

Example:

```
<Properties>
    <Property Key="Color" Value="Red" />
    <Property Key="HatSize" Value="13" />
</Properties>
```

### 2.2.6.3.2 Site Health Check Result Message

The following XML schema definition (XSD) defines the Site Health Check Result Message:

```
<xsd:complexType name="ParentType" mixed="true">
    <xsd:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xsd:element name="Hyperlink" type="HyperlinkType"/>
        <xsd:element name="Children" type="ChildrenType"/>
    </xsd:choice>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:complexType name="ChildrenType" mixed="true">
    <xsd:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xsd:element name="Hyperlink" type="HyperlinkType"/>
        <xsd:element name="Child" type="ParentType"/>
    </xsd:choice>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:complexType name="HyperlinkType">
    <xsd:simpleContent>
        <xsd:extension base="xsd:string">
            <xsd:attribute name="Url" type="xsd:string" use="required"/>
        </xsd:extension>
    </xsd:simpleContent>
</xsd:complexType>

<xsd:element name="Message" type="ParentType"/>
```

A message formatted according to this schema represents the results of running a site collection health rule, using a hierarchical structure with optional embedded hyperlinks.

Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Message>
The following files have been customized from their default and may present some unexpected
visuals or behavior after upgrade:
<Children>
    <Child>http://host/sites/ExampleSite/default.aspx -
        <Hyperlink Url="reghost.aspx?Url=http://host/sites/ExampleSite14a/default.aspx">Reset
page to default</Hyperlink>
    </Child>
    <Child>http://host/sites/ExampleSite/default.aspx -
        <Hyperlink Url="reghost.aspx?Url=http://host/sites/ExampleSite/somepage.aspx">Reset
page to default</Hyperlink>
```

```
</Child>
</Children>
Reset specific pages to default to make the page lose customizations and any embedded data.
Normally, you should do this only if you are having difficulty using the page after upgrade.
</Message>
```

#### 2.2.6.4 Elements

This specification does not define any common XML Schema element definitions.

#### 2.2.6.5 Attributes

This specification does not define any common XML Schema attribute definitions.

#### 2.2.6.6 Groups

This specification does not define any common XML Schema group definitions.

#### 2.2.6.7 Attribute Groups

This specification does not define any common XML Schema attribute group definitions.

### 2.2.7 User-Defined Table Types

#### 2.2.7.1 tvpLastItemModified

The tvpLastItemModifiedTable Type represents an array of lists about which metadata is being requested. The tvpLastItemModified Table Type is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows.

```
TYPE tvpLastItemModified AS TABLE (
    ArrayIndex int,
    SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    DirName nvarchar(256),
    LeafName nvarchar(128)
);
```

**ArrayIndex:** An integer value representing the list's index in the array.

**SiteId:** The Site Collection Identifier of the site collection containing the list.

**DirName:** The directory name of the location that contains the list.

**LeafName:** The leaf name of the location that contains the list.

### 3 Protocol Details

#### 3.1 Common Details

#### 3.2 Back-end Database Server Details

This section provides details about the back-end database server.

##### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

###### 3.2.1.1 Content Types

###### 3.2.1.1.1 List Content Type Data Model

To apply a site content type to a list:

1. Check if the site content type has already been applied to the list by calling [proc\\_GetListContentTypes](#), if so terminate with error.
2. Derive (see [Site Content type data model](#)) a child content type of the site content type. The derived content type will be added to the list's content type collection.
3. For each site column referenced by the site content type, check if the corresponding list column exists on the list by calling **proc\_GetListFields** (defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#)), if not, add the corresponding list column to the list by calling [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) and create usage tracking records from the site columns to the content type by calling [proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType](#) and [proc\\_MapFieldToContentType](#).
4. Copy the resource folder and its content of the site content type to the resource folder of the derived list content type in the list by calling **proc\_CopyUrl** (defined in [\[MS-WSSDLIM\]](#), section [3.1.4.13](#)).
5. Set up list item **workflow associations** specified by the site content type on the list by calling **proc\_AddWorkflowAssociation** (defined in [\[MS-WSSPROG\]](#), section [3.1.4.5](#)) or **proc\_UpdateWorkflowAssociation** (defined in [\[MS-WSSPROG\]](#), section [3.1.4.69](#)).
6. Add the derived content type to the list's content type collection by calling [proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes](#).
7. Record a usage tracking entry for the site content type to the list by calling [proc\\_MapContentTypeToList](#).
8. Set up list item event receivers specified by the site content type on the list by calling **proc\_InsertEventReceiver** (defined in [\[MS-WSSPROG\]](#), section [3.1.4.51](#)).

To update a list content type:

1. Update workflow associations specified by the list content type by calling **proc\_AddWorkflowAssociation** (defined in [\[MS-WSSPROG\]](#), section [3.1.4.5](#)),

**proc\_DropWorkflowAssociation** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.29](#)) or **proc\_UpdateWorkflowAssociation** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.69](#)).

2. For each site column referenced by the updated list content type, check if the corresponding list column exists on the list by calling **proc\_GetListFields** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2]), if not, add the corresponding list column to the list by calling **proc\_UpdateListFields** and record a usage tracking entry for the site column to the list by calling **proc\_MapContentTypeToList**.
3. Update the list content type schema according to the change by calling **proc\_UpdateListContentTypes**.
4. Update list item event receivers specified by the list content type by calling **proc\_DeleteEventReceiversBySourceId** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.20](#)) and **proc\_InsertEventReceiver** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.51](#)).
5. If the **display name** of the content type has changed, synchronize the list item's content type column value by calling **proc\_RenameListItemContentType**.

To delete a list content type:

1. Check if this is the last list content type on the list by calling **proc\_GetListContentTypes**, if so terminate with error.
2. Check if there are list items whose content type value is set to the list content type by calling **proc\_IsContentTypeInUseInList**. If so, terminate with error.
3. Update **list schema** to remove the list content type from the list's content type collection by calling **proc\_UpdateListContentTypes** and **proc\_UpdateListFields**.
4. Remove the usage tracking entry for the site content type to the list by calling **proc\_UnmapContentTypeFromList**.
5. Remove list item event receivers specified by the list content type by calling **proc\_DeleteEventReceiversBySourceId** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.20](#)).

### 3.2.1.1.2 Site Content Type Data Model

To derive a child site content type from an existing site content type:

1. Fetch the parent content type by calling **proc\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive**.
2. Construct a new **content type identifier** based on the parent site content type's identifier and its next child byte value.
3. Create a blank content type object with the new child content type identifier.
4. Copy the schema of the parent content type to the child content type.
5. Override the child content type's display name and identifier to the values specified by the request.
6. Create the resource folder for the child content type using the child content type's display name by calling **proc\_CreateDir** (defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 3.1.5.8). Copy the content of the parent content type's resource folder to the child content type's resource folder by calling **proc\_CopyUrl** (defined in [\[MS-WSDLIM\]](#), section [3.1.4.13](#)).
7. Create usage tracking records from the site columns to the content type by calling **proc\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType** and **proc\_MapFieldToContentType**.

8. Add the child content type to the site's content type collection by calling [proc\\_AddContentTypeToScope](#).

To update a site content type:

1. Update the site content type schema by calling [proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope](#).
2. Remove all usage tracking entries from site columns to the site content type by calling [proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType](#).
3. For each site column referenced by the updated site content type, add back a usage tracking entry from the site column to the site content type by calling [proc\\_MapFieldToContentType](#).
4. Find all derived site content types by calling [proc\\_ListDerivedContentTypes](#).
5. For each site content type returned from step 4, repeat step 1 to 3.
6. For each list content type returned from step 4, update it using list content type data model (see preceding example).

To delete a site content type, call [proc\\_DeleteContentTypeInScope](#). This will:

1. Check if the site content type has derived site content types or derived list content types. If so, terminate with error.
2. Check if the content type is provisioned as part of a feature. If so terminate with error.
3. Remove the usage tracking entries recorded from site columns to the site content type.
4. Delete the resource folder of the site content type.
5. Remove the site content type from the site's content type collection.

### 3.2.1.2 Features

Feature state is changed by the front-end Web server using the following five stored procedures:

1. [proc\\_ActivateFeature](#)
2. [proc\\_DeactivateFeature](#)
3. [proc\\_GetFeatureProperties](#)
4. [proc\\_UpdateFeatureProperties](#)
5. [proc\\_GetWebFeatureList](#)

### 3.2.1.3 Views

The back-end database server maintains the following sets of data for this protocol within a **content database**.

- **Field:** A data type definition.
- **List item:** A data unit that stores information for a custom set of **fields**.
- **List:** A collection of list items with associated views.

- **Web Part Page**: A type of Web page that displays **Web Parts** inside **Web Part zones**.
- **Web Part Zone**: A container for Web Parts.
- **Web Part**: A programmable control that displays information in a Web page.
- Form **control**: A programmable control that creates, updates, or displays **items** and the fields that they contain.
- **Form page**: A Web Part Page that displays a form control.
- **Default form**: A setting that determines to which URL clients are redirected based on whether they are creating, updating, or displaying list items.
- **List View Web Part**: A type of Web Part that displays formatted list items from a list.
- **View**: A type of Web Part Page that contains a List View Web Part.
- **Default list view**: A setting that determines which view to automatically present to clients.
- **Default mobile list view**: A setting that determines which view to automatically present to mobile clients.

### 3.2.1.4 List Schema

#### 3.2.1.4.1 List Column Data Model

To add a new list column to a list, call [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#).

To update an existing list column on a list:

1. If the list column data type will be changed as the result of change, convert the list column data to the new data type for all list items in the list.
2. Call proc\_UpdateListFields to change the list column definition.

To delete an existing list column on a list:

1. For each view that references the list column , call **proc\_UpdateView** (defined in[\[MS-WSSDLIM\]](#) section 3.1.4.65) to remove the reference from the view.
2. Remove the list column from the list by calling [proc\\_DropListField](#). This will also set the list column value to empty for list items in the list.
3. Remove the usage tracking record from the site column to the list by calling [proc\\_UnmapFieldFromList](#).
4. Delete the list column from the list definition by calling proc\_DropListField.

#### 3.2.1.4.2 Site Column Data Model

To add a site column:

1. Check the identifier and **field internal name** of the new column for duplicate entries already on the site by calling proc\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive. If there are duplicates, terminate with error.
2. Add the new site column to the site's column collection by calling [proc\\_AddContentTypeToScope](#).

To update a site column:

1. Update the column schema of the site column by calling [proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope](#).
2. Find all usage tracking entries from lists to the site column by calling [proc\\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate](#). For each list that has the site column in use, update the corresponding list column to match the new site column definition by calling [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#).

To delete a site column:

1. Check if there is a usage tracking entry from a site content type to the site column by calling [proc\\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive](#). If so, fail with error.
2. Delete the site column from the site's column collection by calling [proc\\_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope](#).

### 3.2.1.5 Provisioning

To **provision** a list on a site:

1. Create a new list by calling **proc\_CreateList** (defined in [MS-WSSDLIM], section [3.1.4.14](#)).
2. Create a usage tracking record from site content type to list for each site content type referenced in the list by calling [proc\\_MapContentTypeToList](#).
3. Copy the resource folders of each site content type referenced by the list to the corresponding list content type's resource folder by calling [proc\\_CopyResourceDir](#).
4. Create a usage tracking record from site column to list for each site column referenced by the list columns.
5. Create **list views** defined in the list template by calling **proc\_CreateView** (defined in [MS-WSSDLIM], section [3.1.4.16](#)).
6. Provision list view pages and form pages by calling **proc\_AddGhostDocument** (defined in [MS-WSSDLIM], section [3.1.4.1](#)).
7. Check if the site columns referenced by the list have been modified by calling [proc\\_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList](#) and [proc\\_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite](#). If so, call [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) to update the list columns to match the site column definition.
8. Check if the site content types referenced in the list have been modified by calling [proc\\_IsContentTypeGhosted](#). If so, update the corresponding list content type to match the site content type.
9. For all features activated on the site (including those activated at levels higher than the site), check if there is an event receiver feature element defined for the base type of the list. (For more information about base types, see [List Base Type Pattern](#).) If so, call **proc\_InsertEventReceiver** to set up the specified event receiver on the list.

For each list content type defined on the list, check if there are event receivers associated with the content type. If so, call **proc\_InsertEventReceiver** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.51](#)) to set up the associated event receiver on the list.

### 3.2.1.6 Custom Actions

Custom actions can be created and modified by using the [proc\\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction](#) (section [3.2.4.4](#)) stored procedure. To retrieve custom actions, the [proc\\_GetCustomActionsFromScope](#) stored procedure is used. To delete custom actions, the [proc\\_DeleteCustomAction](#) stored procedure is used.

### 3.2.1.7 Site Collection Health Checks

The back-end database server stores the results of the most recent run of each site collection health rule on each site collection. These health rules perform an implementation-independent check on the health of a site collection.

Front-end Web server calls [proc\\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults](#) to store the results of running a site collection health rule on a particular site collection, and calls [proc\\_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults](#) to retrieve previously-stored results (if any) for a particular site collection health rule on a particular site collection.

### 3.2.1.8 Site Collection Upgrade

The back-end database server maintains a queue of site collection upgrade requests.

Front-end Web server calls [proc>AddToSiteUpgradeQueue](#) to add the site collection to the queue, and calls [proc\\_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue](#) to remove the site collection from the queue.

Front-end Web server calls [proc\\_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade](#) to get the first available site collection from the queue, and calls [proc\\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession](#) to lock the site collection and start site collection upgrade.

The back-end database server maintains the last updated time for the site collection, and the lock expires after 60 seconds. During the site collection upgrade, front-end Web server periodically calls [proc\\_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession](#) to refresh the lock on the site collection, and calls [proc\\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession](#) to save the site collection upgrade progress. When site collection upgrade finishes, it calls [proc\\_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession](#) to release the lock.

Front-end Web server calls [proc\\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession](#) to retrieve upgrade status about a particular site collection, and calls [proc\\_GetSiteUpgradeSession](#) to retrieve upgrade status about all site collections.

## 3.2.2 Timers

An execution timeout timer on the protocol server governs the execution time for any requests. The amount of time is specified by a timeout value that is configured on the protocol server for all connections.

### 3.2.3 Initialization

A connection that uses the underlying protocol layers that are specified in [Relationship to Other Protocols](#) MUST be established before using this protocol as specified in [\[MS-TDS\]](#).

### 3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The T-SQL syntax for each stored procedure and result set, and the variables they are composed of, is defined in the [\[MSDN-TSQL-Ref\]](#) protocol. In the T-SQL syntax, the variable name is followed by the type of the variable which can optionally have a length value in brackets and can optionally have

a default value indicated by an equals sign followed by the default value. Unless otherwise specified, all stored procedures defined in this section are located in the content database.

For definitional clarity, a name has been assigned to any columns in the result sets that do not have a defined name in their current implementation. This does not affect the operation of the result set, as the ordinal position of any column with no defined name is expected by the front-end Web server. Such names are designated in the text using curly braces in the form `{name}`.

### 3.2.4.1 proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to start a site collection upgrade by associating a unique identifier with a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ActivateFeature(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @SessionId       uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@SessionId:** A unique identifier to be associated with this site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion. The <code>@SessionId</code> is associated with the site collection.
1	The site collection is already associated with a different unique identifier.
2	The site collection cannot be found.
3	There are too many site collection upgrades in this database. The operation failed.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.2 proc\_ActivateFeature

The **proc\_ActivateFeature** stored procedure is called to mark a feature active in a site or site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ActivateFeature(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId       uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionId      uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionWebId   uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel   int,
    @Flags            int,
    @Version          nvarchar(64),
    @Properties       nvarchar(max) = NULL,
    @FeatureTitle     nvarchar(max) = NULL,
```

```

    @FeatureDesc      nvarchar (max) = NULL,
    @FeatureFolder    nvarchar (max) = NULL,
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the feature will be marked active.

**@WebId:** MUST be a site identifier containing the **NULL GUID** if the feature is scoped to a site collection. Otherwise, this parameter is the site identifier of the site in which the feature will be marked active.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature to be marked active. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionId:** The identifier of the **sandboxed solution** or site solution that installed the Web Part. If the feature was not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionWebId:** The Site Identifier (as specified in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.1.1.11) of the site which is associated with the solution. If the site is not associated with the Solution or the feature is not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the sandboxed solution. If the feature was not deployed via a solution it MUST be 1. The value MUST be one of the integers in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@Flags:** Specifies the deployed scope of the solution that contains the feature. It MUST contain one of the following values:

Value	Description
0	The feature is not deployed via a solution or the solution is deployed at the farm scope.
1	The solution is deployed at the site collection scope.
2	The solution is deployed at the site scope.

**@Version:** Specifies the version of the feature.

**@Properties:** An **XML fragment**, that MUST conform to the XML schema for the feature as defined in **Feature Property Definitions** (section [2.2.6.3.1](#)). If the **@Properties** parameter is NULL, the **Feature Property Definitions** (section [2.2.6.3.1](#)) MUST be empty.

**@FeatureTitle:** Specifies the title of the feature.

**@FeatureDesc:** Specifies the description of the feature.

**@FeatureFolder:** Specifies the name of the subdirectory that contains the feature.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional **request identifier** for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection or site does not exist.
80	The feature is already marked active in the site or site collection.
1168	Failed to mark feature as active because of an internal error.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.3 proc\_AddContentTypeToScope

The **proc\_AddContentTypeToScope** stored procedure is called to add a site content type or site column to a given site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_AddContentTypeToScope(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Class           tinyint,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @Scope            nvarchar(256),
    @Definition       nvarchar(max),
    @ParentContentTypeId varbinary(512) = NULL,
    @ParentScopeIn    nvarchar(256) = NULL,
    @ResourceDir      nvarchar(128) = NULL,
    @FeatureId        uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @SolutionId       uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @NextChildByte    tinyint = NULL,
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@Class:** The type of **record** that should be created. The parameter MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the site content type or site column to be added. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#) and MUST NOT be NULL.

**@Scope:** The **store-relative URL** of the site to which the site content type or site column will be added.

**@Definition:** The XML fragment that defines the site content type or site column. The XML schemas for these structures are defined in the section [2.4.6 - Content Type References](#), of [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) and section [2.3.2.9 - FieldDefinitions](#), of [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#).

**@ParentContentTypeId:** If @Class is equal to 0 then this MUST be NULL. If @Class is equal to 1 then this MUST be the identifier of the parent site content type or NULL to imply that there is no parent site content type. This MUST be of type tContentTypeId.

**@ParentScopeIn:** If @ParentContentTypeId is NULL, then this MUST be NULL. Otherwise, this MUST be the store-relative URL to which the parent site content type is registered.

**@ResourceDir:** The **leaf name** of the site content type's resource folder.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature used to deploy the site content type or site column. If the site content type or site column was not deployed via a feature, this MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionId:** Specifies the **solution identifier** of the solution used to deploy the site content type. If the site content type was not deployed via a solution, this MUST be NULL.

**@NextChildByte:** If @Class is equal to 0, this value MUST be 0x00. If @Class is equal to 1, this value MUST be a number between 0x00 and 0xFF.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
80	The site content type or site column was not created.
85	The site content type or site column is already registered to the site designated by @SiteId and @Scope or an ancestor of that site.
144	@Scope refers to a site that is not within the site collection designated by the @SiteId parameter.
212	The site collection is locked.
1816	The <b>site collection quota</b> for the site collection has been exceeded.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.4 proc\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction

The **proc\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction** stored procedure creates or updates an existing custom action.

The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_AddOrUpdateCustomAction(
    @Id          uniqueidentifier,
    @ScopeId     uniqueidentifier,
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId   uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionId  uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionWebId uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel int,
    @ScopeType    int,
    @Properties   nvarchar(max),
    @Version      nvarchar(64)
```

) ;

**@Id:** The custom action identifier. MUST NOT be a NULL GUID and MUST NOT be NULL. If an existing custom action with this GUID exists, this stored procedure will update the associated custom action. Otherwise, this stored procedure will create a new custom action with this specified GUID.

**@ScopeId:** MUST be the site collection identifier, site identifier, or list identifier corresponding to the specified **@ScopeType**.

**@SiteId:** MUST be the site collection identifier in which the custom action will reside.

**@WebId:** If the scope of the custom action being created is a site collection custom action, this parameter MUST be set to a NULL GUID. However, if the custom action is a site custom action or list custom action, this parameter MUST be set to a site identifier in which the custom action will exist.

**@FeatureId:** MUST be a feature identifier or a NULL GUID.

**@SolutionId:** The identifier of the sandboxed solution or site solution that installed the Web Part. If the custom action was not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionWebId:** The Site Identifier (as specified in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.1.1.11) of the site which is associated with the solution. If there is no site associated with the Solution or the custom action is not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the sandboxed solution or **site solution**. If the custom action was not deployed via a solution it MUST be 1. The value MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@ScopeType:** The scope of the custom action. MUST be one of the values listed in the following table:

Value	Description
2	This is the site collection custom action identifier. The custom action is a site collection custom action.
3	This is the site custom action identifier. The custom action is a site custom action.
4	This is the list custom action identifier. The custom action is a list custom action.

**@Properties:** The custom action data describing its functionality. MUST NOT be NULL.

**@Version:** A version for the custom action being created or updated. MUST NOT be NULL.

**Return Code Values:** Returns an integer **return code** which MUST be listed in the following table:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	The custom action was successfully created or updated.
212	The custom action was not successfully created or updated because the site collection is locked.
1816	The custom action was not successfully created or updated because the site collection quota has been exceeded.
-2147467259	The custom action was not successfully created or updated.

#### **Result Sets:**

This stored procedure MUST return the **Add or Update Custom Action Result Set** (section [3.2.4.4.1](#)).

##### **3.2.4.4.1 Add or Update Custom Action Result Set**

This result set MUST return 0 rows if a new custom action was created. The result set MUST return 1 row if an existing custom action is updated. This result set MUST be ignored. This result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{UnnamedColumn}      int;
```

**{UnnamedColumn}:** This column MUST be ignored.

#### **3.2.4.5 proc\_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue**

The **proc\_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue** stored procedure is called to add the site collection to the site collection upgrade queue. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ActivateFeature(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @SubscriptionId varbinary(16),
    @UpgradeType     int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@SubscriptionId:** The **site subscription identifier** of the site collection.

**@UpgradeType:** Specifies the [upgrade type](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.6 proc\_CloneFeature

The **proc\_CloneFeature** stored procedure is called to make a copy of an active feature and custom actions that match the given **@SiteId**, **@SolutionWebId**, **@SolutionId**, and **@FeatureId** to a new installation state. The information associated with the copied Feature and Custom Actions are identical to the original with the exception of the new installation state.

```
PROCEDURE proc_CloneFeature(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionWebId   uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionId      uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId       uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevelCurrent int,
    @SolutionLevelNew   int
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection of the feature to clone. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionWebId:** The Site Identifier (as specified in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.1.1.11) of the site which is associated with the feature to clone.

**@SolutionId:** The identifier of the sandboxed solution or site solution associated with the feature to clone.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature to clone. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionLevelCurrent:** Specifies the installation state of feature to clone.

**@SolutionLevelNew:** Specifies the installation state to set on the cloned feature.

**@SolutionLevelNew** MUST be a different value than **@SolutionLevelCurrent**.

The value of **@SolutionLevelCurrent** and **@SolutionLevelNew** MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**Return Code Values:** MUST be 0, indicating a successful completion..

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.7 proc\_CopyResourceDir

The **proc\_CopyResourceDir** stored procedure is called to copy a **content type resource folder** and all **folders** and documents subsumed by it. All folders down to the **@TargetDir** will be created if they do not already exist. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_CopyResourceDir(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
```

```

@ContentTypeId      varbinary(512),
@Scope              nvarchar(256),
@TargetDir          nvarchar(256),
@RequestGuid        uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the content type resource folder to be copied resides.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site in which the content type resource folder to be copied resides.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the content type whose content type resource folder is to be copied. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site that contains the content type whose content type resource folder is to be copied.

**@TargetDir:** The store-relative URL of the folder where the specified content type resource folder is to be copied.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
2	The specified target destination was not found.
3	The content type does not exist.
5	User is not authorized to make this change
15	Attempt to rename an excluded directory type.
87	There is an inconsistency between the expected number of documents to be modified and the observed number which would be modified. The only way this happens is if there are concurrent attempts made to change affected objects.
206	Attempted to move folders that exceed file name range
212	Write Lock Error when creating a <a href="#">file</a> or folder.
1359	Internal execution error occurred.
1816	Disk quota error. The quota for the site collection has reached the maximum allowable limit.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.8 proc\_DeactivateContentTypeInScope

The **proc\_DeactivateContentTypeInScope** stored procedure is called to deactivate a site content type or site column in a specific site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_DeactivateContentTypeInScope (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @UserId       int,
    @Class        tinyint,
    @Scope        nvarchar(256),
    @ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
    @IsDeactivatingFeature tinyint = 0,
    @RequestGuid   uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site to which the site content type or site column is registered. If this parameter is NULL, then the content type resource folder for the requested site content type or site column MUST NOT be deleted.

**@UserId:** The **user identifier** of the user who is initiating this procedure. If **@WebId** is NULL, this parameter MUST be ignored.

**@Class:** The type of record to be deactivated. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site to deactivate the site content type or site column from.

**@ContentTypeId:** Contains the content type identifier of the site content type or site column being requested. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@IsDeactivatingFeature:** The value of the parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Do not deactivate specified site content type or site column if it is in use or is part of a feature.
1	Do not deactivate specified site content type or site column if it is in use.
2	Force deactivation even if the site content type or site column is in use or is read-only.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
2	The site content type or site column is not activated on this site.
4307	The site content type or site column is in use.
6009	The site content type or site column is part of a feature and, therefore, is read-only.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.9 proc\_DeactivateFeature

The **proc\_DeactivateFeature** stored procedure is called to mark a feature inactive in a site or site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_DeactivateFeature (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId       uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel   int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the feature will be marked inactive.

**@WebId:** MUST be a NULL GUID if the feature is site collection feature scoped. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to the site identifier of the site in which the feature will be marked inactive.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature to be marked inactive. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the sandboxed solution or site solution to be marked inactive. If the feature was not deployed via a solution it MUST be 1. The value MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection or site does not exist, or the feature is not currently marked active in the site collection or site.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.10 proc\_DeleteContentTypeInScope

The **proc\_DeleteContentTypeInScope** stored procedure is called to delete a site content type or site column from a specific site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_DeleteContentTypeInScope (
```

```

    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Class           tinyint,
    @Scope           nvarchar(256),
    @ContentTypeId  varbinary(512),
    @IsDeactivatingFeature tinyint = 0,
    @RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@Class:** The type of record that should be deleted. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site in which to delete the site content type or site column.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the specific site content type being requested. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@IsDeactivatingFeature:** The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Do not delete specified site content type or site column if it is in use, or is part of a feature.
1	Do not delete specified site content type or site column if it is in use.
2	Force delete even if the site content type or site column is in use or is read-only.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

This stored procedure calls another stored procedure, [proc\\_DeactivateContentTypeInScope](#) with the parameters listed in the following table:

External Parameter	Value Passed to the Parameter
<code>@SiteId</code>	<code>@SiteId</code>
<code>@WebId</code>	NULL
<code>@UserId</code>	0
<code>@Class</code>	<code>@Class</code>
<code>@Scope</code>	<code>@Scope</code>
<code>@ContentTypeId</code>	<code>@ContentTypeId</code>
<code>@IsDeactivatingFeature</code>	<code>@IsDeactivatingFeature</code>
<code>@RequestGuid</code>	<code>@RequestGuid</code>

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

43 / 150

[MS-WSSCCSP3] — v20120630

Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Core List Schema and Site Provisioning Communications  
Version 3 Protocol Specification

Copyright © 2012 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 16, 2012

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	Successful completion.
2	The site content type or site column is not activated on this site.
4307	The site content type or site column is in use.
6009	The site content type or site column is part of a feature and, therefore, is read-only.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.11 proc\_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope

The **proc\_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope** stored procedure is called to delete a site column. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Scope            nvarchar(256),
    @FieldId         uniqueidentifier,
    @BaseTypes       int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
) ;
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site that has the site column to be deleted.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site from which to delete the site column.

**@FieldId:** The identifier of the site column to be deleted.

**@BaseTypes:** A bit pattern indicating which **base types** use the site column being deleted. This MUST include all the base types that use the site column. The bit pattern is described in the [List Base Type Pattern](#) section. (For more information about base types and list base type patterns, see List Base Type Pattern.)

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	Successful completion.
2	The site column specified by the <code>@FieldId</code> parameter does not exist.
144	The site collection or scope specified by the parameters <code>@SiteId</code> or <code>@Scope</code> respectively does not exist.
4307	Cannot be deleted because the site column is being used in a content type or there exists a list whose base type is the type specified by the <code>@BaseTypes</code> parameter.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.12 proc\_DropListField

The **proc\_DropListField** stored procedure is called to delete a field from a list. It does not update the views. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_DropListField(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @FieldId         uniqueidentifier,
    @ColName         nvarchar(64),
    @RowOrdinal      int,
    @ColName2        nvarchar(64),
    @RowOrdinal2     int,
    @IsIndexedField  bit,
    @NeedRemoveLinks bit,
    @Fields          varbinary(max),
    @FieldsSize       int,
    @ContentTypes    varbinary(max),
    @ContentTypesSize int,
    @Version         int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier in which the site containing the list exists.

**@WebId:** The site identifier in which the list exists.

**@ListId:** The list identifier.

**@FieldId:** The **field identifier** to be deleted.

**@ColName:** The name of the column in the [MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.4.3](#), that contains the data for the field being deleted. This value MUST be a valid column name in the [MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.4.3](#), or MUST be NULL.

**@RowOrdinal:** Among a set of rows representing a list item for this list, the 0-based ordinal of the row containing the column indicated by **@ColName** that represents the field to be deleted.

**@ColName2:** The column name of the additional column in the [MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.4.3](#), that contains data for this field if the field requires two columns to store data. This MUST be a valid column name in the [MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.4.3](#), or MUST be NULL.

**@RowOrdinal2:** Among a set of rows representing a list item for this list, the 0-based ordinal of the row containing the column indicated by **@ColName2** that represents the field to be deleted.

**@IsIndexedField:** This indicates whether the field to be deleted is an **indexed field**. The value MUST be 1 if the field is an indexed field, and MUST NOT be 1 if the field is not indexed.

**@NeedRemoveLinks:** MUST be 1 if the indicated field to be deleted can contain links.

**@Fields:** The implementation-specific version number followed by an XML fragment of the **field definitions** of the list where the definition of the field being deleted has been removed. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [MS-WSSCAML], section [2.3.2.9](#) - FieldDefinitions.

**@FieldsSize:** The size of the **@Fields** parameter in bytes.

**@ContentTypes:** An XML fragment specifying the updated content types registered for this list where the field being deleted has been removed. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [MS-WSSCAML], section [2.4.6](#) - Content Type References.

**@ContentTypesSize:** The size of the @ContentTypes parameter in bytes.

**@Version:** The version of the list's metadata.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values from the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	@SiteId, @WebId or @ListId do not specify a valid site collection identifier, site identifier or list identifier.
1150	Version conflict because the version passed in as @Version does not match the list's metadata version.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.13 proc\_EnumListsWithMetadata

The **proc\_EnumListsWithMetadata** stored procedure is called to return the metadata for a set of lists. The set of lists is determined based on the input parameters. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_EnumListsWithMetadata(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebsFilter int,
    @ListsFilter int,
    @BaseType int,
    @ServerTemplate int,
    @IncludeHidden bit,
    @FieldId uniqueidentifier,
    @FieldValue nvarchar(255),
    @FieldType int,
    @PrefetchListScopes bit,
    @ThresholdRowCount int,
    @MaxLists int,
    @NumLists int,
    @ListIds varbinary(2^31-1),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** A site collection identifier.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of a site. This parameter is ignored when **@ListsFilter** = 3.

**@WebsFilter:** Contains a value that specifies the site filter type. If **@ListsFilter** is 0, 1 or 2, then **@WebsFilter** MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	The metadata is returned only for lists in the site specified by <b>@WebId</b> .
1	The metadata is returned for lists that belong to the site specified by <b>@WebId</b> and all of its child sites.
2	The metadata is returned for all lists that belong to the site collection given by <b>@SiteId</b> .

When **@ListsFilter** = 3 this parameter is ignored.

**@ListsFilter:** Indicates which lists will have metadata returned. It MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Metadata is only returned for lists that match the specified <b>@BaseType</b> and <b>@ServerTemplate</b> .
1	Metadata is only returned for lists with a match when searching in the field identified by <b>@FieldId</b> with the value specified by <b>@FieldValue</b> , or in all fields if <b>@FieldId</b> is NULL. The filtering based on <b>@BaseType</b> and <b>@ServerTemplate</b> is also applied.
2	Metadata is only returned for the lists that are specified by their identifying list identifier in <b>@ListIds</b> .
3	Metadata is only returned for the lists that are specified by their identifying list identifier in <b>@ListIds</b> and have at least one event receiver of type 3 or 10003 registered on it. See <a href="#">[MS-WSSFO3]</a> section 2.2.1.2.6 - Event Receiver Type, for event receiver types.

**@BaseType:** If **@ListsFilter** is 0 or 1 then it MUST be:

Value	Description
-1	Ignored
Other value	The <a href="#">[MS-WSSFO3]</a> section 2.2.1.2.11 – List Base Type, for the list.

**@ServerTemplate:** If **@ListsFilter** is 0 or 1 then it MUST be:

Value	Description
-1	Ignored
Other value	The <a href="#">[MS-WSSFO3]</a> section 2.2.1.2.12 - List Server Template, used to create the list.

**@IncludeHidden:** If 1 then metadata MUST be returned even in the case where the list is hidden. For all other values metadata MUST NOT be returned for hidden lists.

**@FieldId:** If **@ListsFilter** is 1 then **@FieldId** identifies a field that will be used to search the list based on the value specified in **@FieldValue**. If **@FieldId** is NULL then the query is done based on the **@FieldValue** in all fields.

**@FieldValue:** If **@ListsFilter** is 1 then it contains a search value. If **@FieldValue** is NULL then any value is considered a match.

**@FieldType:** If **@ListsFilter** is 1 then it MUST be:

Value	Description
1	Specifies that the field used in the search has type TEXT. The search is done based on the site <b>collation order</b> .
5	Specifies that the field used in the search has type CHOICE. The search is done based on the site collation order.
Other value	The search is done ignoring the site collation order.

If **@ListsFilter** is not 1, then this parameter is ignored.

**@PrefetchListScopes:** If set to 1 then the **List Permissions Result Set** (section [3.2.4.13.4](#)) MUST be returned by this stored procedure. Otherwise the **List Permissions Result Set** MUST NOT be returned by this stored procedure.

**@ThresholdRowCount:** The threshold number of the unique list **security scopes** for the List Permissions result set. It MUST be greater than 0.

**@MaxLists:** If it is 0 or less, then it is ignored. If it is greater than 0, then it specifies the maximum number of lists for which metadata should be retrieved. If this stored procedure finds more lists than specified in **@MaxLists** it returns an error (see the table in **Return Codes**).

**@NumLists:** Specifies the number of entries in **@ListIds**. Used only when **@ListsFilter** = 2 or **@ListsFilter** = 3.

**@ListIds:** A **List Identifier Packed Array** (section [2.2.3.2](#)) of list identifiers. Used only when **@ListsFilter** = 2 or **@ListsFilter** = 3.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Codes:** The stored procedure returns an integer return code which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
68	The number of lists that matched the criteria given by the input parameters exceeded the specified <b>@MaxLists</b> parameter.

**Result Sets:** The stored procedure returns 1, 2, 3 or 4 result sets depending on the input parameters and the data.

### 3.2.4.13.1 List Count Result Set

The List Count result set contains only one row with one unnamed column of type int. If **@MaxLists** was specified and exceeded it contains -1, otherwise it contains the number of lists that matched the selection criteria given by the input parameters.

### 3.2.4.13.2 List Metadata Result Set

The List Metadata result set contains metadata information about each list that matched the selection criteria given by the input parameters.

The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

See [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.4.14 for details.

**Note:** If the List Metadata result set has no rows, then this stored procedure MUST NOT return the **List Event Receivers Result Set** (section [3.2.4.13.3](#)) and MUST NOT return the **List Permissions Result Set** (section [3.2.4.13.4](#)).

### 3.2.4.13.3 List Event Receivers Result Set

The List Event Receivers result set contains information about the event receivers registered for the lists that were returned in the List Metadata result set (see section [3.2.4.13.2](#)).

There MUST be 1 row in this result set for each event receiver. The result set is ordered by **SiteId**, **WebId**, **HostId**, **Type**, **HostType**, **SequenceNumber**, **Assembly**.

This result set MUST NOT be returned if the List Metadata result set was empty.

See [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 3.1.5.19.21 for details.

### 3.2.4.13.4 List Permissions Result Set

The List Permissions result set identifies **permissions** associated with the lists returned in the List Metadata result set (see section [3.2.4.13.2](#)).

This result set can contain more than 1 row per list and the total number of rows is limited by the **@ThresholdRowCount** parameter. There MUST be as many rows per list as permissions that are associated with that list.

This result set MUST NOT be returned if the List Metadata result set had no rows or if the input parameter **@PrefetchListScopes** was not set to 1.

The List permissions result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

ListId	uniqueidentifier,
ScopeId	uniqueidentifier,
Acl	image,
AnonymousPermMask	bigint;

**ListId:** The list identifier that identifies the list.

**ScopeId:** The GUID for the security scope for this permission.

- If the list inherits permissions from the site and has no specific permissions, then a row is produced per list and its **ScopeId** MUST be 0x00.
- If the list has unique permission settings, then a row is produced per permission and its **ScopeId** indicates the specific **access control list (ACL)** to use for calculating the settings on this list.
- If there are list items that have their own permissions then for each list item's permission there MUST be 1 row in the result set. In this case the **ScopeId** indicates the specific **ACL** to use.

**Acl:** If the list inherits permissions from the site, then a row is produced per list, and **Acl** MUST be NULL.

- If the list has its own permissions, a row is produced per permission, and **Acl** is the ACL for this list.

- If there are list items that have their own permissions, then for each permission 1 row will be returned in the result set. **Acl** is the ACL for the list item.

#### **AnonymousPermMask:**

- If the list inherits permissions from the site and has no unique permissions, then a row is produced per list and **AnonymousPermMask** MUST be 0x00.
- If the list has its own permissions, then a row is produced per permission and **AnonymousPermMask** is a **permission level** that indicates the permissions granted to an **anonymous user** on this list.
- If there are list items that have their own permissions then for each list item permission there will be 1 row in the result set. **AnonymousPermMask** is a permission level that indicates the permissions granted to an anonymous user or a user who has no specific rights on that list item.

#### **3.2.4.14 proc\_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM**

The **proc\_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM** stored procedure is called to enumerate date and time properties of the given site and all of its child sites. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the specified site. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	Successful completion. Result set MUST have 1 or more records.
3	No rows match the given @WebId. The result set MUST NOT have any records and MUST be empty.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### **3.2.4.14.1 WebsAndSubwebsDTM Result Set**

WebAndSubwebsDTM returns date and time properties of the site (2) specified in the @WebID parameter, and of all its child sites (2).

The WebAndSubwebsDTM result set MUST contain exactly one row if the site (2) exists, and MUST contain no rows if there is no such site. The result set MUST contain more than one row if there are subsites for the specified @WebID parameter.

The **WebsAndSubwebsDTM** result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

Id          uniqueidentifier,
FullUrl    nvarchar(257),
LastMetadataChange   datetime,
ListsMaxModified    datetime,
ListsMaxLastSecurityChange  datetime;

```

**Id:** This will be either the site identifier that was passed in as the parameter @WebID OR the site identifiers of all the child sites (2) of the site (2) specified by @WebID. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**FullUrl:** The store-relative URL of the site (2). Each URL MUST have a leading '/'. The datatype is a string with a maximum length of 257 characters. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**LastMetadataChange:** The time stamp, in **Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)** format, describing the last time that metadata properties where modified on the site (2) specified by @Id. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListsMaxModified:** The time stamp, in UTC, describing the last time when any of the lists contained within the site (2) were modified. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**ListsMaxLastSecurityChange:** The timestamp, in UTC, describing the last time when any of the permissions on the lists contained within the site (2) were modified. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.4.15 proc\_EstimateDocsSize

The **proc\_EstimateDocsSize** stored procedure is called to provide an estimate of the total size of a list or site in bytes. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_EstimateDocsSize (
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @MaxSize         bigint,
    @IncludeListDocs bit = 1,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@ListId:** The list identifier for the list. This parameter MUST either identify a list or be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site. If the @ListId parameter is specified, this MUST be the site identifier for the site containing the specified list, otherwise this MUST identify a site in the site collection specified by @SiteId and MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the specified site. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@MaxSize:** Specifies a threshold, in bytes, for calculating the estimated size. This protocol client sets this to a size threshold such that, as long as the size is less than or equal to @MaxSize, the calling protocol client does not care how accurate the estimate is.

**@IncludeListDocs:** Specifies whether to include documents in the size estimate. This parameter is optional. If specified, the value MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Do not include documents from the specified list or any other list in the site if @ListId is NULL, in the size estimate.
1	Include documents from the specified list, or site if @ListId is NULL, in the size estimate.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.15.1 EstimatedSize Result Set

EstimatedSize returns a rough estimate of the total size for of a list or site. The EstimatedSize result set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row. The EstimatedSize result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{Size}          bigint;
```

**{Size}: Contains a value representing the estimated total size, in bytes, of the specified list or site.** The value MUST be based on the parameters @ListID and @IncludeListDocs as described in the following table:

@ListID	@IncludeListDocs	{Size}
Defines a list	0	a rough estimate of the list excluding documents
Defines a list	1	a rough estimate of the list including documents
NULL	0	a rough estimate of the site excluding documents
NULL	1	a rough estimate of the site including documents that are not part of any list

### 3.2.4.16 proc\_FetchContentTypeInScope

The **proc\_FetchContentTypeInScope** stored procedure is called to retrieve information about a specific site content type or site column registered to a specific site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_FetchContentTypeInScope(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @Class        tinyint,
    @Scope         nvarchar(256),
    @ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
    @RequestId     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site content type or site column.

**@Class:** The type of record to be retrieved. The parameter MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site from which to retrieve site content types or site columns.

**@ContentTypeId:** The identifier of the specific site content type being requested. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
2	The requested site content type or site column was not found.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.16.1 Content Type Result Set

Returns the definition and version of the specified site content type or site column. It MUST contain one row if the site content type or site column specified by the input parameters exists, or 0 rows if no such site content type or site column exists. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
Definition      ntext,  
Version        int;
```

**Definition:** Contains the XML fragment of the site content type or site column or NULL if the site content type or site column has no XML fragment. The XML schemas for these structures are defined in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.4.6, and [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.3.2.9.

**Version:** The version of the site content type or site column.

#### 3.2.4.17 proc\_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade

The **proc\_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade** stored procedure is called to return one site collection from the site collection upgrade queue. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade(  
    @RequestGuid          uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
) ;
```

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following SiteUpgradeType result set. The result set MUST contain 0 or 1 rows.

### 3.2.4.17.1 SiteUpgradeType Result Set

The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{SiteId}          uniqueidentifier;
{UpgradeType}    int;
```

{SiteId}: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

{UpgradeType}: The [Upgrade Type](#) of the site collection.

### 3.2.4.18 proc\_FixV2ContentTypeField

The **proc\_FixV2ContentTypeField** stored procedure is called to set the content type "display name" field for the list items, documents or folders in a particular list in the back-end database server. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_FixV2ContentTypeField(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
    @ContentType  nvarchar(255)
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the list where the content type is to be changed.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list that uses the content type whose display name is to be changed.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the content type whose display name is to be changed. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@ContentType:** The new name of the content type whose display name is to be changed. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.19 proc\_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl

The **proc\_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl** stored procedure is called to retrieve the content type identifier of a document, list item or folder from the back-end database server. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl(
    @DocSiteID      uniqueidentifier,
    @DocDirName     nvarchar(256),
```

```

    @DocLeafName      nvarchar(128),
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@DocSiteID:** The site collection identifier for the site collection in which the document, list item or folder whose content type identifier is sought resides.

**@DocDirName:** The **directory name** of the document, list item or folder whose content type identifier is sought.

**@DocLeafName:** The leaf name of the document, list item or folder whose content type identifier is sought.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.19.1 Object Content Type Identifier Result Set

Returns the content type identifier for the specified document, list item, or folder. This result set MUST contain either:

- 1 row with 1 column.
- 0 rows with 1 column

The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{ContentTypeId}      varbinary(512);
```

**{ContentTypeId}:**

Unnamed Column Value	Description
ContentTypeId	If the passed in site collection identifier, directory name and leaf name correspond to a document, folder, or list item in the system, then the content type identifier of the current version of that document, folder, or list item is returned. This MUST be of type <a href="#">_ContentTypeId</a> .
0x012001	This is returned if the document, folder, or list item specified by the site collection identifier, directory name and leaf name, that are passed in does not have an explicitly assigned content type identifier.

If the directory name and leaf name do not correspond to a document, folder or list item, a result set with an unnamed column and zero rows MUST be returned.

### 3.2.4.20 proc\_GetFeatureProperties

The **proc\_GetFeatureProperties** stored procedure is called to retrieve the **Feature Property Definitions** (section [2.2.6.3.1](#)) for the feature marked active at a site collection or site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_GetFeatureProperties(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId       uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel   int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the feature is marked active.

**@WebId:** MUST be a site identifier containing the NULL GUID if the feature is scoped to a site collection. Otherwise, this parameter is the site identifier of the site in which the feature is marked active.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature marked active.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the feature.

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The target site collection or site does not exist, or the feature is not marked active in the site collection or site.

**Results Sets:** The stored procedure MUST return one **Feature Property Definitions Result Set** (section [3.2.4.20.1](#)) when the return code is 0. Otherwise, it MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.20.1 Feature Properties Result Set

Returns the property set for the feature. This result set, when returned, MUST contain 1 row. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

TimeActivated      datetime,
Flags              int,
Properties         ntext,
PropertiesModified datetime;

```

**TimeActivated:** MUST contain the UTC date and time when the feature was marked active.

**Flags:** Specifies the scope at which the solution used to deploy the feature is deployed. It MUST contain one of the following values:

Value	Description
0	The feature is not deployed via a solution or the solution is deployed at the farm scope.
1	The solution is deployed at the site collection scope.

**Properties:** MUST be NULL in the case the feature has no properties or MUST contain the XML fragment for the feature properties. The schema of this fragment is defined by [Feature Property Definitions](#).

**PropertiesModified:** MUST contain the UTC date and time when the Feature Property Definitions for the feature were last modified.

### 3.2.4.21 proc\_GetFolderContentTypeOrder

The **proc\_GetFolderContentTypeOrder** stored procedure is called to get the **content type order** of the specified folder. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetFolderContentTypeOrder(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @CurrentFolderUrl nvarchar(260),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the folder specified by **@CurrentFolderUrl**.

**@CurrentFolderUrl:** The **server-relative URL** of the folder to get the content type order for.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
87	Invalid Parameters: <b>@SiteId</b> is NULL or the site collection specified by <b>@SiteId</b> does not exist or <b>@CurrentFolderUrl</b> is NULL or the folder specified by <b>@CurrentFolderUrl</b> does not exist.

**Result Sets:** The stored procedure MUST return exactly 1 of 3 possible result sets as follows:

#### 3.2.4.21.1 Invalid Parameters Result Set

This result set is a placeholder that signifies invalid input parameters to the stored procedure. This result set MUST be returned if **@SiteId** is NULL or if the site collection specified by **@SiteId** does not exist or if **@CurrentFolderUrl** is NULL or if the folder specified by **@CurrentFolderUrl** does not exist. This result set MUST contain 1 row. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{Empty}          nvarchar(260),
{NULL}          varbinary(max);
```

**{Empty}: Contains an empty string.**

**{NULL}**: Contains NULL.

### 3.2.4.21.2 Undefined Content Type Order Result Set

This result set signifies that the specified folder does not have a content type order. This result set MUST be returned only if the folder specified by *@CurrentFolderUrl* does not have a content type order and MUST contain 1 row. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{CurrentFolderUrl}      nvarchar(260),  
{NULL}                  varbinary(max);
```

**{CurrentFolderUrl}**: The server-relative URL of the folder specified by *@CurrentFolderUrl*.

**{NULL}**: Contains NULL.

### 3.2.4.21.3 Defined Content Type Order Result Set

Returns the content type order of the specified folder. This result set MUST be returned only if the folder specified by *@CurrentFolderUrl* has a defined content type order and MUST contain 1 row. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{CurrentFolderUrl}      nvarchar(260),  
MetaInfo                 varbinary(max);
```

**{CurrentFolderUrl}**: The server-relative URL of the folder specified by *@CurrentFolderUrl*.

**MetaInfo**: Contains the metadata representation of the document of the folder on which the content type order of the folder, specified by *@CurrentFolderUrl*, is defined. This document metainfo MUST contain the content type order. (For more information about metainfo, see [metadict](#).)

### 3.2.4.22 proc\_GetListContentTypes

The **proc\_GetListContentTypes** stored procedure is called to get a list of all content types in the specified list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetListContentTypes (  
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,  
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
);
```

**@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId**: The site identifier for the site that contains the list specified by *@ListId*.

**@ListId**: The list identifier for the list in which to get the list of all content types.

**@RequestGuid**: The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values**: An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets**: MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.22.1 Content Types Result Set

Returns a list of all content types in the specified list. If `@WebId` is not NULL, `@ListId` is not NULL, the site specified by `@WebId` exists, and the list specified by `@ListId` exists within that site and is not deleted, then this result set MUST contain 1 row. Otherwise, this result set MUST contain 0 rows. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
tp_ContentTypes    nvarchar(max);
```

**tp\_ContentTypes:** Contains an XML fragment representing the content types in the list specified by `@ListId`. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#), section Content Type References.

### 3.2.4.23 proc\_GetListIdsToSync

The **proc\_GetListIdsToSync** stored procedure is called to enumerate all lists in a specified site that use a **customized** list column or a customized content type. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetListIdsToSync (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site specified by `@WebId`.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site in which to enumerate lists.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0 and MUST be ignored by the protocol client.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.23.1 Lists Result Set

The **Lists** result set returns all lists (1) in the specified site that use a customized (2) field or a customized (2) list column. This result set MUST contain 1 row for each distinct list (1) in the site specified by `@WebId` that uses a customized (2) list column or a customized (2) content type. If `@SiteId` is NULL or `@WebId` is NULL, this result set MUST return zero rows. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ListId    uniqueidentifier;
```

**ListId:** Contains the list identifier for this list (1) that uses a customized (2) list column or a customized (2) content type.

### 3.2.4.24 proc\_GetParentWebUrl

The **proc\_GetParentWebUrl** stored procedure is called to return the store-relative URL of the parent site of a specified site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_GetParentWebUrl(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for a site.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0 and MUST be ignored by the protocol client.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.24.1 Parent Site URL Result Set

The Parent Site URL Result Set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row (if the site exists and has a parent) or 0 rows (if the site identifier specified by `@WebId` is invalid or if the site has no parent) defined using T-SQL syntax as follows:

```
FullUrl      nvarchar(256);
```

**FullUrl:** The store-relative URL of the parent site that contains the site whose site identifier is `@WebId`.

### 3.2.4.25 proc\_GetSiteProps

The **proc\_GetSiteProps** stored procedure is called to request the metadata information of a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_GetSiteProps(
    @WebSiteId       uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site whose metadata is requested.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0 and MUST be ignored by the protocol client.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.25.1 Site Props Result Set

The Site Props Result Set returns a set of properties of a site collection whose site collection identifier is specified by the `@WebSiteId` parameter.

The Site Props Result Set MUST contain 1 row if the site collection exists, and MUST contain 0 rows if there is no such site collection.

The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
OwnerID          int,  
SecondaryContactID int,  
PortalURL        nvarchar(260),  
PortalName        nvarchar(255),  
LastContentChange datetime,  
LastSecurityChange datetime,  
PlatformVersion   nvarchar(64),  
SourceSiteId      uniqueidentifier,  
ExpirationDate    datetime,  
EvalSiteId        uniqueidentifier,  
UpgradeFlags      int,  
UpgradeReminderDate datetime;
```

**OwnerID:** A user identifier or site group identifier that owns the site collection. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**SecondaryContactID:** A user identifier or site group identifier that is the secondary owner of the site collection. This value MUST be NULL in the case where the secondary owner of the site collection is not set.

**PortalURL:** The **absolute URL** of the **portal site** which contains this site collection.

**PortalName:** The name of the portal site which contains this site collection.

**LastContentChange:** The timestamp in UTC format that specifies the last time the content of the site collection was changed. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**LastSecurityChange:** The timestamp in UTC format that specifies the last time the security settings of the site collection were changed. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**PlatformVersion:** An implementation-specific string that represents the most current version (for example 4.0.25.0 or 15.0.10.0) of upgrade actions that have been performed in site collection upgrade.

**SourceSiteId:** If this site collection is an **upgrade evaluation site collection**, specifies the site collection identifier of the original site collection. The value MUST be NULL if this site collection is not an upgrade evaluation site collection.

**ExpirationDate:** The timestamp in UTC format that specifies the time after which this upgrade evaluation site collection will expire. The value MUST be NULL if this site collection is not an upgrade evaluation site collection.

**EvalSiteId:** The site collection identifier for the upgrade evaluation site collection that is associated with this site collection. The value MUST be NULL if this site collection is an upgrade evaluation site collection.

**UpgradeFlags:** The site collection upgrade flags for this site collection. Valid values are defined in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.3.10.

**UpgradeReminderDate:** The timestamp in UTC format that specifies the time after which the end user SHOULD be reminded to perform site collection upgrade.

### 3.2.4.26 proc\_GetSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_GetSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to retrieve information about a site collection upgrade. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetSiteUpgradeSession (
    @SubscriptionId           varbinary(16) = NULL,
    @HideWaiting                bit = 0,
    @ShowInProgress             bit = 0,
    @ShowCompleted              bit = 0,
    @ShowFailed                 bit = 0
);
```

**@SubscriptionId:** If not NULL, the result set MUST only return information for site collections with the site subscription identifier equal to *@SubscriptionId*.

**@HideWaiting:** A bit flag specifying whether the result set will contain information about site collections where the site collection upgrade has not yet started. If 0, information about site collections where the site collection upgrade has not started MUST be returned, otherwise 1.

**@ShowInProgress:** A bit flag specifying whether information about site collections where a site collection upgrade is currently being performed will be returned. If 1, information about site collections where the site collection upgrade is currently being performed MUST be returned, otherwise 0.

**@ShowCompleted:** A bit flag specifying whether information about site collections where the site collection upgrade has finished without error will be returned. If 1, information about site collections where that site collection upgrade has finished without error MUST be returned, otherwise 0.

**@ShowFailed:** A bit flag specifying whether information about site collections where the site collection upgrade has finished with error will be returned. If 1, information about site collections where that site collection upgrade has finished with error MUST be returned, otherwise 0.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST return a [Site Upgrade Info result set](#). The result set MUST contain 0 or more rows.

### 3.2.4.27 proc\_GetTpWebMetaData

The **proc\_GetTpWebMetaData** stored procedure is called to request the metadata for a particular site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetTpWebMetaData(
    @WebSiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebDirName         nvarchar(256),
    @WebLeafName        nvarchar(128),
    @DGCacheVersion    bigint,
    @SystemId           SystemId = NULL,
    @RequestGuid        uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site whose metadata is requested. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebDirName:** The directory name of the site whose metadata is requested. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebLeafName:** The leaf name of the site whose metadata is requested. The value MUST NOT be NULL.

**@DGCacheVersion:** The version of the **domain group** cache as seen by the front-end Web server. It is used to compare with the domain group cache version of the back-end database server to determine if an update is needed. A special value of -2 (Skip) is specified to indicate that information about the domain group cache versions is not requested. In this case, **proc\_GetTpWebMetaData** MUST return the value "-2" in all columns of the [Domain Group Cache Versions result set](#), and it MUST NOT return either the [Domain Group Cache Back-end Database Server Update result set](#) or the [Domain Group Cache Front-end Web Server Update result set](#).

**@SystemId:** The **SystemID** of the user requesting the site metadata information.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion. Result set MUST have one or more records.
3	No site matched the given information. MUST NOT return a result set.
1271	Access to this site is blocked.

**Result Sets:** **proc\_GetTpWebMetaData** MUST return 0 to 5 result sets. All result sets returned will be sent in the following order:

#### 3.2.4.27.1 Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.4](#) - Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set, for details.

#### 3.2.4.27.2 Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.3](#) - Domain Group Cache Back-end Database Server Update Result Set, for details.

#### 3.2.4.27.3 Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.5](#) - Domain Group Cache Front-end Web Server Update Result Set, for details.

#### 3.2.4.27.4 Site MetaData Result Set

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.23](#) - Site Metadata Result Set, for details.

#### 3.2.4.27.5 Site Event Receivers Result Set

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.9](#) - Event Receivers Result Set, for details.

### 3.2.4.28 proc\_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite

The **proc\_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite** stored procedure is called to get the customized field definition of a field in a scope under the specified site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @Scope        nvarchar(256),
    @FieldIdData tvpArrayOfGuids READONLY,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier.

**@Scope:** The scope of the site specified with a store-relative URL.

**@FieldIdData:** The tvpArrayOfGuids table type as defined in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.8.1 containing field identifiers for which to return the field definition.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.28.1 Field Definition Result Set

The Field Definition Result Set returns the field identifier of the field and the XML fragment that defines the customized field definition. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.7.3.3.

If the field exists in the specified site collection and in the specified scope, the Field Definition Result Set MUST contain 1 row. If the field does not exist in the specified scope or if the @SiteId parameter is invalid, the Field Definition Result Set MUST contain zero rows.

The Field Definition Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{FieldId}      uniqueidentifier,
Definition     ntext;
```

**{FieldId}:** Contains the field identifier of the field for which the field definition is being requested. This MUST be the same as the input @FieldId parameter.

**Definition:** Contains the customized XML definition of the field. This MUST be NULL if the field is **uncustomized**. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.7.3.3.

### 3.2.4.29 proc\_GetUniqueListMetaData

The **proc\_GetUniqueListMetaData** stored procedure is called to return metadata information and event receivers for a specified list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetUniqueListMetaData(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
```

```

@ServerTemplate      int,
@PrefetchListScope   bit,
@ThresholdScopeCount int,
@PrefetchRelatedFields bit,
@RequestGuid         uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the list whose metadata is being requested.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site containing the list whose metadata is being requested.

**@ServerTemplate:** The identifier for the **list server template** that defines the base structure of this list.

**@PrefetchListScope:** A bit flag specifying whether the **Unique Permissions result set** is returned. If this bit is 1 and the permissions exist, **proc\_GetUniqueListMetaData** MUST return the **Unique Permissions result set**. If the bit is 1 and the permissions do NOT exist, **proc\_GetUniqueListMetaData** MUST return the NULL unique permissions result set.

**@ThresholdScopeCount:** The threshold number of the unique list security scopes for **Unique Permissions result set**. It MUST be greater than 0.

**@PrefetchRelatedFields:** A bit flag specifying whether the **Related Fields result set** is returned. If this bit is 1, **proc\_GetUniqueListMetaData** MUST return the list related fields result set.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion. At least 2 and at most 4 result sets MUST be returned.
13	No list matched the parameters supplied. MUST NOT return any result set.

**Result Sets:** MUST return at least 2 and at most 4 result sets in case of Successful completion depending upon input parameters. Result sets that are returned will be sent in the order of the following sections.

### 3.2.4.29.1 List Metadata Result Set

The List Metadata result set contains the metadata associated with the list. This result set MUST return one row for each valid list identifier.

The List Metadata result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.29.1](#) - List Metadata Result Set.

### 3.2.4.29.2 Unique Permissions Result Set

The Unique Permissions result set contains the permissions ACL associated with the list. This result set MUST be returned if @PrefetchListScope parameter is set to 1 and the permissions exist.

The Unique Permissions result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.34.2](#) – Unique Permissions Result Set.

### 3.2.4.29.3 NULL Unique Permissions Result Set

The NULL Unique Permissions result set contains an unlabeled result set with 1 row. This result set MUST be returned if @PrefetchListScope parameter is set to 1 and the permissions do NOT exist.

The NULL List Permissions result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.34.3](#) – NULL Unique Permissions Result Set.

### 3.2.4.29.4 Event Receivers Result Set

The Event Receivers result set contains information about the event receivers defined for this list. There MUST be 1 row in this result set for each event receiver that is registered for this list or 0 rows if no event receivers exist.

The Event Receivers result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.34.4](#) – Event Receivers Result Set.

### 3.2.4.29.5 Related Fields Result Set

The Related Fields result set contains information about all the **relationship lookup fields** in lists in the specified site collection whose target list is the specified list. This result set will be returned if @PrefetchRelatedFields parameter is set to 1 and the relationship lookup fields exist.

The Related Fields result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSDLIM2\]](#), section [3.1.4.63.1](#) – List Related Fields Result Set.

## 3.2.4.30 proc\_GetWebExtendedMetaData

The **proc\_GetWebExtendedMetaData** stored procedure is called to return the metadata for creation date and most recent modification date for a given site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebExtendedMetaData(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for a site. It MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.30.1 Creation and Modification Result Set

The result set returns the creation date and time and most recent modification date and time of a site whose site identifier is specified in the @WebId parameter.

The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

Webs.TimeCreated      datetime NOT NULL,
{Modified}           datetime;

```

**Webs.TimeCreated:** Contains the site creation date and time. The format of the date and time is: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss:mmm(24h).

**{Modified}:** Contains the most recent site modification date and time. The format of the date and time is: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss:mmm(24h).

### 3.2.4.31 proc\_GetWebFeatureList

The **proc\_GetWebFeatureList** stored procedure is called to retrieve the set of features that are marked active in a site collection or site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_GetWebFeatureList(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel   int,
    @IsUserSolutionActivated bit = NULL,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier or the site collection whose active features are requested.

**@WebId:** If site scope features are being requested then this MUST be the site identifier of the site whose features are requested. Else if site collection scope features are being requested then this MUST be set to the NULL GUID.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the sandboxed solution or site solution. If the feature was not deployed via a solution it MUST be 1. The value MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@IsUserSolutionActivated:** Specifies if any sandboxed solution or site solution is activated on the specified site collection. It MUST contain one of the following values.

Value	Description
0	No sandboxed solution or site solution is activated on the specified site collection.
1	A sandboxed solution or site solution is activated on the specified site collection.
NULL	The stored procedure MUST determine whether any sandboxed solution or site solution is activated on the specified site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** This stored procedure MUST return the [Get Web Feature List Result Set](#) (section [3.2.4.31.1](#))

### 3.2.4.31.1 Get Web Feature List Result Set

This result set returns the list of feature information for those features that are marked active in the site collection or site. The result set MUST contain 0 or more rows. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
FeatureId      uniqueidentifier,  
Version        nvarchar(64),  
SolutionId     uniqueidentifier,  
SolutionWebId  uniqueidentifier,  
SolutionLevel   int,  
Hash           nvarchar(50),  
Flags          int;
```

**FeatureId:** MUST contain the feature identifier of the feature marked as active.

**Version:** MUST contain the version of the feature.

**SolutionId:** If the feature was deployed using a sandboxed solution it MUST contain the identifier of the solution used to deploy the feature. Else it MUST be NULL.

**SolutionWebId:** : The Site Identifier (as specified in [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.1.1.11) of the Site which is associated with the solution. If the no Site associated with the Solution or the feature is not deployed via a solution it MUST be NULL.

**SolutionLevel:** Must match the @SolutionLevel parameter.

**Hash:** If the feature was deployed using a solution it MUST contain the implementation-specific hash of the content of the sandboxed solution. Else it MUST be NULL.

**@Flags:** Specifies the deployed scope of the solution that contains the feature. It MUST contain one of the following values:

Value	Description
0	The feature is not deployed via a solution or the solution is deployed at the farm scope.
1	The solution is deployed at the site collection scope.
2	The solution is deployed at the site scope.

### 3.2.4.32 proc\_GetCustomActionsFromScope

This stored procedure retrieves the custom actions for the specified custom action identifier, site collection identifier, and site identifier. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetCustomActionsFromScope (  
    @ScopeId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @SiteId       uniqueidentifier,
```

```

    @WebId          uniqueidentifier
    @SolutionLevel int
);

```

**@ScopeId:** MUST be the site collection identifier, site identifier, or list identifier for the custom actions being retrieved.

**@SiteId:** MUST be the site collection identifier for the custom actions being retrieved.

**@WebId:** If retrieving custom actions for the specified **@SiteId**, this parameter MUST be set to the NULL GUID. However, if retrieving the custom actions for a particular site within the specified **@SiteId**, this parameter MUST be set to a site identifier.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the custom action. The value MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be listed in the following table:

Value	Description
0	The stored procedure finished successfully.
-2147467259	The stored procedure failed to complete successfully.

#### Result Sets:

This stored procedure MUST return the **Custom Actions From Scope Result Set** (section [3.2.4.32.1](#)).

##### 3.2.4.32.1 Custom Actions From Scope Result Set

This result set MUST return 1 row for each custom action retrieved. If there were no custom actions retrieved, this result set MUST NOT return any rows. This result set is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.2](#).

##### 3.2.4.33 proc\_DeleteCustomAction

This stored procedure removes the specified custom action. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_DeleteCustomAction (
    @Id          uniqueidentifier,
    @ScopeId     uniqueidentifier,
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel int
    @ResourceWebId uniqueidentifier,
)

```

```
    @ScopeType          int  
);
```

**@Id:** The custom action identifier that will be removed. MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ScopeId:** MUST be the site collection identifier, site identifier, or list identifier of the custom action that will be removed.

**@SiteId:** MUST be the site collection identifier in which the custom action resides.

**@WebId:** If the custom action being deleted is a site collection custom action, this parameter MUST be set to the NULL GUID. Otherwise this specifies the site identifier of the site in which the custom action exists.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the custom action being deleted.

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@ResourceWebId:** If the custom action being deleted is a site collection custom action, this parameter MUST be set to the site identifier of the root site of that site collection. Otherwise this specifies the site identifier of the site in which the custom action exists.

**@ScopeType:** MUST be the custom action scope of the custom action to be removed. MUST be one of the values listed in the following table:

Value	Description
2	This specifies the custom action identifier <b>@Id</b> as a site collection custom action identifier. The custom action is a site collection custom action.
3	This specifies the custom action identifier <b>@Id</b> as a site custom action identifier. The custom action is a site custom action.
4	This specifies the custom action identifier <b>@Id</b> as a list custom action identifier. The custom action is a list custom action.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	If the custom action existed, it was successfully removed. If the custom action did not exist, it was not removed.
-2147467259	The custom action was not removed successfully.

#### Result Sets:

If the specified custom action was not removed, a result set MUST NOT be returned. However, if the specified custom action was removed, the **Delete Custom Action Result Set One** (section

[3.2.4.33.1](#)) and **Delete Custom Action Result Set Two** (section [3.2.4.33.2](#)) MUST be returned, in this order.

### 3.2.4.33.1 Delete Custom Action Result Set One

This result set MUST return the number of rows that are equal to the number of custom actions remaining that match the @SiteId, @WebId, and @ScopeId parameters after the custom action was removed. This result set MUST be ignored. This result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{UnnamedColumn}      int;
```

**{UnnamedColumn}**: This column MUST be ignored.

### 3.2.4.33.2 Delete Custom Action Result Set Two

This result set MUST return 1 row. This result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ScopeCount          int;
ParentScopeCount    int;
```

**ScopeCount**: MUST contain the number of custom actions that exist for the specified @ScopeId, @WebId, and @SiteId.

**ParentScopeCount**: If the @ScopeType is set to the list custom action scope, this MUST contain the number of custom actions (including the custom action to be removed) that exist within the site as specified by @WebId. If the @ScopeType is not set to the list custom action scope, this MUST be 0.

### 3.2.4.34 proc\_DeleteCustomActionForFeature

This stored procedure removes all custom actions that exist for the specified feature identifier, site collection identifier, site identifier, and SolutionLevel. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_DeleteCustomActionForFeature (
    @FeatureId        uniqueidentifier,
    @SiteId           uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId            uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel    int,
    @ResourceWebId   uniqueidentifier
);
```

**@FeatureId**: The feature identifier of the custom action to be removed. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SiteId**: The site collection identifier of the custom action to be removed. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId**: This MUST be the site identifier of the custom action if the feature is site-scoped. If the feature is site collection-scoped then this MUST be an **empty GUID**. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionLevel**: Specifies the installation state of the custom action to be deleted. The value MUST be one of the integers listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@ResourceWebId:** This MUST be the site identifier of the custom action if the feature is site-scoped. If the feature is site collection-scoped then this MUST be the site identifier of the root site of that site collection. This MUST not be NULL.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:**

This stored procedure MUST NOT return a result set.

#### 3.2.4.35 proc\_GetWebIdOfListId

The **proc\_GetWebIdOfListId** stored procedure is called to return the site identifier of the site containing a given list. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetWebIdOfListId (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@ListId:** The list identifier. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

##### 3.2.4.35.1 WebId Result Set

This WebId Result Set returns the site identifier for the site containing the list specified by *@ListId*. If the list specified by *@ListId* exists, the result set MUST contain 1 row; otherwise, it MUST contain 0 rows. The WebId Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
tp_WebId uniqueidentifier;
```

**tp\_WebId:** The site identifier for the site that contains the list specified by the *@ListId*.

#### 3.2.4.36 proc\_GetWebUsageData

The **proc\_GetWebUsageData** stored procedure is called to obtain usage data for a site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_GetWebUsageData (
    @WebSiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebDirName     nvarchar(256),
    @WebLeafName    nvarchar(128),
    @BlobType       tinyint,
    @RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site from which usage data is being requested.

**@WebDirName:** The directory name of the site from which usage data is being requested.

**@WebLeafName:** The leaf name of the site from which usage data is being requested.

**@BlobType:** Specifies the type of usage data being requested. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
1	Specifies that monthly usage data is being requested.
Not 1	Specifies that daily usage data is being requested.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	Failed execution.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the Monthly Usage Result Set when the `@BlobType` parameter is 1, otherwise it MUST return the Daily Usage Result Set when the `@BlobType` parameter is not 1.

### 3.2.4.36.1 Monthly Usage Result Set

The Monthly Usage Result Set returns usage data for the past 31 months. The Monthly Usage Result Set will be returned when the value of the `@BlobType` parameter is set to 1. The Monthly Usage Result Set MUST contain 0 rows if the site identified by the `@WebSiteId`, `@WebDirName` and `@WebLeafName` parameters does not exist; otherwise, it MUST contain 1 row. The Monthly Usage Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

MonthlyUsageData   image,
MonthlyUsageDataVersion int;

```

**MonthlyUsageData:** A binary value that stores a site's monthly usage data. The structure of the binary value is specified in the [Usage Data Binary Field Structure](#) section.

**MonthlyUsageDataVersion:** An integer that indicates the number of times that the `MonthlyUsageData` field has been modified. If this value is NULL, the row MUST be ignored and the call to this stored procedure MUST be considered a failed execution.

### 3.2.4.36.2 Daily Usage Result Set

The Daily Usage Result Set returns usage data for the past 31 days. The Daily Usage Result Set will be returned when the value of the `@BlobType` parameter is set to a value different than 1. The Daily Usage Result Set MUST contain 0 rows if the site identified by the `@WebSiteId`, `@WebDirName` and `@WebLeafName` parameters does not exist; otherwise, it MUST contain 1 row. The Daily Usage Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
DailyUsageData      image,  
DailyUsageDataVersion int;
```

**DailyUsageData:** A binary value that stores daily usage data for a site. The structure of the binary value is specified in the [Usage Data Binary Field Structure](#) section.

**DailyUsageDataVersion:** An integer that indicates the number of times that the `DailyUsageData` field has been modified. If this value is NULL, the row MUST be ignored and the call to this stored procedure MUST be considered a failed execution.

### 3.2.4.37 proc\_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to refresh the lock on the site collection on the back-end database that was acquired via **proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession**. The front-end Web server periodically calls this stored procedure because the lock expires in 60 seconds. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession (  
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @SessionId       uniqueidentifier,  
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
) ;
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection.

**@SessionId:** A unique identifier that was previously associated with this site collection by a call to **proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession**.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
1	Failed. The site collection is associated with a different unique identifier.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.38 proc\_IsContentTypeGhosted

The **proc\_IsContentTypeGhosted** stored procedure is called to determine if the specified content type is uncustomized. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_IsContentTypeGhosted (
```

74 / 150

[MS-WSSCCSP3] — v20120630

Windows SharePoint Services: Content Database Core List Schema and Site Provisioning Communications Version 3 Protocol Specification

Copyright © 2012 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: July 16, 2012

```

    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Class           tinyint,
    @ContentTypeId  varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the content type specified by *@ContentTypeId*.

**@Class:** This MUST be set to 1.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the content type to be checked. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.38.1 Content Type is Ghosted Result Set

Returns an integer that indicates whether or not the content type is uncustomized. If *@SiteId* is not NULL, *@ContentTypeId* is not NULL, and the content type specified by *@ContentTypeId* exists, then this result set MUST contain 1 row. Otherwise, this result set MUST contain 0 rows. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{IsGhosted}      int;
```

**{IsGhosted}: Contains an integer which MUST be in the following table.**

Value	Description
0	The content type specified by <i>@ContentTypeId</i> is customized.
1	The content type specified by <i>@ContentTypeId</i> is uncustomized.

### 3.2.4.39 proc\_IncrementSiteClientTag

The **proc\_IncrementSiteClientTag** stored procedure is called to increment the application file cache version for files in the site collection. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_IncrementSiteClientTag(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return values:** An integer that MUST be zero.

**Result sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.40 proc\_IsContentTypeInUseInList

The **proc\_IsContentTypeInUseInList** stored procedure is called to determine whether there are list items with the specified list content type in the specified list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_IsContentTypeInUseInList (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   tContentTypeId,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the list specified by *@ListId*.

**@ListId:** The list identifier for the list in which to count list items with the list content type specified in *@ContentTypeId*.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the list content type of list items to be counted. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** The stored procedure MUST return 1 if there are any list items with the specified list content type in the specified list. This MUST NOT include list items that have been deleted and MUST NOT include list item versions that are not the current version. If there are no such list items, or if *@SiteId* is NULL or if *@ListId* is NULL or if *@ContentTypeId* is NULL, then the stored procedure MUST return 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.41 proc\_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate

The **proc\_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate** stored procedure is called to determine whether there are any content types in the specified site collection which use the specified site column. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @FieldId         uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the content types being examined.

**@FieldId:** The GUID for the site column.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return values:** The stored procedure MUST return 1 if there are any content types in the site collection which use the site column as specified by *@FieldId*. Otherwise, the stored procedure MUST return 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.42 proc\_ListAllFileUrls

The **proc\_ListAllFileUrls** stored procedure is called to get the store-relative URLs of all documents in a site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListAllFileUrls(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl         nvarchar(260),
    @IncludeGhosts   bit,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection which contains the site.

**@WebUrl:** The store-relative URL to the site. The length of the parameter *@WebUrl* SHOULD NOT exceed 260 characters; otherwise only the first 260 characters will be used.

**@IncludeGhosts:** A bit flag specifying whether to also get uncustomized documents in the site. When only documents in the site are requested, the *@IncludeGhosts* flag MUST be set to 0. When uncustomized documents in the site are also requested, the *@IncludeGhosts* flag MUST be set to 1.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site specified by the <i>@WebUrl</i> parameter does not exist in the specified site collection.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set if the site specified by the *@WebUrl* parameter exists in the specified site collection.

#### 3.2.4.42.1 All File URLs Result Set

The All File URLs result set returns the directory name and leaf name of all documents in the site. The All File URLs result set MUST be returned if the site specified by the *@WebUrl* parameter exists in the specified site collection. It MUST return 1 row for each document in the specified site. If the *@IncludeGhosts* parameter is set to 1, then the result set MUST also return 1 row for each ghosted document. If the *@IncludeGhosts* parameter is set to 0, then the result set MUST NOT return a row for any uncustomized document. The All File URLs result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
DirName      nvarchar(256),
LeafName     nvarchar(128);
```

**DirName:** Contains the directory name of the document or uncustomized document to be returned.

**LeafName:** Contains the leaf name of the document or uncustomized document to be returned.

### 3.2.4.43 proc\_ListAllWebsOfSite

The **proc\_ListAllWebsOfSite** stored procedure is called to retrieve the list of sites in a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListAllWebsOfSite (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Collation       nvarchar(32),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection for which the child sites are to be retrieved.

**@Collation:** The optional collation order to be used to order the result set.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.43.1 SiteWebs Result Set

SiteWebs result set returns the list of sites in the specified site collection. The SiteWebs result set MUST return 1 row for each site. If a *@Collation* value is specified, the result set is ordered on the FullUrl field using the specified *@Collation*. The SiteWebs result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
FullUrl           nvarchar(256),
Id                uniqueidentifier,
{ParentWebFullUrl} nvarchar(256),
Language          int,
{Title}            nvarchar(255),
UIVersion         tinyint,
Flags              int,
WebTemplate       int,
ProvisionConfig   smallint,
MasterUrl         nvarchar,
CustomMasterUrl  nvarchar;
```

**FullUrl:** Contains the store-relative URL of the site.

**Id:** Contains the site identifier of the site.

**{ParentWebFullUrl}: Contains the store-relative URL of the parent site. If a parent does not exist, the site's store-relative URL is returned.**

**Language:** Contains the **language code identifier (LCID)** of the site.

**{Title}: Contains the **site title**. If the site has no title, an empty string is returned.**

**UIVersion:** A number that represents the visual state of the site.

**Flags:** A **site collection flag** value that indicates the settings for the site collection that contains this site.

**WebTemplate:** The identifier of the site definition that contains the site definition configuration used to provision a site.

**ProvisionConfig:** The identifier of the site definition configuration used to provision a site.

**MasterUrl:** The store-relative URL of the **master page** for a site.

**CustomMasterUrl:** The store-relative URL of custom master page for a site.

### 3.2.4.44 proc\_ListChildWebs

The **proc\_ListChildWebs** stored procedure is called to retrieve the list of child sites for a specified site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListChildWebs (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl      nvarchar(256),
    @Collation   nvarchar(32),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection from which the child sites are to be retrieved.

**@WebUrl:** The store-relative URL of the site from which the child sites are to be retrieved.

**@Collation:** The **collation** to be used to order the result set.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The specified @WebUrl was not found for the given @SiteId.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.44.1 ChildWebs Result Set

ChildWebs result set returns the list of sites whose parent site is the site specified by @WebUrl. The ChildWebs result set will return 1 row for each site. If a @Collation value is specified, the result set is ordered on the FullUrl field using the specified @Collation. The ChildWebs result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
FullUrl      nvarchar(256),
Id          uniqueidentifier,
Language    int,
{Title}     nvarchar(255);
```

**FullUrl:** Contains the store-relative URL of the site.

**Id:** Contains the site identifier of the site.

**Language:** Contains the language code identifier (LCID) of the site.

**{Title}:** Contains the title of the site. If the site has no title, an empty string is returned.

### 3.2.4.45 proc\_ListChildWebsFiltered

The **proc\_ListChildWebsFiltered** stored procedure is called to get a filtered list of data about child sites for a specified parent site; the list can be sorted based on a specified **Windows collation name**. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListChildWebsFiltered(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @ParentWebId uniqueidentifier,
    @Collation nvarchar(48) = '',
    @WebTemplate int = NULL,
    @ProvisionConfig smallint = NULL,
    @ToLinkRecurringMeeting bit = NULL,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection which contains the specified parent site.

**@ParentWebId:** The site identifier of the specified parent site.

**@Collation:** The Windows collation name that is used to sort the filtered list of child sites. This MAY be NULL. If *@Collation* is not NULL, then the filtered list of child sites MUST be sorted using this value.

**@WebTemplate:** The value of the identifier of the site definition that contains the site definition configuration used to provision the site that is used to filter the list of child sites. This MAY be NULL.

**@ProvisionConfig:** The value of the identifier of the site definition configuration used to provision the site that is used to filter the list of child sites. This MAY be NULL.

**@ToLinkRecurringMeeting:** A bit flag indicating the kind of meetings configured, if these are **Meeting Workspace sites**. This is to indicate how child sites are filtered. This MAY be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.45.1 List Child Webs Filtered Result Set

The List Child Webs Filtered Result set contains a filtered list of child sites (2) for the specified parent site (2). This list can be sorted based on the value of the specified *@Collation* parameter.

The List Child Webs Filtered result set MUST return one row of data associated with each child site (2) if it satisfies all of the following conditions:

- It is a child site (2) of the specified parent site (2).
- *@WebTemplate* is NULL.

Or

*@WebTemplate* is not NULL, and the value of the identifier of the site definition used to provision this child site (2) is the same as the specified *@WebTemplate* value and *@ProvisionConfig* is NULL.

Or

*@WebTemplate* is not NULL, the value of the identifier of the site definition used to provision this child site (2) is the same as the specified *@WebTemplate* value, *@ProvisionConfig* is not NULL and the value of *@ProvisionConfig* is same as the value of the identifier of the site definition configuration used to provision this child site (2).

- *@ToLinkRecurringMeeting* is NULL

Or

*@ToLinkRecurringMeeting* is set to 1 and the child site (2) is a Meeting Workspace site and it has no meetings configured.

Or

*@ToLinkRecurringMeeting* is set to 0 and the child site (2) is a Meeting Workspace site and it has no recurring meetings configured.

If the value of *@Collation* is NULL or the empty string, then the result set cannot be sorted. Otherwise, the result set MUST be sorted on the site title of the child sites (2) based on the collation specified by the value of *@Collation*.

The List Child Webs Filtered result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
FullUrl          nvarchar(256),  
Id               uniqueidentifier,  
{Title}          nvarchar(255),  
{Description}   ntext,  
Language         int,  
WebTemplate      int,  
ProvisionConfig smallint,  
MeetingCount     smallint,  
{Acl}            image,  
AnonymousPermMask bigint,  
FirstUniqueAncestorWebId uniqueidentifier,  
SecurityProvider uniqueidentifier,  
TimeCreated      datetime,  
{TimeListLastModified}  datetime;
```

**FullUrl:** Contains the store-relative URL of the child site (2).

**Id:** Contains the site identifier of the child site (2).

**{Title}:** The site title of the child site (2). If the site title is NULL, the empty string MUST be returned.

**{Description}:** The **site description** of the child site. If the site description is NULL, the empty string MUST be returned.

**Language:** The language code identifier (LCID) of the child site (2).

**WebTemplate:** The identifier of the site definition that contains the site definition configuration used to provision the child site (2).

**ProvisionConfig:** The identifier of the site definition configuration used to provision this child site (2).

**MeetingCount:** If this child site (2) is a meeting workspace site, this value indicates the number of meetings that are configured. Otherwise, this value MAY return zero. The front-end Web server MUST ignore this value for child sites (2) that are not meeting workspaces.

**{Acl}:** The binary serialization of the ACL (see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.4.6](#)) for this child site (2). This value MUST be NULL if the child site (2) inherits security settings from its parent site.

**AnonymousPermMask:** Contains a 64-bit mask that specifies the permissions granted to anonymous users in this child site (2). The bit mask values are defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.13](#).

**FirstUniqueAncestorWebId:** The site identifier of the closest ancestor site that does not inherit security settings from its parent site.

**SecurityProvider:** The identifier of the **external security provider** for this child site (2). This MUST be NULL for a child site (2) using the default security implementation.

**TimeCreated:** The time this child site (2) was created. This MUST be in UTC format.

**{TimeListLastModified}:** The last time any list contained in this child site (2) was modified. This MUST be in UTC format.

### 3.2.4.46 proc\_ListContentTypeInUse

The **proc\_ListContentTypeInUse** stored procedure is called to list the usage of a specific content type. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListContentTypeInUse (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the content type specified by *@ContentTypeId*.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier for which usage will be determined. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return two result sets in the following order:

#### 3.2.4.46.1 Content Type Descendants Result Set

Returns all **descendant content types** of the specified content type. This result set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row for each content type that is a descendant of the content type specified by *@ContentTypeId*. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ContentTypeId      varbinary(512),
Scope              nvarchar(256);
```

**ContentTypeId:** Contains the content type identifier of this content type that is a descendant of the content type specified by `@ContentTypeId`. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**Scope:** Contains a store-relative URL of the site or list **root folder** to which this content type is registered.

### 3.2.4.46.2 Content Type List Usage Result Set

Returns all content types that are used in lists in the specified site collection that are of the specified content type or content types that are descendant content types of the specified content type. This result set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row for each content type that is used in each list and is the content type specified by `@ContentTypeId` or for each content type that is a descendant content type of the content type specified by `@ContentTypeId`. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ContentTypeId      varbinary(512),
{Scope}            nvarchar(256);
```

**ContentTypeId:** Contains the content type identifier, in [tContentTypeId](#) format (see [tContentTypeId](#)), of a content type that is used in a list in the specified site collection and is a type or subtype of the content type specified by `@ContentTypeId`.

**{Scope}:** Contains a store-relative URL of the root folder of the list in which this content type is used.

### 3.2.4.47 proc\_ListContentTypesInWeb

The **proc\_ListContentTypesInWeb** stored procedure is called to list all the site content types or site columns in the specified site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListContentTypesInWeb(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Class           tinyint,
    @Scope           nvarchar(256),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@Class:** The type of record that should be retrieved. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site to retrieve site content types or site columns from.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.47.1 Result Set

If @Class is equal to 0 then the stored procedure returns a list of all site columns registered in the site designated by the @SiteId and @Scope parameters. This result set MUST contain 1 row for each site column registered in the site.

If @Class is equal to 1 then the stored procedure returns a list of all site content types registered in the site designated by the @SiteId and @Scope parameters. This result set MUST contain 1 row for each site content type registered in the site.

For both values of @Class listed earlier, the result set MUST be List Content Types Result Set defined in Section [2.2.4.1](#).

#### 3.2.4.48 proc\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive

The **proc\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive** stored procedure is called to list either all of the site content types or all of the site columns in a site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Class           tinyint,
    @Scope           nvarchar(256),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@Class:** The type of return values. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site from which to retrieve either the site content types or the site columns.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
144	@Scope refers to a site that is not within the site collection designated by the @SiteId parameter.

**Result Sets:**

If `@Class` is equal to 0 then the stored procedure returns a list of all site columns registered in the site and all of the site's ancestors as designated by the `@SiteId` and `@Scope` parameters. This result set MUST contain 1 row for each site column registered in the site.

If `@Class` is equal to 1 then the stored procedure returns a list of all site content types registered in the site designated by the `@SiteId` and `@Scope` parameters and all of its ancestors. This result set MUST contain 1 row for each site content type registered in the site.

For both values of `@Class` listed earlier, the result set MUST be a List Content Types Result Set, as defined in Section [2.2.4.1](#).

### 3.2.4.49 proc\_ListDerivedContentTypes

The **proc\_ListDerivedContentTypes** stored procedure is called to list all site content types and list content types that are derived from a given site content type. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListDerivedContentTypes(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@ContentTypeId:** The identifier of the site content type from which the requested site content types are derived. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return two result sets in the following order:

#### 3.2.4.49.1 Derived Site Content Types Result Set

Returns a list of site content types that are derived from the site content type designated by the `@ContentTypeId` parameter. This result set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row for each site content type derived from the given parent site content type. The result set MUST be a List Content Types Result Set (Section [2.2.4.1](#)).

#### 3.2.4.49.2 Derived Content Types Result Set

Returns a list of content types associated with lists that are derived from the site content type designated by the `@ContentTypeId` parameter. This result set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row for each content type derived from the given parent site content type. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
WebId          uniqueidentifier,
ListId          uniqueidentifier;
```

**ContentTypeId:** Contains a content type identifier. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**WebId:** Contains a site identifier that specifies the site to which the content type is registered.

**ListId:** Contains a list identifier that specifies the list to which the content type is registered.

### 3.2.4.50 proc\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate

The **proc\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate** stored procedure is called to get a list of lists in a site collection which includes a specific field. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListsUsingFieldTemplate(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @FieldId     varbinary(512),
    @BaseTypes   int,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which to look for the field.

**@FieldId:** The field identifier of the field.

**@BaseTypes:** An integer bit pattern indicating which base types use the field. (For more information about base types, see [List Base Type Pattern](#).) The bit pattern is described in the List Base Type Pattern section.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.50.1 Lists Using Field Result Set

Lists Using Field Result Set contains a list of GUID pairs for the sites and lists under a site collection using a particular field. The Lists Using Field Result Set MUST contain 1 row per list which uses the specified field. The Lists Using Field Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
WebId      uniqueidentifier,
ListId     uniqueidentifier;
```

**WebId:** The site identifier containing the list specified by *@ListId*.

**ListId:** The list identifier of the list which uses the field specified by *@FieldId*.

### 3.2.4.51 proc\_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList

The **proc\_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList** stored procedure is called to get the customized field definitions associated with a specific list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier in which the specified list exists.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site which contains the specified list.

**@ListId:** The list identifier for which the field definitions are being requested.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.51.1 Unghosted List Fields Result Set

The **Unghosted List Fields** result set contains 1 row for each customized (2) field that is associated with the specified list (1). The result set MUST contain zero rows if there are no customized (2) fields associated with the list (1). The **Unghosted List Fields** result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
{FieldId}      uniqueidentifier,  
Definition     ntext;
```

**{FieldId}:** The field identifier of the field.

**Definition:** The XML fragment of the field. The XML schema for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 2.2.8.3.3.

### 3.2.4.52 proc\_MakeViewDefaultForContentType

The **proc\_MakeViewDefaultForContentType** stored procedure is called to assign a **default view** for a content type in a specific list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MakeViewDefaultForContentType (  
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @ViewId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),  
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
) ;
```

**@ListId:** A list identifier for the list whose default view for a content type is being set.

**@ViewId:** A **view identifier** for the view that will be set as the default view for the content type. If **@ViewId** is NULL the stored procedure MUST NOT change the back-end database server.

**@ContentTypeId:** A content type identifier for the content type whose default view is being set. This value MUST be the content type identifier of a descendant content type from the folder content type. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.53 proc\_MakeViewDefaultForList

The **proc\_MakeViewDefaultForList** stored procedure is used to set the default list view for a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MakeViewDefaultForList (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ViewId          uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site identifier of the site that contains the list whose default list view will be set.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list whose default list view will be set.

**@ViewId:** The view identifier of the view that will become the default list view for the specified list.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.54 proc\_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList

The **proc\_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList** stored procedure is called to set the default mobile list view for a list when the view is being displayed on a **mobile device**. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList(
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ViewId          uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list whose default mobile list view will be set.

**@ViewId:** The view identifier of the view that will become the default mobile list view for the specified list.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.55 proc\_MapContentTypeToList

The **proc\_MapContentTypeToList** stored procedure is called to record that a content type or list column is being used in a particular list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MapContentTypeToList(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
```

```

@WebId          uniqueidentifier,
@ListId         uniqueidentifier,
@ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
@Class          tinyint,
@RequestGuid    uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the list resides. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site in which the list resides. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list to which the content type or list column is to be associated. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the content type or the binary representation of the field identifier of the field being associated. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#). This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@Class:** This parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	<i>@ContentTypeId</i> refers to a field, and it MUST be 16 bytes long.
1	<i>@ContentTypeId</i> refers to a content type.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer return code which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful execution.
30	There was an IO error.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.56 proc\_MapFieldToContentType

The **proc\_MapFieldToContentType** stored procedure is called to record that a site column is being used in a particular site content type. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_MapFieldToContentType(
  @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
  @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
  @ContentTypeId varbinary(512),
  @FieldId     uniqueidentifier,
  @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the site content type resides. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site in which the site content type resides. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the site content type being associated. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#). This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@FieldId:** The field identifier of the site column being mapped. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer return code which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful execution.
30	There was an IO error.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.57 proc\_MapUrlToListAndView

The **proc\_MapUrlToListAndView** stored procedure is called to get the list identifier and view identifier of the specified List view page. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MapUrlToListAndView(
    @SiteID          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebID           uniqueidentifier,
    @DirName         nvarchar(256),
    @LeafName        nvarchar(128),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteID:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the specified site.

**@WebID:** The site identifier of the site for the document specified by **@DirName** and **@LeafName**.

**@DirName:** The directory name of the [list view page](#).

**@LeafName:** The leaf name of the list view page.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.57.1 Map URL to List and View Result Set

The Map URL to List and View Result Set returns information about the view for the specified list view page. The result set MUST return 1 row if the specified view page exists. If the specified list

view page does not exist then the result set MUST return 0 rows. The Map URL to List and View Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
tp_Id          uniqueidentifier,  
tp_ListId      uniqueidentifier;
```

**tp\_Id:** MUST contain the view identifier of the view for the List view page specified by the @DirName and @LeafName parameters.

**tp\_ListId:** MUST contain the list identifier of the list which contains the view specified by tp\_Id.

### 3.2.4.58 proc\_MapV2FieldToList

The **proc\_MapV2FieldToList** stored procedure is called to associate a field to a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MapV2FieldToList(  
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,  
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @ContentTypeId varbinary(512)  
) ;
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier in which the list exists. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier in which the list exists. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ListId:** The list identifier. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ContentTypeId:** The field identifier. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#). This MUST be 16 bytes long.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.59 proc\_markWebAsProvisioned

The **proc\_markWebAsProvisioned** stored procedure is called to remove the 'unprovisioned' bit from the **site property flags** (see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.10](#)) for a site. Once this bit is removed from site property flags, the site is considered to be provisioned and all steps to provision the site have been finished.

The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_markWebAsProvisioned(  
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,  
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,  
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
) ;
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site that will be set as provisioned.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST return two Event Receivers Result Sets (see [\[MS-WSSFO3\]](#) section 2.2.4.11) in the following order, the first MUST be the Event Receivers Result Set for the site that is specified by **@WebId**, and the second MUST be the Event Receivers Result Set for its parent site.

### 3.2.4.60 proc\_MergeWeb

The **proc\_MergeWeb** stored procedure is called to convert a site into a folder on its parent site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MergeWeb(
    @WebSiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl             nvarchar(260),
    @ThresholdRowCount   int,
    @RequestGuid         uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the site to be converted.

**@WebUrl:** The store-relative URL of the site to be converted.

**@ThresholdRowCount:** The maximum number of list items allowed to be touched by this operation (for example, if the user performing the operation has a limit imposed because of permissions), or 0 for no limit. This is for performance issues.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site to be converted does not exist in the specified site collection.
5	The site to be converted is a top-level site and cannot be converted.
36	The number of list items in the site to be converted exceeds <i>@ThresholdRowCount</i> . The operation failed.
133	The site to be converted contains 1 or more lists or document libraries. The operation failed.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

#### 3.2.4.60.1 Audit Mask Result Set

The Audit Mask Result Set contains the information about the **audit flags** associated with this site. The Audit Mask Result Set MUST be returned and MUST contain 1 row.

The result set MUST be an Audit Mask Result Set, [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.7.4](#) - Audit Mask Result Set.

### 3.2.4.61 proc\_MinisProc

The **proc\_MinisProc** stored procedure is called to return specific metadata for a given site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_MinisProc(
    @WebSiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Url            nvarchar(260),
    @DGCacheVersion bigint,
    @SystemId       varbinary(512) = NULL,
    @AppPrincipalName nvarchar(256),
    @IsHostHeaderAppPrincipalName bit,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
)
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for a site collection. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for a site. If NULL, this will request additional result sets, otherwise the document specified by **@Url** MUST be in the specified site.

**@Url:** The store-relative URL for a document in the selected site collection. If **@WebId** is NOT NULL, this MUST NOT be NULL and MUST be contained in the site specified by **@WebId**. If this is an invalid store-relative URL (including NULL) the procedure MUST return with an error code prior to producing the last result set.

**@DGCacheVersion:** The version number of the domain group map cache in the front-end Web server. A special value of -2 (Skip) is specified to indicate that information about the domain group cache versions is not requested. This value is ignored if **@WebId** is NOT NULL, otherwise it MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SystemId:** The SystemID of the user. The user MUST have read access to the document specified by **@Url** to return the last result set.

**@AppPrincipalName:** The app principal identifier or the app web domain identifier associated with the request.

**@IsHostHeaderAppPrincipalName:** 1 indicates that the **@AppPrincipalName** parameter is the **app web domain identifier**. 0 indicates that the **@AppPrincipalName** parameter is the app principal identifier.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** an integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table.

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
2	The document specified by <b>@Url</b> is invalid or is not readable by the specified user, or the <b>@SystemId</b> is invalid (is NULL or does not specify an existing user).
3	The site identifier derived from <b>@Url</b> does not exist in the given site collection identifier.
1168	<b>@WebSiteId</b> does not specify a valid site collection identifier.
1271	Access to this site is blocked.

**Result Sets:** MUST return 0 to 6 of the following 7 result sets: Site URL Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.1](#)), Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.2](#)), Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.3](#)), Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.4](#)), Site Metadata Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.5](#)), Event Receivers Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.6](#)), User Document Security Context Result Set (section [3.2.4.61.7](#)).

### 3.2.4.61.1 Site URL Result Set

The Site URL result set contains a string for the URL of a site. The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the @WebId is NULL and the specified site collection does exist. When returned it MUST contain 1 row. The T-SQL syntax for the result set is as follows:

```
{Url} nvarchar (385)
```

**Url:** The **store-relative form** URL of the site specified by @WebSiteId and @Url. If @Url is a site, this MUST match the parameter @Url. If the parameter @Url is not contained in site collection this MUST be the top-level site.

### 3.2.4.61.2 Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set

The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the @WebId is NULL and the specified site collection does exist.

See [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), sections 2.2.6.4 - Domain Group Cache Versions Result Set for details.

### 3.2.4.61.3 Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set

The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the rules specified in the following reference are met, @WebId is NULL, and the specified site collection exists.

See [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.3](#) - Domain Group Cache Back-End Database Server Update Result Set, for details.

### 3.2.4.61.4 Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set

The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the rules specified in the following reference are met, @WebId is NULL, and the specified site collection does exist.

See [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.5](#) - Domain Group Cache Front-End Web Server Update Result Set, for details.

### 3.2.4.61.5 Site Metadata Result Set

The Site Metadata Result Set contains specialized site metadata. The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the @WebId is NULL and the specified site collection does exist. This result set MUST contain 1 row if the site is found; otherwise 0 rows MUST be returned.

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.5.23](#) - Site Metadata Result Set, for details.

### 3.2.4.61.6 Event Receivers Result Set

This result set contains information about the event receivers defined for this **event host**. The stored procedure MUST return this result set when the @WebId is NULL and the specified site collection does exist.

There MUST be 1 row in this result set for each event receiver that is registered for this event host. The result set is ordered by SiteId, WebId, HostId, Type, HostType, SequenceNumber, Assembly.

See the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.7.3](#) - Event Receivers Result Set, for schema details.

### 3.2.4.61.7 User Document Security Context Result Set

User Document Security Context Result Set contains security context for a given published user document. The stored procedure MUST return this result set when no return code error is encountered. The User Document Security Context Result Set MUST return 1 row.

The User Document Security Context Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax as follows:

```
{PersonalPartsExist}    int,  
{DraftOwnerId}          int,  
{Lists_Flags}           bigint,  
Acl                   image,  
AnonymousPermMask      bigint,  
{Level}                tinyint,  
{IsListItem}            bit;
```

**{PersonalPartsExist}**: An integer value specifying whether the document contains any **personal Web Parts**. It MUST be 1 if there exist personal Web Parts on the document. It MUST be 0 otherwise. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**{DraftOwnerId}**: The user identifier for the who published the document as a **draft**. This value MUST be 0 if the document does not exist or is not a draft.

**{Lists\_Flags}**: A big integer value that specifies the **list flags** (see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.5](#) - List Flags) on the list which contains the document as a list item. If the document is not a list item in a list, this MUST be 0.

**Acl**: The binary serialization of the ACL (see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.4.6](#) - WSS ACL Format) for the document. This is either explicitly defined or inherited from the document's parent object.

**AnonymousPermMask**: A rights mask (see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.14](#)) indicating the rights granted to an anonymous user, or to a user who has no specific rights to the document.

**{Level}**: A tiny integer value specifying the document's **publishing level** type ([MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.2.6](#)). This value MUST NOT be NULL.

**{IsListItem}**: A bit value that MUST be 1 if the document is a list item in a list, otherwise it MUST be 0. This value MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.4.62 proc\_ProvisionContentType

The **proc\_ProvisionContentType** stored procedure is called to make a site content type or site column available on a particular scope. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_ProvisionContentType(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @Scope            nvarchar(256),
    @Class            tinyint,
    @NextChildByte   tinyint,
    @Override         bit,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @ResourceDir     nvarchar(128) = NULL,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the scope where the site content type or site column is to be made available. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site in which the content type is to be made available. If the value is NULL, the top-level site will be used.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the scope that the site content type or site column is to be made available in. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@Class:** MUST be 0 if a site column is being made available. MUST be 1 if a site content type is being made available.

**@NextChildByte:** If @Class is equal to 0, this value MUST be 0x00. If @Class is equal to 1, this value MUST be a number between 0x00 and 0xFF.

**@Override:** If @Class is equal to 0, and this value is equal to 1, then this site column will replace any site column with the same content type identifier in the scope specified by the @Scope parameter, unless that site column was deployed via a feature. If @Class is equal to 1, this value MUST be 0. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the site content type or site column that is to be made available. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#). This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@ResourceDir:** The store-relative URL identifying the content type resource folder of the site content type that is being made available. This MUST be NULL if a site column is being made available.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer value which MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful execution.
29	There was an IO error.
80	The site content type or site column is already available in the scope.

**Result Sets:** If the return value is 0 or 29, this stored procedure MUST NOT return any result sets. If the return value is 80, MUST return the following result set:

### 3.2.4.62.1 Content Type Exists Result Set

This result set is returned when a site content type or site column exists in the scope specified by `@Scope` with the content type identifier specified by `@ContentTypeId`. This result set MUST contain exactly 1 row. The result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
Class          tinyint,  
ContentTypeId varbinary(512);
```

**Class:** Contains the value `@Class`.

**ContentTypeId:** Contains the value `@ContentTypeId`. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

### 3.2.4.63 proc\_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to finish a site collection upgrade. This stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession (  
    @SiteId           uniqueidentifier,  
    @SessionId        uniqueidentifier,  
    @UpgradeStatus    int,  
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@SessionId:** A unique identifier that was previously associated with this site collection by a call to **proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession**.

**@UpgradeStatus:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
2	Indicates that the site collection upgrade finished with error.
3	Indicates that the site collection upgrade finished without error.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
1	Failure. The site collection is associated with a different unique identifier.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.64 proc\_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue

The **proc\_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue** stored procedure is called to remove the site collection upgrade request if it has not yet started. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Failure. Either the site collection upgrade was never requested for this site collection by using <b>proc_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue</b> , or the site collection upgrade has started by a call to <b>proc_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession</b> .
1	Successful completion. The site collection upgrade request for the site collection is removed.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.65 proc\_RenameListItemContentType

The **proc\_RenameListItemContentType** stored procedure is called to set the content type display name field for the list items, documents or folders in a particular list in the back-end database server. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RenameListItemContentType(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @ContentTypeName nvarchar(255),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the list where the content type is to be changed.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list that uses the content type whose display name is to be changed.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the content type whose display name is to be changed. This MUST be of type tContentTypeId, section [2.2.3.1](#).

**@ContentTypeName:** The new name of the content type whose display name is to be changed. This MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

#### 3.2.4.66 proc\_ResolveWikiLinkItem

The **proc\_ResolveWikiLinkItem** stored procedure is called to determine the URL to a list item. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ResolveWikiLinkItem(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @LinkId       int,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ItemId       int,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@LinkId:** This parameter is passed back in the Resolve Wiki Link Item Result Set result set unmodified, and otherwise ignored.

**@ListId:** The GUID of the list containing the list item specified by *@ItemId*.

**@ItemId:** the ID of the list item within the list specified by *@ListId*.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set:

##### 3.2.4.66.1 Resolve Wiki Link Item Result Set

The Resolve Wiki Link Item Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
LinkId      int;
ResolvedUrl nvarchar(V_STORE_MAX_FULLURL);
```

**LinkId:** This MUST be the same value as *@LinkId*.

**ResolvedUrl:** The URL to the list item indicated by *@ItemId* in the list indicated by *@ListId*, if the list item exists. Otherwise, it MUST be NULL.

#### 3.2.4.67 proc\_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults

The **proc\_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults** stored procedure is called to retrieve results stored using the **proc\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults** (section [3.2.4.77](#)) stored procedure. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @RuleId uniqueidentifier
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection on which the health rule was run.

**@RuleId:** The GUID specifying the health rule that was run.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST return the following result set. If results for the specified health rule on the specified site collection have been stored, the result MUST contain 1 row. Otherwise, the result set must contain 0 rows.

### 3.2.4.67.1 Retrieve Site Health Check Results Result Set

The Retrieve Site Health Check Results Result Set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
Status tinyint,  
Message varchar(max),  
TimeStamp datetime
```

**Status:** The success or failure mode of the health rule that was run. MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Specifies that the site collection health rule passed. Site collection upgrade is not blocked by this site collection health rule.
1	Specifies that the site collection health rule failed with a warning. Site collection upgrade is not blocked by this site collection health rule.
2	Specifies that the site collection health rule failed with an error. Site collection upgrade is blocked by this site collection health rule.

**Message:** A message describing the results from running the health rule. This MUST NOT be NULL and MUST be an **XML** Document conforming to the format specified in section [2.2.6.3.2](#).

**TimeStamp:** The date and time when the health rule was run. This MUST NOT be NULL.

### 3.2.4.68 proc\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to retrieve information about a site collection upgrade for a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession (  
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,  
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT  
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST return a site collection upgrade info result set as defined in section [2.2.4.2](#). The result set MUST contain 0 or 1 rows.

### 3.2.4.69 proc\_SetListFormToUrl

The **proc\_SetListFormToUrl** stored procedure is called to set the default form for the **display form**, edit form, or new form for a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetListFormToUrl(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @PageUrl     nvarchar(260),
    @PageType    tinyint,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection containing the site that contains the list specified by *@ListId*.

**@WebId:** This parameter MUST be ignored.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list containing the form specified by the *@PageUrl* parameter.

**@PageUrl:** The store-relative URL that will become the default form for the list.

**@PageType:** The type of form specified by the *@PageUrl* parameter. This parameter MUST be one of the following values:

Value	Description
4	The form specified by the <i>@PageUrl</i> parameter is a display form.
6	The form specified by the <i>@PageUrl</i> parameter is an edit form.
8	The form specified by the <i>@PageUrl</i> parameter is a new form.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
126	This return code MUST be returned if any of the following conditions are met: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ The URL specified by the <i>@PageUrl</i> parameter does not exist for the site collection specified by the <i>@SiteId</i> parameter.</li><li>▪ The specified list does not already contain a form matching the specified <i>@PageType</i> parameter.</li><li>▪ The Web Part Page specified by <i>@PageUrl</i> is a customized (1) Web Part Page.</li></ul>

Value	Description
127	This return code MUST be returned if any of the following conditions are met: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ More than one URL specified by the <code>@PageUrl</code> parameter exists matching the specified <code>@PageType</code> parameter for the specified list.</li> <li>▪ The URL specified by the <code>@PageUrl</code> parameter does not match the specified <code>@PageType</code> parameter.</li> </ul>

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.70 proc\_SetSitePlatformVersion

The **proc\_SetSitePlatformVersion** stored procedure is called to set the platform version, an implementation-specific string that represents the most current version (for example 4.0.25.0 or 15.0.10.0) of upgrade actions that have been performed in site collection upgrade, to a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetListFormToUrl(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @Version     nvarchar(60),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@Version:** The version string to set to the platform version value of the site collection .

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An **integer** which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
1249	This return code MUST be returned if any error happened during the execution.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.71 proc\_SetSiteFlags

The **proc\_SetSiteFlags** stored procedure is called to set the site collection flags of a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetSiteFlags(
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @bitsToSet   int,
    @bitMask     int,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for a site collection.

**@bitsToSet:** Specifies the value of the bit flag. The valid values of the flag MUST be specified in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 2.2.1.9 - Site Collection Flags.

**@bitMask:** Specifies the mask of bits to set.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer value which MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection specified by @SiteId was not found

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.72 proc\_SetSitePortalProps

The **proc\_SetSitePortalProps** stored procedure is called to specify the portal site of a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetSitePortalProps (
    @WebSiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @SitePortalURL      nvarchar(260),
    @SitePortalName     nvarchar(255),
    @RequestGuid        uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for a site collection.

**@SitePortalURL:** The absolute URL of the portal site.

**@SitePortalName:** The name of a site in the site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection specified by @WebSiteId was not found

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.73 proc\_SetSiteProps

The **proc\_SetSiteProps** stored procedure is called to set owners for a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetSiteProps(
    @SiteId           uniqueidentifier,
    @OwnerID          int,
```

```

    @SecondaryContactID      int,
    @RequestGuid             uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for a site collection whose values are to be updated.

**@OwnerID:** The user identifier for the owner of the site collection.

**@SecondaryContactID:** The user identifier for the secondary owner for the site collection.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection specified by @SiteId was not found.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

#### 3.2.4.74 proc\_SetTpView

The **proc\_SetTpView** stored procedure is called to set the view information for a given view. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_SetTpView (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ViewXml     tCompressedBinary,
    @ViewFlags   int,
    @ViewId      uniqueidentifier,
    @Type        int,
    @DisplayName nvarchar(255)
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site identifier of the site collection that contains the view to be set.

**@ViewXml:** Information about the view to be set. This information is a compressed query expressed in **Collaborative Application Markup Language (CAML)**. See [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) for more information about **CAML**. The query is compressed by the algorithm specified in [\[RFC1950\]](#).

**@ViewFlags:** The **view flags** of the view to be updated. Refer to [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 2.2.1.11 for valid values.

**@ViewId:** The view identifier of the view to be set.

**@Type:** The **page type** of the view to be updated. Refer to [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 2.2.2.14 for valid values.

**@DisplayName:** The display name of the view to be set.

**Return values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.75 proc\_SetWebMetainfo

The **proc\_SetWebMetainfo** stored procedure is called to set metadata information for a specified site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetWebMetainfo(
    @WebSiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl nvarchar(260),
    @MetaInfo varbinary(max),
    @Flags int,
    @DefTheme nvarchar(64),
    @IncrementSiteTimeStamp bit,
    @MasterUrl nvarchar(260),
    @CustomMasterUrl nvarchar(260),
    @@WebId uniqueidentifier OUTPUT,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for a site collection.

**@WebUrl:** The store-relative URL of the site for which the metadata is being set.

**@MetaInfo:** A metadict for the site.

**@Flags:** The site property flags value specified by [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.10](#) for the site for which the metadata is being set.

**@DefTheme:** The name of a **theme** that is used as part of the display of the site.

**@IncrementSiteTimeStamp:** If the bit is 1, the last modified timestamp for the site collection MUST be updated.

**@MasterUrl:** The store-relative URL of the master page for the specified site.

**@CustomMasterUrl:** The store-relative URL of the custom master page for the specified site.

**@@WebId:** The site identifier of the site returned to caller based on the **@WebUrl** parameter.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the integers in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection specified by <b>@WebSiteId</b> or <b>@WebUrl</b> was not found, or a given <b>@WebUrl</b> is not a top-level site.
212	When adding content to the site is prevented or accessing to the site is blocked.
1816	The site collection quota for the site collection has been exceeded.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.76 proc\_SetWebUsageData

The **proc\_SetWebUsageData** stored procedure is called to store usage data for a site. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_SetWebUsageData(
    @WebSiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebUrl             nvarchar(260),
    @BlobTypeToUpdate   int,
    @UsageData           varbinary(max),
    @BWUsed              bigint,
    @UsageDataVersion    int,
    @DayLastAccessed    smallint,
    @RequestGuid         uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@WebSiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection that contains the site for which usage data is being stored. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@WebUrl:** The store-relative URL of the site for which usage data is being stored. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@BlobTypeToUpdate:** Specifies the type of usage data being stored. The possible values for this parameter MUST be one of the integers in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Specifies that daily usage data is being stored.
Not 0	Specifies that monthly usage data is being stored.

**@UsageData:** A binary structure containing usage data. The structure of the binary value is specified in the [Usage Data Binary Field Structure](#) section.

**@BWUsed:** The number of bandwidth bytes consumed by the usage data being stored. It MUST be 0 if *@BlobTypeToUpdate* is different than 0. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@UsageDataVersion:** The number of times that usage data has been stored for the site. It MUST be 0 if no previous usage data has been stored. It MUST be incremented by one after each successful completion. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@DayLastAccessed:** The number of days since January 1, 1899 until the date the usage data is stored. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site doesn't exist.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.77 proc\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults

The proc\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults stored procedure is called to store the results of running a site collection health rule. These health rules perform an implementation-independent check on the health of a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_StoreUserInfoListInfo(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @RuleId uniqueidentifier,
    @Status tinyint,
    @Message varchar(max)
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection on which the health rule was run.

**@RuleId:** The GUID specifying the health rule that was run. MUST NOT be **Guid.Empty**.

**@Status:** The success or failure mode of the health rule that was run. MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Specifies that the site collection health rule passed. Site collection upgrade is not blocked by this site collection health rule.
1	Specifies that the site collection health rule failed with a warning. Site collection upgrade is not blocked by this site collection health rule.
2	Specifies that the site collection health rule failed with an error. Site collection upgrade is blocked by this site collection health rule.

**@Message:** A message describing the result of running the health rule. MUST NOT be NULL and MUST be an XML Document conforming to the format specified in section [2.2.6.3.2](#).

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.78 proc\_StoreUserInfoListInfo

The proc\_StoreUserInfoListInfo stored procedure is called to establish the row and column of the UserData View ([\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.7.8](#) - UserData View) that will store the **user activity status** for the specified list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_StoreUserInfoListInfo(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId uniqueidentifier,
    @RowOrdinal int,
    @ColName nvarchar(64),
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the specified list.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list.

**@RowOrdinal:** A **zero-based index** integer number that identifies the row of the UserData View ([MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.7.8](#) - UserData View) in which the user activity status will be stored for the specified list.

**@ColName:** The column name of the UserData View ([MS-WSSFO2], section [2.2.7.8](#) - UserData View) in which the user activity status will be stored for the specified list.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.79 proc\_UnmapContentTypeFromList

The **proc\_UnmapContentTypeFromList** stored procedure is called to delete an association between a content type and a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UnmapContentTypeFromList(
    @SiteId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the content type resides.

**@ListId:** The list identifier that identifies the list.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the list content type being unmapped. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.80 proc\_UnmapFieldFromList

The **proc\_UnmapFieldFromList** stored procedure is called to delete the association of a field with a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UnmapFieldFromList(
    @SiteId           uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId            uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier in which the list exists.

**@WebId:** The site identifier in which the list exists.

**@ListId:** The list identifier for the list which contains the field.

**@ContentTypeId:** The field identifier in binary format. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request..

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
30	There was an IO error.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.81 proc\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType

The **proc\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType** stored procedure is called to delete an association between a site content type and the site columns mapped to it. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UnmapFieldsFromContentType(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypeId   varbinary(512),
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
)
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the content type resides.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site in which the content type resides.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the site content type from which the association is being removed. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
30	There was an IO error.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.82 proc\_UpdateContentTypeInScope

The **proc\_UpdateContentTypeInScope** stored procedure is called to update the definition of a site content type or site column. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateContentTypeInScope (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @Class        tinyint,
    @Scope        nvarchar(256),
```

```

    @ContentTypeId      varbinary(512),
    @Definition        ntext,
    @Version           int,
    @FeatureId         uniqueidentifier = NULL
    @SolutionId        uniqueidentifier = NULL
    @SetNextChildByteToZero   bit = 0
    @RequestGuid       uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@Class:** The type of record to be retrieved. The parameter MUST be in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Site column.
1	Site content type.

**@Scope:** The store-relative URL of the site in which to update the site content type or site column.

**@ContentTypeId:** The content type identifier of the site content type or site column to be updated. This MUST be of type [tContentTypeId](#).

**@Definition:** The XML fragment of the site content type or site column. The XML schemas for these structures are defined in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.4.6 and [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.3.2.9.

**@Version:** The version of the site content type or site column to update.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature used to update the site content type or site column. If the site content type or site column was not updated via a feature it MUST be NULL.

**@SolutionId:** Specifies the solution identifier of the solution used to update the site content type or site column. If the site content type or site column was not updated via a solution, it MUST be NULL.

**@SetNextChildByteToZero:** Specifies if the NextChildByte column is set to 0 for the site content type. When the value of the parameter is 1, the NextChildByte column MUST be set to 0 for the site content type. When the value of the parameter is 0, the NextChildByte column MUST remain the current value for the site content type.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
2	The requested site content type or site column does not exist.
212	The site collection is <b>locked</b> .
1150	The @Version parameter doesn't match the version of the existing record in the back-end database server.
1816	The site collection quota for the specified site collection has been exceeded.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.83 proc\_UpdateFeatureProperties

The **proc\_UpdateFeatureProperties** stored procedure is called to update the **Feature Property Definitions** (section [2.2.6.3.1](#)) of a feature marked as active. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateFeatureProperties(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel int,
    @Flags int = 0,
    @Properties nvarchar(max) = NULL,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the feature is marked active.

**@WebId:** MUST be a site identifier containing the NULL GUID if the feature is scoped to a site collection. Otherwise, this parameter is the site identifier of a site that exists in the site collection in which the feature is marked active.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of the feature for which the properties are updated.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the feature. The value MUST be an integer which is listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@Flags:** MUST be 0.

**@Properties:** An XML fragment that specifies the feature which MUST conform to the XML schema defined in **Feature Property Definitions**. If the **@Properties** parameter is NULL, then the **Feature Property Definitions** MUST be empty.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection or site (2) does not exist, or the feature is not marked active in the site collection or site (2).

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.84 proc\_UpdateFeatureVersion

This stored procedure updates the version of the specified feature. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateFeatureVersion (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @FeatureId    uniqueidentifier,
    @SolutionLevel int,
    @Version      nvarchar(64)
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection in which the feature exists.

**@WebId:** If the feature is site collection feature scoped, this parameter MUST be a NULL GUID. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to the site identifier of the site in which the feature exists.

**@FeatureId:** The feature identifier of an existing feature whose version will be updated. This parameter MUST NOT be NULL.

**@SolutionLevel:** Specifies the installation state of the feature. The value MUST be one of the integers listed in the following table:

Value	Name	Description
1	Active	Solution is in installed active state.
2	Installing	Installation or upgrade of the solution is in progress.
3	Previous	Solution is from a previous installation.

**@Version:** The new version for the feature.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	The version for the specified feature was updated successfully.
3	The version for the specified feature failed to be updated.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.85 proc\_UpdateListContentTypes

The **proc\_UpdateListContentTypes** stored procedure is called to update the list content types available on a given list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateListContentTypes (
    @SiteId      uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId       uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId      uniqueidentifier,
    @ContentTypes tCompressedString,
    @ContentTypesSize int,
```

```

    @Version          int,
    @RequestGuid     uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection that contains the requested site.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site that contains the requested list.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the list to be updated.

**@ContentTypes:** The XML fragment that defines the list content types for the list specified by *@ListId*. The XML schemas for this structure is defined in [\[MS-WSCAML\]](#), section Content Type References. The fragment is compressed by the algorithm specified in [\[RFC1950\]](#).

**@ContentTypesSize:** The size in bytes of the *@ContentTypes* parameter.

**@Version:** The version of the list to update.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The requested site or list does not exist.
29	There was an IO error.
1150	<i>@Version</i> is not the current version of the list.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.86 proc\_UpdateListFields

The **proc\_UpdateListFields** stored procedure is called to add one or more fields to a list, or to update the field definition of one or more fields in a list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```

PROCEDURE proc_UpdateListFields(
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId           uniqueidentifier,
    @ListId          uniqueidentifier,
    @Fields          varbinary(max),
    @fieldsSize      int,
    @ContentTypes    varbinary(max),
    @contentTypesSize int,
    @Version         int,
    @UpdateListFieldsFlags int = 1,
    @FieldIdDeleted uniqueidentifier = NULL,
    @VersionDelta    int = 1
);

```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier in which the list exists.

**@WebId:** The site identifier of the site containing the list.

**@ListId:** The list identifier of the specified list.

**@Fields:** The version number followed by an XML fragment of the field definitions. The XML schema for this structure is specified in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.3.2.9.

**@fieldsSize:** The size in bytes of the @Fields parameter.

**@ContentTypes:** The updated XML fragment of the content types used by the specified list. The content types XML is not modified if this is NULL. The XML schema for this structure is specified in [\[MS-WSSCAML\]](#) section 2.4.6.

**@contentTypesSize:** The size in bytes of the @ContentTypes parameter.

**@Version:** The version of the list's metadata.

**@UpdateListFieldsFlags:** An integer value which MUST consist of one or more bit flags defined in the following table:

Value	Description
1	Indicates whether the field schema, as specified in [MS-WSSCAML], section <a href="#">2.3.2.9</a> – FieldDefinitions Type, for this list has been modified.
2	Indicates that the field schema, as specified in [MS-WSSCAML], section <a href="#">2.3.2.9</a> – FieldDefinitions Type, has been updated, and the only change is the build number in the version string.

**@FieldIdDeleted:** This parameter MUST be NULL.

**@VersionDelta:** The integer value by which the version of list metadata should be incremented.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site collection or site does not exist.
212	Adding content to the site is prevented or access to the site is blocked.
1150	A concurrency violation occurred. The version specified by @Version does not exist for the list specified by @ListId.
1816	The site collection quota for the site collection has been exceeded.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.87 proc\_UpdateSiteHashKey

The **proc\_UpdateSiteHashKey** stored procedure is called to update the random set of bytes used to generate the **form digest validation** of a site collection. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateSiteHashKey(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
```

```
        @SiteHashKey          binary(16),
        @RequestGuid           uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
    );
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection.

**@SiteHashKey:** A random set of 16 bytes that will be used to generate the form digest validation. MUST NOT be NULL.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which the protocol client MUST ignore.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.88 proc\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession

The **proc\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession** stored procedure is called to update progress about a site collection upgrade. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession (
    @SiteId          uniqueidentifier,
    @SessionId        uniqueidentifier,
    @SessionXML       nvarchar(max),
    @UpgradeStatus    int,
    @ErrorCount       int,
    @WarningCount     int,
    @LogFileLocation  nvarchar(260),
    @RequestGuid      uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier of the site collection whose site collection upgrade progress is being reported.

**@SessionId:** A unique identifier that is associated with the site collection with **proc\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession**.

**@SessionXML:** Contains implementation-specific data about the current status of the site collection upgrade, but otherwise opaque to the back-end database server.

**@UpgradeStatus:** Contains the current [upgrade status](#) of the site collection upgrade.

**@ErrorCount:** The number of errors for the site collection upgrade.

**@WarningCount:** The number of warnings for the site collection upgrade.

**@LogFileLocation:** The site-relative URL of the file that contains the site collection upgrade log. MUST be the empty string if there is no log file.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	Successful completion.
1	Failed. The site collection is associated with a different unique identifier for site collection upgrade.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.89 proc\_UpdateTpWebMetaData

The **proc\_UpdateTpWebMetaData** stored procedure is called to update metadata for an existing site. The T-SQL syntax for the stored procedure is as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_UpdateTpWebMetaData(
    @SiteId uniqueidentifier,
    @WebId uniqueidentifier,
    @Title nvarchar(255),
    @Description nvarchar(max),
    @Version int,
    @WebTemplate int,
    @Language int,
    @Locale int,
    @Collation smallint,
    @TimeZone smallint,
    @Time24 bit,
    @CalendarType smallint,
    @AdjustHijriDays smallint,
    @AltCalendarType tinyint,
    @CalendarViewOptions tinyint,
    @WorkDays smallint,
    @WorkDayStartHour smallint,
    @WorkDayEndHour smallint,
    @Config smallint,
    @Flags int,
    @Author int,
    @DefTheme nvarchar(64),
    @AlternateCSSUrl nvarchar(260),
    @CustomizedCss nvarchar(260),
    @CustomJSUrl nvarchar(260),
    @AlternateHeaderUrl nvarchar(260),
    @ExternalSecurityProvider uniqueidentifier,
    @MasterUrl nvarchar(260),
    @CustomMasterUrl nvarchar(260),
    @SiteLogoUrl nvarchar(260),
    @SiteLogoDescription nvarchar(255),
    @AllowMUI bit,
    @TitleResource nvarchar(256),
    @DescriptionResource nvarchar(256),
    @AlternateMUIcultures nvarchar(max),
    @OverwriteMUIcultures bit,
    @TemplateVersion smallint,
    @UIVersion tinyint,
    @ClientTag smallint,
    @TimeCreated datetime = NULL,
    @TimeLastModified datetime = NULL,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
```

) ;

**@SiteId:** The site collection identifier for the site collection containing the site.

**@WebId:** The site identifier for the site whose metadata is to be updated.

**@Title:** The title for the site. If the value is NULL, then the existing value is not updated.

**@Description:** The description of the site. If the value is NULL, then the existing value is not updated.

**@Version:** The version of the metadata for this site, before this update. If the caller does not specify the correct version, the update will fail.

**@WebTemplate:** The identifier of the site definition that contains the site definition configuration used to provision the site. If the value is -1, then the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@Language:** The language code identifier (LCID) associated with the site. This specifies the current **UI culture**, which determines the language resources used to display text and images to the user of the front-end Web server. If the value is zero, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@Locale:** The LCID associated with the site which is used to determine the current culture for **locale settings**. If the value is zero, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@Collation:** The collation order of the site which indicates an additional **sort order** that should be processed by the back-end database server. The collation method is an implementation-specific capability of the front-end Web server and back-end database server. If the value is -1, then the existing value is not updated.

**@TimeZone:** The time zone identifier for the **time zone** that MUST be used when displaying time values for this site. If the value is -1, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@Time24:** If set to 1, a 24-hour time format MUST be used when displaying time values for this site; otherwise, a 12-hour time format MUST be used.

**@CalendarType:** The calendar type that SHOULD be used when processing date values for this site. If the value is -1, then the existing value is not updated. (For more information about a calendar type, see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.3.3 – Calendar Type](#).)

**@AdjustHijriDays:** If the **@CalendarType** value is 6, this specifies the number of days to extend or reduce the current month in Hijri calendars for this site.

**@AltCalendarType:** The calendar type of an alternate calendar for processing date values for this site. If the value is NULL, only the **@CalendarType** value is used for this site. If the value is -1, then the existing value is not updated. (For more information about a calendar type, see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.3.3 – Calendar Type](#).)

**@CalendarViewOptions:** A Calendar View Options Type which specifies the calendar display options setting for this site. (For more information see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.4.1 – Calendar View Options Type](#).)

**@WorkDays:** A set of Workdays Flags which specify the week days defined as the work week for this site. (For more information about Workdays Flags, see [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [2.2.2.13 – Workdays Flag](#).)

**@WorkDayStartHour:** The start time of the work day, in minutes after midnight for this site.

**@WorkDayEndHour:** The end time of the work day, in minutes after midnight for this site.

**@Config:** An identifier of the site definition used to provision this site. If the value is -1, then the existing value is not updated.

**@Flags:** A site property flags (see [MS-WSSFO2], section 2.2.2.10) value describing the configuration of this site. If the value is NULL, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@Author:** The user identifier of the user who is listed as the creator of this site. If the value is NULL, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@DefTheme:** The name of a theme that is used as part of the display of the site.

**@AlternateCSSUrl:** The URL for a custom **cascading style sheet (CSS)** file registered on the site for use in pages of the site.

**@CustomizedCss:** This contains a list of custom **CSS** files associated with this site.

**@CustomJSUrl:** The store-relative URL for a custom JScript file registered on the site for use in pages of the site.

**@AlternateHeaderUrl:** The store-relative URL for a custom header **HTML** page registered on the site for use in pages of the site when rendered on the front-end Web server.

**@ExternalSecurityProvider:** The **class identifier (CLSID)** of the external security provider for this site. This MUST be NULL for sites using the default security implementation.

**@MasterUrl:** The store-relative URL of the master page for the specified site. If the value is NULL, the existing value is not updated.

**@CustomMasterUrl:** The store-relative URL for the custom master page for a given site. If the value is NULL, the existing value is not updated.

**@SiteLogoUrl:** The store-relative URL of an image that represents the site, used for display in the user interface.

**@SiteLogoDescription:** The description of the image that represents the site, used for display in the user interface.

**@AllowMUI:** A bit which indicates whether the **multilingual user interface (MUI)** feature is enabled. The MUI feature is enabled when @AllowMUI is 1, otherwise the feature is not enabled.

**@TitleResource:** The **resource token** or **resource identifier** of the title for the site whose metadata is to be updated.

**@DescriptionResource:** The resource token or resource identifier of the description for the site whose metadata is to be updated.

**@AlternateMUCultures:** The string that contains the distinct language code identifier (LCID) for all the alternate language(s) of the site. Every element MUST be separated by semicolon. The general format is specified as follows.

(<Language Identifier>;<Language Identifier>;...<Language Identifier>)

**@OverwriteMUCultures:** A bit which specifies whether the changes made to user-specified text in the default language should automatically overwrite the existing translations made in all alternate languages. If the value is 1, the translations MUST be overwritten.

**@TemplateVersion:** A property that shows the revision of a site definition used in the site definition to define the base structure of the site. If the value is -1, the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@UIVersion:** A **user interface (UI) version** number that represents the user interface of the site.

**@ClientTag:** An integer that represents the application file cache version for files in the site.

**@TimeCreated:** The time that the site is created. This MUST be in UTC format. If the value is NULL, then the existing value MUST NOT be updated.

**@TimeLastModified:** The timestamp in UTC format that specifies the last time the metadata of this site was modified by any user. If **@TimeLastModified** is NULL then the **LastMetadataChange** timestamp MUST be updated to the system time of the back-end database server.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be one of the values in the following table:

Value	Description
0	Successful completion.
3	The site specified by <b>@WebId</b> does not exist
1150	Failed to update, as the value specified by <b>@Version</b> does not match the version of the site metadata being updated.

**Result Sets:** MUST NOT return any result sets.

### 3.2.4.90 proc\_GetFollowableLists

The **proc\_ GetFollowableLists** stored procedure returns a list of the **followable lists** in a content database, along with metadata about each list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_ GetFollowableLists (
    @LastItemModifiedDate datetime,
    @ListId uniqueidentifier,
    @RowLimit int,
    @RequestGuid uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
);
```

**@LastItemModifiedDate:** A value to be used to filter which followable lists are returned. Only lists whose last item modified dates are less than or equal to this value MUST be returned.

**@ListId:** A value to be used to filter which followable lists are returned. For lists whose last item modified date is equal to **@LastItemModifiedDate**, only lists whose list identifier is greater than **@ListId** MUST to be returned.

**@RowLimit:** The number of rows returned MUST not exceed this value.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

### 3.2.4.90.1 Followed List Result Set

This result set returns the list of followable lists specified by the input parameters. The result set MUST return 1 row for each followable list. The result set MUST be sorted in descending order according to the **Modified** value and within that ascending order according to the **ListID** value. This result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
SubscriptionId      uniqueidentifier,  
HostHeader         nvarchar(128),  
BitFlags           int,  
SiteId,            uniqueidentifier,  
tp_WebId          uniqueidentifier,  
ListID             uniqueidentifier,  
Modified           datetime,  
LastDeleted        datetime,  
D.DirName          nvarchar(256),  
D.LeafName         nvarchar(128);
```

**SubscriptionId:** MUST contain the GUID of the implementation-specific subscription feature for the site collection containing the list or NULL if the list or site collection does not exist.

**HostHeader:** For the site collection containing the list, this MUST contain the Host Header string associated with the site collection or NULL if the list or site collection does not exist.

**BitFlags:** MUST contain a site collection flags value describing the site collection containing the list or NULL if the list or site collection does not exist.

**SiteId:** MUST contain the site collection identifier of the site collection containing the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**tp\_WebId:** MUST contain the identifier of the site containing the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**ListId:** MUST contain the identifier of the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**Modified:** MUST contain the time in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) specifying when an item in the list was last modified or NULL if the list does not exist.

**LastDeleted:** MUST contain the time in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) specifying when an item in the list was last deleted, the creation time of the list if no items from the list have ever been deleted, or NULL if the list does not exist.

**D.DirName:** MUST contain the directory name of the location that contains the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**D.LeafName:** MUST contain the leaf name of the location that contains the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

### 3.2.4.91 proc\_GetLastItemModifiedDate

The **proc\_GetLastItemModifiedDate** stored procedure takes as a parameter as list of lists and returns metadata about each list. The stored procedure is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

```
PROCEDURE proc_GetLastItemModifiedDate (   
    @LastItemModifiedTable  tvpLastItemModified READONLY,  
    @RequestGuid           uniqueidentifier = NULL OUTPUT
```

) ;

**@LastItemModifiedTable:** A tvpLastItemModified type as defined in 2.2.7.1 specifying the list of lists for which metadata is being requested.

**@RequestGuid:** The optional request identifier for the current request.

**Return Code Values:** An integer which MUST be 0.

### 3.2.4.91.1 List Result Set

This result set returns the metadata about the list of lists specified by the input parameters. The result set MUST return 1 row for each list about which metadata is requested. This result set is defined using T-SQL syntax, as follows:

ArrayIndex	int,
WebId	uniqueidentifier,
ListId	uniqueidentifier,
Modified	datetime,
LastDeleted	datetime;

**ArrayIndex:** An integer value representing the list's index in the array.

**WebId:** MUST contain the identifier of the site containing the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**ListId:** MUST contain the identifier of the list or NULL if the list does not exist.

**Modified:** MUST contain the time in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) specifying when an item in the list was last modified or NULL if the list does not exist.

**LastDeleted:** MUST contain the time in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) specifying when an item in the list was last deleted, the creation time of the list if no items from the list have ever been deleted, or NULL if the list does not exist.

## 3.2.5 Timer Events

If the execution timeout event is triggered, the execution of the stored procedure is terminated and the call fails.

## 3.2.6 Other Local Events

No other local events impact the operation of this protocol.

## 3.3 Front-End Web Server Client Details

The front-end Web server acts as a client when it calls the back-end database server requesting execution of stored procedures.

### 3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations

adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The front-end Web server can maintain the following sets of data for this protocol within object structures. There is no requirement for the data within these structures to be a complete representation of all data maintained on the back-end database server, but can be populated as various requests to the back-end database server are fulfilled. Data maintained on the front-end Web server can be discarded after individual sequences of requests have finished as part of a response for a higher level event.

- Configuration
- Site collections
- Sites
- Lists
- List items
- Documents
- Users
- Groups

### **3.3.2 Timers**

A connection timeout timer is set up on the front-end Web server to govern the total connection time for any requests to the back-end database server. The amount of time is governed by a timeout value configured on the front-end Web server for all back-end database server connections.

### **3.3.3 Initialization**

The front-end Web server MUST validate the user making the request before calling the stored procedure(s). The site collection identifier and the user identifier for the user making the request are looked up by the front-end Web server before calling additional stored procedure(s).

### **3.3.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules**

The front-end Web server handles each stored procedure with the same processing method of calling the stored procedure and waiting for the Result Code and any result sets that will be returned.

The front-end Web server can execute dynamically generated SQL queries against the stored procedures, or the Tables and Views used within the database. However, unless otherwise specified, any data addition, removal, or modification MUST occur only by calling the listed stored procedures. SQL queries MUST NOT attempt to add, remove, or update data in any Table or view in the Content or Configuration databases, unless explicitly described in this section.

### **3.3.5 Timer Events**

If the connection timeout event is triggered, the connection and the stored procedure call fails.

### **3.3.6 Other Local Events**

No other local events impact the operation of this protocol.

Preliminary

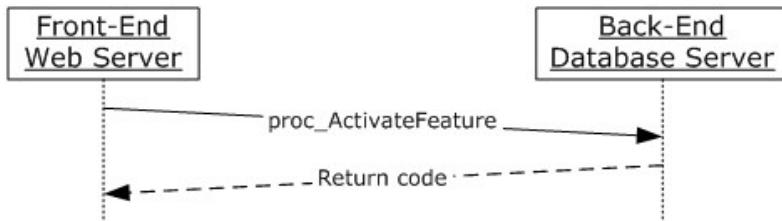
## 4 Protocol Examples

### 4.1 Features

This section provides examples that show how to activate and deactivate a feature.

#### 4.1.1 Activate a Feature at a Site

This scenario is initiated when a feature is activated for a site.



**Figure 2: Activate a Feature at a Site**

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

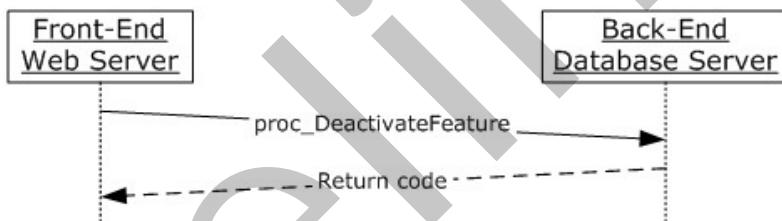
1. The scope of the feature is that of a site.
2. The feature does not have any activation dependencies.

The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server attempts to activate the specified feature by calling the [proc\\_ActivateFeature](#) stored procedure.
2. The back-end database server returns an output Return Code indicating the result of the action.

#### 4.1.2 Deactivate a Feature at a Site

This scenario is initiated when a feature is deactivated for a site.



**Figure 3: Deactivate a Feature at a Site**

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

1. The scope of the feature is that of a site.
2. The feature does not have any activation dependencies.

The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server attempts to deactivate the specified feature by calling the [proc\\_DeactivateFeature](#) stored procedure.
2. The back-end database server returns an output Return Code indicating the result of the action.

## 4.2 Content Types and Columns

This section provides specific example scenarios for end-to-end content types and columns management in the back-end database server. These examples describe in detail the process of communication between the various server components involved. In conjunction with the detailed protocol documentation, this information is intended to provide an example of how a front-end Web server communicates with a back-end database server.

### 4.2.1 Create, Rename, and Delete a Text Column

Scenario 1: Jonathan is getting together a team for a 24 hour skiing event. Based on his experience from the previous year, he realized that snowboarders are more competitive than skiers. To keep track of the participants he created a list on a site called "Ski Team". Jonathan created a "snowboarder" site content type and added it to the "Ski Team" list. The following communication between front-end Web server and the back-end database server illustrates an example of the communication that takes place:

1. The front-end Web server calls the [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.2 - proc\\_CreateDir](#) (defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) section 3.1.5.8) stored procedure with the following parameters to create a new directory under 'Lists/Ski Team' called 'snowboarder':

```
EXEC proc_CreateDir
@DirSiteId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',
@DirWebId = 'DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA',
@DirDirName = N'Lists/Ski Team',
@DirLeafName = N'snowboarder',
@DirLevel = 1,
@AddMinorVersion = 0,
@DocFlags = 0,
@CreateDirFlags = 16;
```

2. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
3. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to update the list content types XML fragment for the "Ski Team" list:

```
EXEC proc_UpdateListContentTypes
@SiteId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',
@WebId = 'DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA',
@ListId = '44E6723A-9894-4763-9B7D-27210B80B73D',
@val = N'<ContentType ID="0x0100AFC3898D5EA38D4E83884A182F5AD5E7" Name="Item"
Group="List Content Types" Description="Create a new list item." Version="0"
FeatureId="{695b6570-a48b-4a8e-8ea5-26ea7fc1d162}"><Folder
TargetName="Item"/><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}"
Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title"
Required="TRUE" ShowInNewForm="TRUE"
ShowInEditForm="TRUE"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlDocument
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2h1bWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb2ludC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TG1zdEZvcml08l0RpC3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcml08l0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlDocument></XmlDocuments></ContentType><
ContentType ID="0x01200087D0207666989447AC0E70B27EDEE926" Name="Folder" Group="Folder
Content-Type" />
```

```

Content Types" Description="Create a new folder." Sealed="TRUE" Version="0"
FeatureId="{695b6570-a48b-4a8e-8ea5-26ea7fc1d162}"><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-
787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}" Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-
b863-0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title" Required="FALSE" Hidden="TRUE"/><FieldRef
ID="{8553196d-ec8d-4564-9861-3dbe931050c8}" Name="FileLeafRef" Required="TRUE"
Hidden="FALSE"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlDocument
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2h1bWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb2ludC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TG1zdEZvcm08L0Rp3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlDocument></XmlDocuments></ContentType><
ContentType
ID="0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E0078487DD373026C438B946D85BC4F2788"
Name="snowboarder" Group="Custom Content Types" Version="11"><Folder
TargetName="snowboarder"/><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-
cf6ab767f12d}" Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-
0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title" Required="TRUE" ShowInNewForm="TRUE"
ShowInEditForm="TRUE"/><FieldRef ID="{203fa378-6eb8-4ed9-a4f9-221a4c1fbf46}"
Name="Hobbies" Required="FALSE" Hidden="FALSE" ReadOnly="FALSE" PIATarget=""
PrimaryPIATarget="" PrimaryPIAttribute="" Aggregation=""
Node="/"><FieldRef ID="{1020c8a0-837a-4f1b-baa1-e35aff6da169}"
Name="_Photo"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlDocument
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2h1bWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb2ludC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TG1zdEZvcm08L0Rp3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlDocument></XmlDocuments></ContentType><
ContentType ID="0x01"/><ContentType ID="0x0120"/>',
@Version = 69;
```

4. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
5. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_MapContentTypeToList](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to associate the "snowboarder" list content type with the "Ski Team" list:

```

EXEC proc_MapContentTypeToList
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecd',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ListId = '44e6723a-9894-4763-9b7d-27210b80b73d',
@ContentTypeId =
0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E0078487DD373026C438B946D85BC4F2788,
@Class = 1;
```

6. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
7. The front-end Web server calls the [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to update the list columns in the "Ski Team" list:

```

EXEC proc_UpdateListFields
@SiteId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',
@WebId = 'DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA',
@ListId = '44E6723A-9894-4763-9B7D-27210B80B73D',
@Fields = N'12.0.0.6219.0.0<FieldRef Name="ContentTypeId"/><FieldRef Name="Title"
ColName="nvarchar1"/><FieldRef Name="_ModerationComments" ColName="ntext1"/><FieldRef
Name="File_x0020_Type" ColName="nvarchar2"/><Field ID="{203FA378-6EB8-4ed9-A4F9-
221A4C1FBF46}" Name="Hobbies" DisplayName="Hobbies" Group="Core Contact and Calendar
Columns" Type="Text" Sealed="TRUE" AllowDeletion="TRUE" Customization=""
SourceID="{44e6723a-9894-4763-9b7d-27210b80b73d}" StaticName="Hobbies"
ColName="nvarchar3" RowOrdinal="0"/><Field Name="_Photo" ID="{1020c8a0-837a-4f1b-baa1-
e35aff6da169}" StaticName="_Photo"
SourceID="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3" DisplayName="Contact Photo"
Group="Core Contact and Calendar Columns" Type="URL" Format="Image" Sealed="TRUE"
```

```

Sortable="FALSE" AllowDeletion="TRUE" Customization="" ColName="nvarchar4"
RowOrdinal="0" ColName2="nvarchar5" RowOrdinal2="0"/> <Field RowOrdinal="0"
Type="Choice" Format="Dropdown" FillInChoice="FALSE" Sealed="FALSE" Name="ContentType"
ColName="tp_ContentType" SourceID="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3"
ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}" DisplayName="Content Type"
StaticName="ContentType" Group="_Hidden" PIAttribute="ContentTypeID"><Default>Item</Default><CHOICES><CHOICE>Item</CHOICE><CHOICE>Folder</CHOICE><CHOICE>snowboarder</CHOICE></CHOICES></Field>',
@ContentTypes = NULL,
@Version = 70;

```

8. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.

Scenario 2: One of the columns in the "snowboarder" site content type is "Hobbies". Jonathan thought it would be nice to know what else his teammates enjoy besides snowboarding. Jonathan's friend David asked to make the "Hobbies" column a Required field. This was done to make sure that no one on the team likes to ski in their spare time from snowboarding. Jonathan agreed that it's a good idea and changed the properties of the "Hobbies" column in the "snowboarder" site content type to make it a Required field. The following communication between the front-end Web server and the back-end database server was used to do this:

1. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to update the XML fragment that defines the "snowboarder" site content type:

```

EXEC proc_UpdateContentTypeInScope
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecf',
@Class = 1,
@Scope = N'',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E,
@Version = 15,
@Definition = N'<ContentType ID="0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E"
Name="snowboarder" Group="Custom Content Types" Version="13"><Folder
TargetName="_cts/snowboarder" /><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-
cf6ab767f12d}" Name="ContentType" /><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-
0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title" Required="TRUE" ShowInNewForm="TRUE" ShowInEditForm="TRUE"
/><FieldRef ID="{203fa378-6eb8-4ed9-a4f9-221a4c1fbff46}" Name="Hobbies" Required="TRUE"
Hidden="FALSE" Customization="" ReadOnly="FALSE" PIAttribute="" PrimaryPIAttribute=""
PrimaryPIAttribute="" Aggregation="" Node="" /><FieldRef ID="{1020c8a0-
837a-4f1b-baa1-e35aff6da169}" Name="Photo" /></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlDocument
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1sbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2h1bWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb2ludC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TGlzdEZvcm08L0RpC3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlDocument></XmlDocuments></ContentType>';

```

2. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
3. The front-end Web server calls the [proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to remove the association between the "snowboarder" site content type and all site columns that it uses.

```

EXEC proc_UnmapFieldsFromContentType
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecf',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E;

```

4. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
5. The front-end Web server calls the [proc\\_MapFieldToContentType](#) stored procedure four times as follows to add an association between the "snowboarder" site content type and each of the four site columns that it uses.

```

EXEC proc_MapFieldToContentType
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecd',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E,
@FieldId = 'c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d';
EXEC proc_MapFieldToContentType
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecd',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E,
@FieldId = 'fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-0177e6ddd247';
EXEC proc_MapFieldToContentType
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecd',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E,
@FieldId = '203fa378-6eb8-4ed9-a4f9-221a4c1fbfb46';
EXEC proc_MapFieldToContentType
@SiteId = '59e2191d-fca4-4061-8a2c-7edb5fc9fecd',
@WebId = 'dd1f4f41-8cf7-4f78-b41d-a3d5836900da',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E,
@FieldId = '1020c8a0-837a-4f1b-baa1-e35aff6da169';

```

6. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets each of the four times.
7. The front-end Web server calls the [proc\\_ListDerivedContentTypes](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to fetch all content types that inherit from the "snowboarder" site content type to propagate the change.

```

EXEC proc_ListDerivedContentTypes
@SiteId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',
@ContentTypeId = 0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E;

```

8. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and two result sets including the **Derived List Content Types result set**, which contains the content type identifier of the "snowboarder" list content type used in "Ski Team" list.

ContentTypeId	WebId	ListId
0x010030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E0078487DD373026C438B946D85BC4F2788	DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA	44E6723A-9894-4763-9B7D-27210B80B73D

1. The front-end Web server calls the [proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes](#) stored procedure with the following parameters to update the list content types XML fragment for the "Ski Team" list:

```

EXEC proc_UpdateListContentTypes
@SiteId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',

```

```

@WebId = 'DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA',
@ListId = '44E6723A-9894-4763-9B7D-27210B80B73D',
@val = N'<ContentType ID="0x0100AFC3898D5EA38D4E83884A182F5AD5E7" Name="Item"
Group="List Content Types" Description="Create a new list item." Version="0"
FeatureId="{695b6570-a48b-4a8e-8ea5-26ea7fc1d162}"><Folder
TargetName="Item"/><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}"
Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title"
Required="TRUE" ShowInNewForm="TRUE"
ShowInEditForm="TRUE"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlElement
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2hlbWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb21udC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TGlzdEZvcm08L0Rp3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlElement></XmlDocuments></ContentType>
<ContentType ID="0x01200087D0207666989447AC0E70B27EDEE926" Name="Folder" Group="Folder
Content Types" Description="Create a new folder." Sealed="TRUE" Version="0"
FeatureId="{695b6570-a48b-4a8e-8ea5-26ea7fc1d162}"><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-
787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}" Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-
b863-0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title" Required="FALSE" Hidden="TRUE"/><FieldRef
ID="{8553196d-ec8d-4564-9861-3dbe931050c8}" Name="FileLeafRef" Required="TRUE"
Hidden="FALSE"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlElement
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2hlbWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb21udC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TGlzdEZvcm08L0Rp3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlElement></XmlDocuments></ContentType>
<ID="0x10030FB45D373D641489EE87FA33528FD4E0078487DD373026C438B946D85BC4F2788"
Name="snowboarder" Group="Custom Content Types" Version="12"><Folder
TargetName="snowboarder"/><FieldRefs><FieldRef ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-
cf6ab767f12d}" Name="ContentType"/><FieldRef ID="{fa564e0f-0c70-4ab9-b863-
0177e6ddd247}" Name="Title" Required="TRUE" ShowInNewForm="TRUE"
ShowInEditForm="TRUE"/><FieldRef ID="{203fa378-6eb8-4ed9-a4f9-221a4c1fbf46}"
Name="Hobbies" Required="TRUE" Hidden="FALSE" Customization="" ReadOnly="FALSE"
PITarget="" PrimaryPITarget="" PIAttribute="" PrimaryPIAttribute="" Aggregation=""
Nodes""/><FieldRef ID="{1020c8a0-837a-4f1b-baa1-e35aff6da169}"
Name="_Photo"/></FieldRefs><XmlDocuments><XmlElement
NamespaceURI="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3/contenttype/forms">PEZvcmlUZW
1wbGF0ZXMeG1lsbnM9Imh0dHA6Ly9zY2hlbWFzLm1pY3Jvc29mdC5jb20vc2hhcmVwb21udC92My9jb250ZW50
dHlwZS9mb3JtcyI+PERpc3BsYXk+TGlzdEZvcm08L0Rp3BsYXk+PEVkaXQ+TG1zdEZvcm08L0VkaXQ+PE51dz
5MaXN0Rm9ybTwvTmV3PjwvRm9ybVR1bXBsYXRlcz4=</XmlElement></XmlDocuments></ContentType>
<ContentType ID="0x01"/><ContentType ID="0x0120"/>',
@Version = 71;
```

2. The back-end database server returns a Return Code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.
3. The front-end Web server calls the `proc_UpdateListFields` stored procedure with the following parameters to update the list columns in the "Ski Team" list:

```

EXEC proc_UpdateListFields
@WebId = '59E2191D-FCA4-4061-8A2C-7EDB5FC9FECD',
@WebId = 'DD1F4F41-8CF7-4F78-B41D-A3D5836900DA',
@ListId = '44E6723A-9894-4763-9B7D-27210B80B73D',
@Fields = N'12.0.0.6219.0.0<FieldRef Name="ContentTypeId"/><FieldRef Name="Title"
ColName="nvarchar1"/><FieldRef Name="_ModerationComments" ColName="ntext1"/><FieldRef
Name="File_x0020_Type" ColName="nvarchar2"/><Field ID="{203FA378-6EB8-4ed9-A4F9-
221A4C1FBF46}" Name="Hobbies" DisplayName="Hobbies" Group="Core Contact and Calendar
Columns" Type="Text" Sealed="TRUE" AllowDeletion="TRUE" Customization=""
SourceID="{44e6723a-9894-4763-9b7d-27210b80b73d}" StaticName="Hobbies"
ColName="nvarchar3" RowOrdinal="0"/><Field Name="_Photo" ID="{1020c8a0-837a-4f1b-baa1-
e35aff6da169}" StaticName="_Photo"
SourceID="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3" DisplayName="Contact Photo"
Group="Core Contact and Calendar Columns" Type="URL" Format="Image" Sealed="TRUE"
Sortable="FALSE" AllowDeletion="TRUE" Customization="" ColName="nvarchar4"
```

```

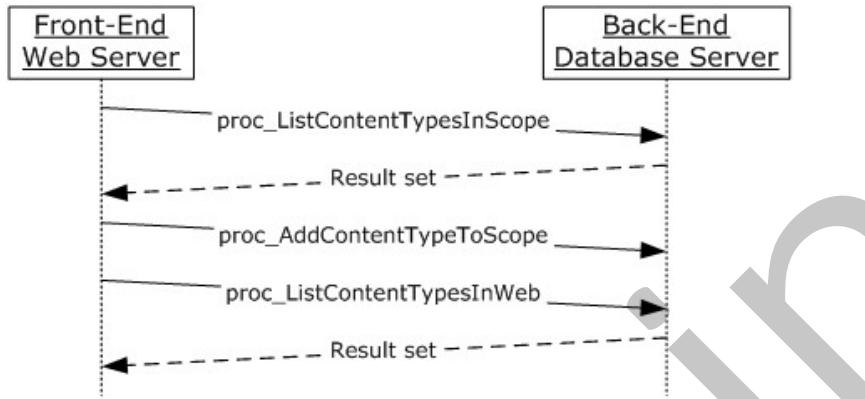
RowOrdinal="0" ColName2="nvarchar5" RowOrdinal2="0"/> <Field RowOrdinal="0"
Type="Choice" Format="Dropdown" FillInChoice="FALSE" Sealed="FALSE" Name="ContentType"
ColName="tp_ContentType" SourceID="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/v3"
ID="{c042a256-787d-4a6f-8a8a-cf6ab767f12d}" DisplayName="Content Type"
StaticName="ContentType" Group="_Hidden" PIType="MicrosoftWindowsSharePointServices"
PIAttribute="ContentTypeID"><Default>Item</Default><CHOICES><CHOICE>Item</CHOICE><CHOICE>Folder</CHOICE><CHOICE>snowboarder</CHOICE></CHOICES></Field>',
@ContentTypes = NULL,
@Version = 72;

```

4. The back-end database server returns a return code of 0, indicating success and no result sets.

#### 4.2.2 Create a Text Site Column

This scenario is initiated when a site column is created for a site.



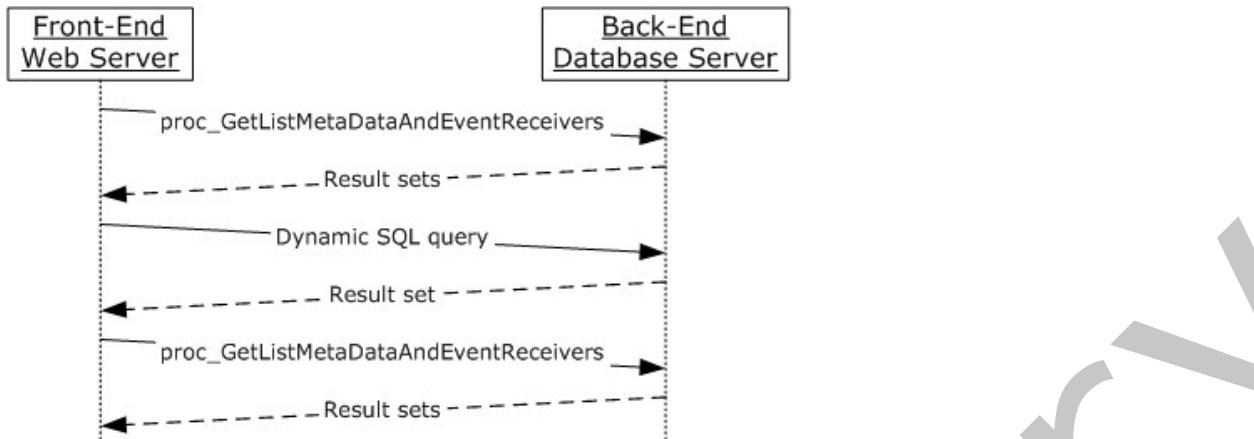
**Figure 4: Create a Text Site Column**

The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server queries the site columns information by calling the `proc_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive` stored procedure.
2. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in `proc_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive`.
3. The front-end Web server calls `proc_AddContentTypeToScope` to add a new site column to the site.
4. The front-end Web server calls `proc_ListContentTypesInWeb` to query the site columns information for the specified site.
5. The back-end database server returns 1 result set containing the requested information as listed in `proc_ListContentTypesInWeb`.

#### 4.2.3 Add a Site Column to a List

This scenario is initiated when a site column is added to a list.



**Figure 5: Add a Site Column to a list**

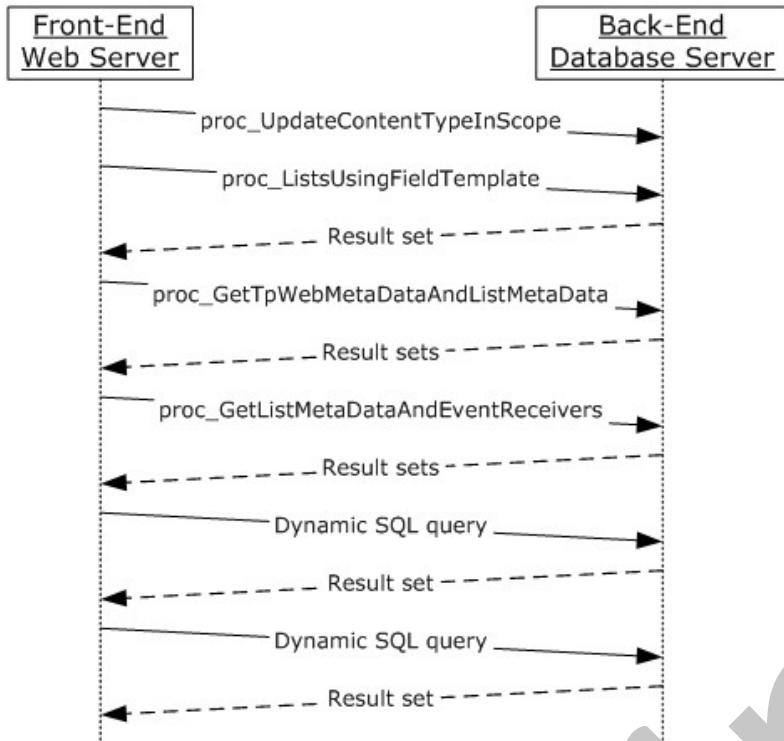
For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that the site column being added to the list is contained in the site.

The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server queries all MetaData information and event receivers for the specified list by calling the **proc\_GetListMetaDataAndEventReceivers** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.26](#)) stored procedure.
2. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.28.1](#) – [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.4.28.5.
3. The front-end Web server builds a transactional dynamic **query** in SQL syntax to add the site column to the list.
  1. The query begins a new **transaction**.
  2. The query attempts to add the site column to the specified list using the [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) stored procedure.
  3. The query then attempts to record that the site column is being used in the specified list.
  4. The query rolls back the transaction if the previous actions were not successful, or it commits the transaction if they were successful.
4. The front-end Web server queries all MetaData information and event receivers for the specified list by calling the **proc\_GetListMetaDataAndEventReceivers** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.26](#)) stored procedure.
5. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.28.1](#) – [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.4.28.5.

#### 4.2.4 Change the Name of a Site Column and Propagate to Lists

This scenario is initiated when the display name of a site column is changed and the change is pushed to lists.



**Figure 6: Change the Name of a Site Column and Propagate to Lists**

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

1. The site column display name being changed is contained in the site.
2. The lists which the change of the site column display name are pushed to are contained in the site

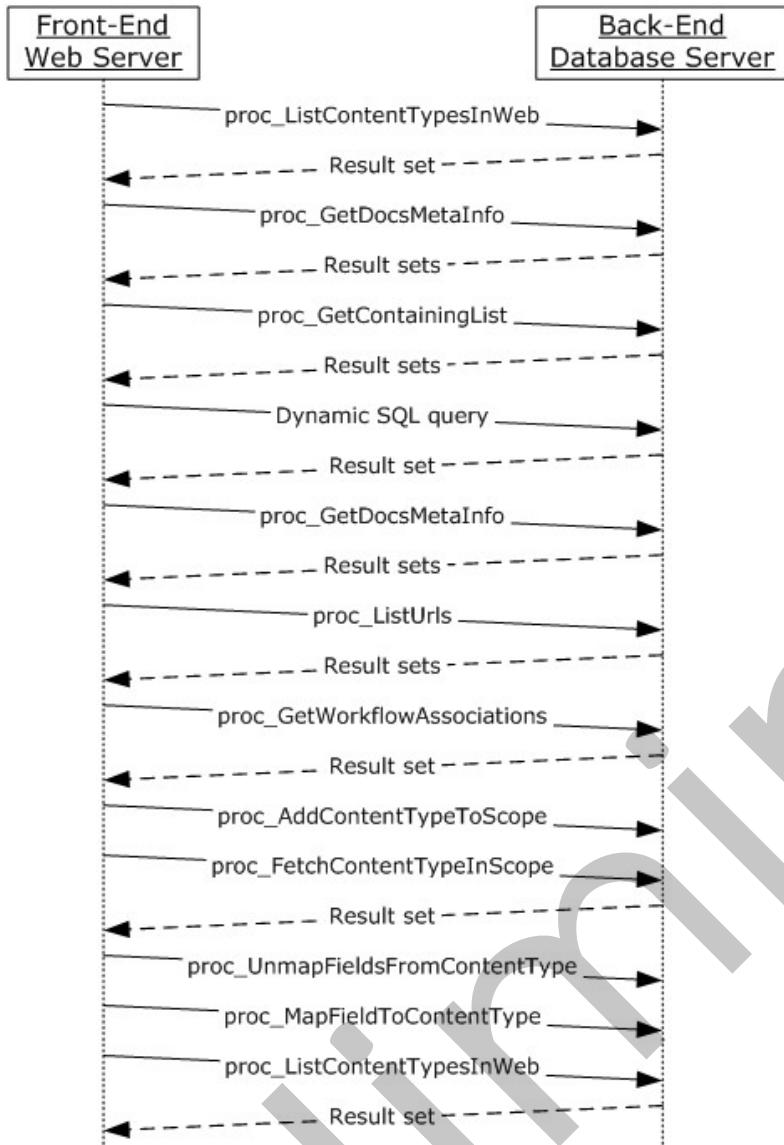
The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server updates the definition (the display name in this scenario) of the site column by calling the [proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope](#) stored procedure.
2. The front-end Web server queries for a list of lists in the site which include the specified site column by calling the [proc\\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate](#) stored procedure.
3. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in `proc_ListsUsingFieldTemplate`.
4. The front-end Web server queries for the MetaData for the specified site by calling the **proc\_GetTpWebMetaDataAndListMetaData** (defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.35](#)) stored procedure.
5. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.35.1](#) – [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section 3.1.4.35.27.
6. The front-end Web server queries all MetaData information and event receivers for the specified list by calling the **proc\_GetListMetaDataAndEventReceivers** (defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#), section [3.1.5.26](#)) stored procedure.

7. The back-end database server returns result sets as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.28.1](#) - [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.4.28.5.
8. The front-end Web server builds a transactional dynamic query in T-SQL syntax to update the definition (the display name in this scenario) of the field in the list.
  - The query begins a new transaction.
  - The query attempts to update the field definition of Fields in the specified list using the [proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) stored procedure.
  - The query rolls back the transaction if the previous actions were not successful, or it commits the transaction if they were successful.
9. The front-end Web server builds a transactional dynamic query in SQL syntax to update the list content types on the specified list.
  - The query begins a new transaction.
  - The query attempts to update the **list content types** on the specified **list** using the [proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes](#) stored procedure.
  - The query rolls back the transaction if the previous actions were not successful, or it commits the transaction if they were successful.

#### 4.2.5 Create a New Site Content Type

This scenario is initiated when a new site content type is created.



**Figure 7: Create a new Site Content Type**

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

- The parent content type of the newly created content type is contained in the site.

The following actions happen:

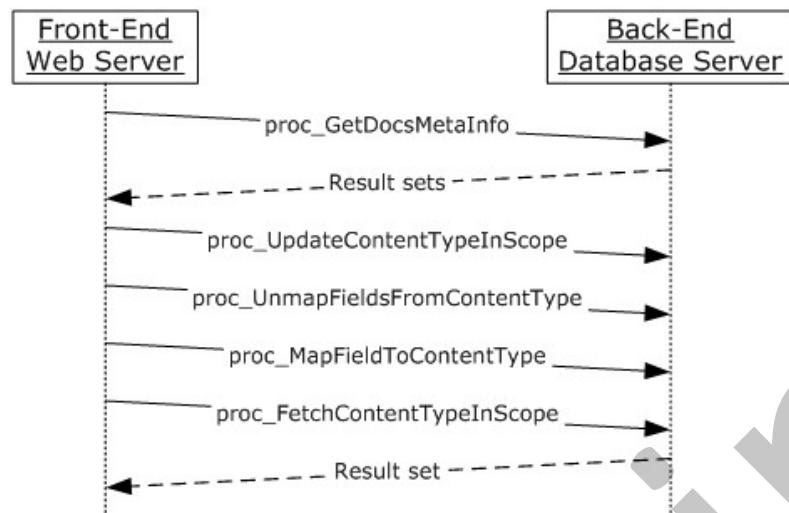
1. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_ListContentTypesInWeb](#) to query the content types information for the specified site
2. The back-end database server returns 1 result set containing the requested information as listed in [proc\\_ListContentTypesInWeb](#).

3. The front-end Web server calls **proc\_GetDocsMetaInfo** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.24](#)) to retrieve the metadata information for the specified content type
4. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.24.1](#) - [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.4.24.6.
5. The front-end Web server calls [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.19](#) - proc\_GetContainingList to retrieve the metadata and event receiver information for the specified content type
6. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.19.1](#) - [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.19.3](#).
7. The front-end Web server builds a transactional dynamic query in SQL syntax to create a directory for the content types on the specified site.
  - The query begins a new transaction.
  - The query attempts to create a directory for the content types on the specified site using the [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.2](#) - **proc\_CreateDir** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2] section 3.1.5.8) stored procedure.
  - The query rolls back the transaction if the previous actions were not successful, or it commits the transaction if they were successful.
8. The front-end Web server calls [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.20](#) - **proc\_GetDocsMetaInfo** (defined in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.24](#)) to retrieve the metadata information for the specified content type
9. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.20.1](#) - [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.20.6](#).
10. The front-end Web server calls [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.37](#) - proc\_ListUrls to query the metadata information for the specified site content type
11. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.37.1](#) - [MS-WSSFO2], section [3.1.5.37.7](#).
12. The front-end Web server calls **proc\_GetWorkflowAssociations** (defined in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.46](#)) to retrieve the workflow associations information for the specified content type
13. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSPROG], section [3.1.4.46.1](#)
14. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_AddContentTypeToScope](#) to add the newly created content type to the specified site
15. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_FetchContentTypeInScope](#) to retrieve information about the specified site content type registered to the specified site.
16. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [proc\\_FetchContentTypeInScope](#)
17. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType](#) to remove existing site columns reference from the specified site content type.
18. The front-end Web server calls [proc\\_MapFieldToContentType](#) to add site a column reference to the specified site content type.

- 19.The front-end Web server calls `proc_ListContentTypesInWeb` to query the content types information for the specified site
- 20.The back-end database server returns 1 result set containing the requested information as listed in `proc_ListContentTypesInWeb`.

#### 4.2.6 Add Site Column to Content Type

This scenario is initiated when a site column is added to a site content type.



**Figure 8: Add Site Column to Content Type**

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

1. The site column to be added to the content type is contained in the site.
2. The content type which the site column is added to is contained in the site

The following actions happen:

1. The front-end Web server calls [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.5.20 - `proc_GetDocsMetaInfo` (defined in [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.5.24) to retrieve the metadata information for the specified content type
2. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.5.20.1 - [MS-WSSFO2], section 3.1.5.20.6.
3. The front-end Web server updates the definition of the site content type by calling the `proc_UpdateContentTypeInScope` stored procedure
4. The front-end Web server calls `proc_UnmapFieldsFromContentType` to remove existing site columns reference from the specified site content type.
5. The front-end Web server calls `proc_MapFieldToContentType` to add a site column reference to the specified site content type.
6. The front-end Web server calls `proc_FetchContentTypeInScope` to retrieve information about the specified site content type registered to the specified site.

7. The back-end database server returns result sets containing the requested information as listed in proc\_FetchContentTypeInScope.

### 4.3 Views

Take for example a list that contains list items. Often times, there are several different views created for a list to aggregate the list items in varying ways. For example, an implementer may create a view to display the list items in alphabetical order based on the list item's creator field. In addition, another view may be created to display only those list items whose creator field is equal to "Contoso Managers". With multiple views per list, a dilemma arises such that the implementer needs to make a decision as to what view the end user will see when viewing the list items. The solution to this is as follows:

1. After provisioning a list and its views, call [proc\\_MakeViewDefaultForList](#) to set one of the views as the default list view. Use this default list view as the view that will be displayed to all end users when viewing list items.
2. The implementer also gives the end user the option to change the default list view. Once the end user selects which view among those views provisioned to become the default list view, proc\_MakeViewDefaultForList is called again to change the default list view. Note that the implementer can use proc\_FetchDocForHttpGet stored procedure defined in [\[MS-WSSFO2\]](#) to obtain the views defined for the given list. It is also possible to use [proc\\_MapUrlToListAndView](#) to obtain a specific view for the given list.

A similar dilemma arises with a list's forms. A list can have multiple forms to create, display, and change list items. For example, a list may have multiple edit forms and an implementer must have a mechanism to set one of the edit forms as the default form to be used when a list item is being edited (or changed) by the user. The solution to this is as follows:

1. After provisioning a list and its forms, call [proc\\_SetListFormToUrl](#) to designate which form is the default form for the edit form, new form, and display form.
2. If, at any time, a new edit form, new form, or display form is created, the implementer can call the proc\_SetListFormToUrl stored procedure to designate the form as the default form.

### 4.4 Custom Actions

Bryan is a web manager for a company of door to door sales agents. On their Web site, this company has a list of potential customers with their addresses. Bryan wants his agents to be able to open up the mapped location for any customer from a list on their site. This can be achieved by associating a custom action to the site which will be visible to the sales agents depending on their role and permission. Because custom actions can either start URLs or JScript calls when triggered, this action when triggered can act upon a selected customer in the list and open their location in a mapping Web site using JScript.

For simplicity's sake, this example assumes that:

- There's JScript function already written that can take an **item identifier** and fetch its address column values. The name of the JScript function is MyJumpToMapFunction. Using that, this JScript can begin the mapping Web site with the retrieved address.

#### 4.4.1 Add a Custom Action

To add a custom action for Bryan's scenario, the proc\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction stored procedure is called and the following actions occur in the specified sequence:

1. The protocol client calls the **proc\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction** stored procedure with the following parameters:

```
exec proc_AddOrUpdateCustomAction @Id='80788823-0DB5-428E-8FA5-0418DF7DC2CE',@ScopeId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43',@SiteId='8ECFF020-3AA4-4D60-A27A-A566D1537C36',@WebId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43',@FeatureId='00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000',@SolutionId=NULL,@SolutionWebId=NULL,@SolutionLevel=1,@ScopeType=3,@Properties=N'<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-16"?><Elements xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"><CustomAction Id="{80788823-0db5-428e-8fa5-0418df7dc2cc}" Location="CommandUI.Ribbon" RegistrationId="101" RegistrationType="List" Rights="ViewListItems, ViewFormPages, CreateAlerts" Sequence="0"><CommandUIExtension><CommandUIDefinitions><CommandUIDefinition Location="Ribbon.Documents.New.Controls._children" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"> <Button Id="id3" Alt="enu alt text" Sequence="55" Command="ucalistvtbv4urlactioninRibbonDocumentsNewControls" Image16by16="/_layouts/images/formatmap16x16.png" Image32by32="/_layouts/images/formatmap32x32.png" LabelText="enu resource title" Description="enu resource description" TemplateAlias="o1" /></CommandUIDefinition></CommandUIDefinitions><CommandUIHandlers><CommandUIHandler Command="ucalistvtbv4urlactioninRibbonDocumentsNewControls" CommandAction="javascript:MyJumpToMapFunction('{ItemId}');"

```

2. The protocol server returns a return code of 0, which indicates successful execution. The protocol server also returns a result set defined in [3.2.4.4.1 "Add or Update Custom Action Result Set"](#), as follows:

<b>{UnnamedColumn}</b>
{No row returned}

- The protocol client ignores the result set.

#### 4.4.2 Retrieve a Custom Action

To display the custom action for Bryan's scenario, the user interface would need to call the **proc\_GetCustomActionsFromScope** stored procedure, resulting in the following actions to occur in the specified sequence:

1. The protocol client calls the protocol server with the following parameters for this stored procedure:

```
exec proc_GetCustomActionsFromScope @ScopeId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43',@SiteId='8ECFF020-3AA4-4D60-A27A-A566D1537C36',@WebId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43',@SolutionLevel=1
```

2. The protocol server returns a return code of 0 which indicates successful execution. The protocol server also returns a result set, defined in [3.2.4.32.1 "Get Custom Actions From Scope Result Set"](#), as follows:

Scope Type	ScopeId	Id	Properties	Version
3	CB17ECA C-BFA4- 43FC- ACAA- AF616FE DDD43	6D77B34 5-ADB0- 4CC7- B653- 2C97E5D 21611	<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-16"?><Elements xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"><CustomAction Id="{6d77b345-adb0-4cc7-b653-2c97e5d21611}" Location="CommandUI.Ribbon" RegistrationId="101" RegistrationType="List" Rights="ViewListItems, ViewFormPages, CreateAlerts" Sequence="0"><CommandUIExtension><CommandUIDefinitions><CommandUIDefinition Location="Ribbon.Documents.New.Controls._children" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/sharepoint/"> <Button Id="Ribbon.Documents.New.Controls.MyCustomAction" Alt="enu alt text" Sequence="55" Command="ucalistvtbv4urlactioninRibbonDocumentsNewControls" Image16by16="/_layouts/images/formatmap16x16.png" Image32by32="/_layouts/images/formatmap32x32.png" LabelText="enu resource title" Description="enu resource description" TemplateAlias="o1" /></CommandUIDefinition></CommandUIDefinitions><CommandUIHandlers><CommandUIHandler Command="ucalistvtbv4urlactioninRibbonDocumentsNewControls" CommandAction="javascript:MyJumpToMapFunction('{ItemId}');" /></CommandUIHandlers></CommandUIExtension></CustomAction></Elements>	14.0. 0.0

- The protocol client then uses this result set to display the custom actions on the user interface.

#### 4.4.3 Delete a Custom Action

In the case where Bryan no longer desires the custom action in his scenario, the proc\_DeleteCustomAction stored procedure can be called, resulting in the following actions to occur in the specified sequence:

1. The protocol client calls the proc\_DeleteCustomAction stored procedure with the following parameters:

```
exec proc_DeleteCustomAction @Id='223154a8-2671-4778-8a75-  
b189acaf96c0', @ScopeId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43', @SiteId='8ECFF020-3AA4-  
4D60-A27A-A566D1537C36', @WebId='CB17ECAC-BFA4-43FC-ACAA-AF616FEDDD43', @ScopeType=3
```

2. The protocol server returns a return code of 0, which indicates successful execution. The protocol server also returns 2 result sets as defined in [3.2.4.33.1 "Delete Custom Action Result Set One"](#) and [3.2.4.33.2 "Delete Custom Action Result Set Two"](#), as follows:

Delete Custom Action Result Set One:

{UnnamedColumn}
1

{UnnamedColumn}
1

Delete Custom Action Result Set Two:

ScopeCount	ParentScopeCount
1	0

- The protocol client ignores the result sets.

## 4.5 Metadata Information

This section provides an example of working with metadata.

### 4.5.1 proc\_SetWebMetaInfo

- The metadata information for a given site is set using this stored procedure. An example of this is while creating a site.

Jonathan wants to create a site to store all his contact information. He chooses the create site option, with the URL specified as `http://<servername>:<port>/Contacts`. While the site is created, in order to set the metadata information for this site, this stored procedure is called.

`proc_SetWebMetaInfo`

```

@ WebSiteId = "92F730F6-0702-4AF6-BE22-3770B17A7630",
@ WebUrl      = N"Contacts",
@ MetaInfo    = @wssp1,
@Flags = @wssp2,
@DefTheme = NULL,
@IncrementSiteTimeStamp = 1,
@MasterURL = NULL,
@CustomMasterURL = NULL,
@@WebId output;
```

Where `@wssp1` contains the binary encoded value for the metainformation of the site (with value in this case as "`vti_categories:VR|Travel Expense\\ Report Business Competition Goals/Objectives Ideas Miscellaneous Waiting VIP In\\ Process Planning Schedule vti_defaultlanguage:SW|en-us vti_extenderversion:SR|14.0.0.0 vti_approvallevels:VR|Approved Rejected Pending\\ Review`")

And `@wssp2 = 291`. This is the integer representation of the following flags set –

Flag	Description
0x00000001	This site allows display of implementation-specific user presence information in the front-end Web server.
0x00000002	This site allows display of implementation-specific enhanced user presence information in the front-end Web server.
0x00000020	The front-end Web server for this site displays the local navigation element.
0x00000100	This site has not yet been provisioned with a site template.

When site creation succeeds, the stored procedure returns a value of 0.

## 5 Security

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Interactions with SQL are susceptible to tampering and other forms of security risks. Implementers are advised to sanitize input parameters for stored procedures prior to invoking the stored procedure.

The database access account used by the front-end Web server must have access to the appropriate content database on the back-end database server. If the account does not have the correct permissions, access will be denied when attempting to set up the [\[MS-TDS\]](#) connection to the content database, or when calling the stored procedures.

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

## 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Microsoft® SharePoint® Foundation 2013 Preview
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008 R2 SP1
- Microsoft® SQL Server® 2012

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

## 7 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

Preliminary

## 8 Index

### A

Abstract data model  
  [client](#) 121  
  [server](#) 27  
[Add or update custom action result set](#) 38  
[All file URLs result set](#) 77  
[AllListsAux table structure](#) 24  
Applicability 16  
[Attribute groups - overview](#) 26  
Attributes - overview 26  
[Audit mask result set](#) 92

### B

[Back-end database server interface](#) 27  
Binary structures  
  [List Base Type Pattern](#) 19  
  [List Identifier Packed Array](#) 18  
  [tContentTypeId](#) 17  
  [Usage Data Binary Field Structure](#) 19  
[Bit fields - overview](#) 17

### C

[Capability negotiation](#) 16  
[Change tracking](#) 144  
[ChildWebs result set](#) 79  
Client  
  [abstract data model](#) 121  
  [front-end Web server interface](#) 121  
  [initialization](#) 122  
  [local events](#) 123  
  [message processing](#) 122  
  [overview](#) 121  
  [sequencing rules](#) 122  
  [timer events](#) 122  
  [timers](#) 122  
Client-interface  
  [front-end Web server](#) 121  
Common data types  
  [overview](#) 17  
Complex types  
  [Feature Property Definitions](#) 24  
  [Site Health Check Result Message](#) 25  
Content type descendants result set ([section 3.2.4.46.1](#) 82, [section 3.2.4.62.1](#) 97)  
[Content type is ghosted result set](#) 75  
[Content type list usage result set](#) 83  
[Content type result set](#) 53  
[Content types and columns example](#) 125  
[Content types result set](#) 59  
[Creation and modification result set](#) 66  
[Custom actions example](#) 137

### D

[Daily usage result set](#) 74  
Data model - abstract

[client](#) 121  
[server](#) 27  
Data types  
  [common](#) 17  
  [Upgrade Status simple type](#) 17  
  [Upgrade Type simple type](#) 17  
Data types - simple  
  [Upgrade Status](#) 17  
  [Upgrade Type](#) 17  
[Defined content type order result set](#) 58  
[Delete custom action result set one](#) 71  
[Delete custom action result set two](#) 71  
[Derived content types result set](#) 85  
[Derived site content types result set](#) 85  
[Domain group cache back-end database server update](#) 94  
[Domain group cache back-end database server update result set](#) 63  
Domain group cache Front-End Web Server update result set ([section 3.2.4.27.3](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.4](#) 94)  
Domain group cache versions result set ([section 3.2.4.27.1](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.2](#) 94)

### E

[Elements - overview](#) 26  
[EstimatedSize result set](#) 52  
Event receivers result set ([section 3.2.4.29.4](#) 66, [section 3.2.4.61.6](#) 95)  
Events  
  [local - client](#) 123  
  [local - server](#) 121  
  [timer - client](#) 122  
  [timer - server](#) 121  
Examples  
  [content types and columns](#) 125  
  [custom actions](#) 137  
  [features](#) 124  
  [metadata information](#) 140  
  [views](#) 137

### F

[Feature properties result set](#) 56  
[Feature Property Definitions - complex type](#) 24  
Features example 124  
[Field definition result set](#) 64  
Fields - vendor-extensible 16  
[Flag structures - overview](#) 17  
[Front-end Web server client interface](#) 121

### G

[Get custom actions from scope result set](#) 69  
[Get Web feature list result set one](#) 68  
[Glossary](#) 9  
[Groups - overview](#) 26

## I

[Implementer - security considerations](#) 142  
[Index of security parameters](#) 142  
[Informative references](#) 13  
Initialization  
  [client](#) 122  
  [server](#) 32  
[Introduction](#) 9  
[Invalid parameters result set](#) 57

## L

[List Base Type Pattern binary structure](#) 19  
[List child webs filtered result set](#) 80  
[List Content Types result set](#) 22  
[List count result set](#) 48  
[List event receivers result set](#) 49  
[List Identifier Packed Array binary structure](#) 18  
[List metadata receivers result set](#) 65  
[List metadata result set](#) 48  
[List permissions result set](#) 49  
[ListContentTypesInWeb result set](#) 84  
[Lists result set](#) 59  
[Lists using field result set](#) 86  
Local events  
  [client](#) 123  
  [server](#) 121

## M

[Map URL to list and review result set](#) 90  
Message processing  
  [client](#) 122  
  [server](#) 32  
Messages  
  [add or update custom action result set](#) 38  
  [all file URLs result set](#) 77  
  [AllListsAux table structure](#) 24  
  [attribute groups](#) 26  
  [attributes](#) 26  
  [audit mask result set](#) 92  
  [bit fields](#) 17  
  [ChildWebs result set](#) 79  
  [common data types](#) 17  
  content type descendants result set ([section 3.2.4.46.1](#) 82, [section 3.2.4.62.1](#) 97)  
  [content type is ghosted result set](#) 75  
  [content type list usage result set](#) 83  
  [content type result set](#) 53  
  [content types result set](#) 59  
  [creation and modification result set](#) 66  
  [daily usage result set](#) 74  
  [defined content type order result set](#) 58  
  [delete custom action result set one](#) 71  
  [delete custom action result set two](#) 71  
  [derived content types result set](#) 85  
  [derived site content types result set](#) 85  
domain group cache back-end database server  
  update result set ([section 3.2.4.27.2](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.3](#) 94)

domain group cache Front-End Web Server  
  update result set ([section 3.2.4.27.3](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.4](#) 94)  
domain group cache versions result set ([section 3.2.4.27.1](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.2](#) 94)  
elements 26  
[EstimatedSize result set](#) 52  
event receivers result set ([section 3.2.4.29.4](#) 66, [section 3.2.4.61.6](#) 95)  
[feature properties result set](#) 56  
[Feature Property Definitions complex type](#) 24  
[field definition result set](#) 64  
[flag structures](#) 17  
[get custom actions from scope result set](#) 69  
[get Web feature list result set one](#) 68  
groups 26  
[invalid parameters result set](#) 57  
[List Base Type Pattern binary structure](#) 19  
[list child webs filtered result set](#) 80  
[List Content Types result set](#) 22  
[list count result set](#) 48  
[list event receivers result set](#) 49  
[List Identifier Packed Array binary structure](#) 18  
list metadata result set ([section 3.2.4.13.2](#) 48, [section 3.2.4.29.1](#) 65)  
[list permissions result set](#) 49  
[ListContentTypesInWeb result set](#) 84  
[lists result set](#) 59  
[lists using field result set](#) 86  
[map URL to list and view result set](#) 90  
[monthly usage result set](#) 73  
[namespaces](#) 24  
[NULL unique permissions result set](#) 66  
object content type identifier result set ([section 3.2.4.17](#) 53, [section 3.2.4.19.1](#) 55)  
[parent site URL result set](#) 60  
[related fields result set](#) 66  
[simple types](#) 24  
[Site Collection Upgrade Info result set](#) 23  
[site event receivers result set](#) 63  
[Site Health Check Result Message complex type](#)  
  25  
site metadata result set ([section 3.2.4.27.4](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.5](#) 94)  
[site props result set](#) 60  
[site URL result set](#) 94  
SiteWebs result set ([section 3.2.4.43.1](#) 78, [section 3.2.4.90.1](#) 120, [section 3.2.4.91.1](#) 121)  
[tContentTypeId binary structure](#) 17  
[transport](#) 17  
[undefined content type order result set](#) 58  
[unghosted list fields result set](#) 87  
[unique permissions result set](#) 65  
[Usage Data Binary Field Structure binary structure](#) 19  
[user document security context result set](#) 95  
[WebId result set](#) ([section 3.2.4.35.1](#) 72, [section 3.2.4.66.1](#) 99, [section 3.2.4.67.1](#) 100)  
[WebsAndSubwebsDTM result set](#) 50  
[Metadata information example](#) 140  
Methods

[proc\\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession](#) 33  
[proc\\_ActivateFeature](#) 33  
[proc\\_AddContentTypeToScope](#) 35  
[proc\\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction](#) 36  
[proc\\_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue](#) 38  
[proc\\_CloneFeature](#) 39  
[proc\\_CopyResourceDir](#) 39  
[proc\\_DeactivateContentTypeInScope](#) 40  
[proc\\_DeactivateFeature](#) 42  
[proc\\_DeleteContentTypeInScope](#) 42  
[proc\\_DeleteCustomAction](#) 69  
[proc\\_DeleteCustomActionForFeature](#) 71  
[proc\\_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope](#) 44  
[proc\\_DropListField](#) 45  
[proc\\_EnumListsWithMetadata](#) 46  
[proc\\_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM](#) 50  
[proc\\_EstimateDocsSize](#) 51  
[proc\\_FetchContentTypeInScope](#) 52  
[proc\\_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade](#) 53  
[proc\\_FixV2ContentTypeField](#) 54  
[proc\\_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl](#) 54  
[proc\\_GetCustomActionsFromScope](#) 68  
[proc\\_GetFeatureProperties](#) 55  
[proc\\_GetFolderContentTypeOrder](#) 57  
[proc\\_GetFollowableLists](#) 119  
[proc\\_GetLastItemModifiedDate](#) 120  
[proc\\_GetListContentTypes](#) 58  
[proc\\_GetListIdsToSync](#) 59  
[proc\\_GetParentWebUrl](#) 59  
[proc\\_GetSiteProps](#) 60  
[proc\\_GetSiteUpgradeSession](#) 62  
[proc\\_GetTpWebMeta](#) 62  
[proc\\_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite](#) 64  
[proc\\_GetUniqueListMeta](#) 64  
[proc\\_GetWebExtendedMeta](#) 66  
[proc\\_GetWebFeatureList](#) 67  
[proc\\_GetWebIdOfListId](#) 72  
[proc\\_GetWebUsageData](#) 72  
[proc\\_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession](#) 74  
[proc\\_IncrementSiteClientTag](#) 75  
[proc\\_IsContentTypeGhosted](#) 74  
[proc\\_IsContentTypeInUseInList](#) 76  
[proc\\_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate](#) 76  
[proc\\_ListAllFileUrls](#) 77  
[proc\\_ListAllWebsOfSite](#) 78  
[proc\\_ListChildWebs](#) 79  
[proc\\_ListChildWebsFiltered](#) 80  
[proc\\_ListContentTypeInUse](#) 82  
[proc\\_ListContentTypesInWeb](#) 83  
[proc\\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive](#) 84  
[proc\\_ListDerivedContentTypes](#) 85  
[proc\\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate](#) 86  
[proc\\_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList](#) 86  
[proc\\_MakeViewDefaultForContentType](#) 87  
[proc\\_MakeViewDefaultForList](#) 88  
[proc\\_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList](#) 88  
[proc\\_MapContentTypeToList](#) 88  
[proc\\_MapFieldToContentType](#) 89  
[proc\\_MapUrlToListAndView](#) 90  
[proc\\_MapV2FieldToList](#) 91  
  
[proc\\_markWebAsProvisioned](#) 91  
[proc\\_MergeWeb](#) 92  
[proc\\_MiniSproc](#) 93  
[proc\\_ProvisionContentType](#) 95  
[proc\\_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession](#) 97  
[proc\\_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue](#) 98  
[proc\\_RenameListItemContentType](#) 98  
[proc\\_ResolveWikiLinkItem](#) 99  
[proc\\_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults](#) 99  
[proc\\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession](#) 100  
[proc\\_SetListFormToUrl](#) 101  
[proc\\_SetSiteFlags](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePlatformVersion](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePortalProps](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetSiteProps](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetTpView](#) 104  
[proc\\_SetWebMetaInfo](#) 105  
[proc\\_SetWebUsageData](#) 106  
[proc\\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults](#) 107  
[proc\\_StoreUserInfoListInfo](#) 107  
[proc\\_UnmapContentTypeFromList](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldFromList](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureProperties](#) 111  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureVersion](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListFields](#) 113  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteHashKey](#) 114  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession](#) 115  
[proc\\_UpdateTpWebMeta](#) 116  
[Monthly usage result set](#) 73

## N

[Namespaces](#) 24  
[Normative references](#) 12  
[NULL unique permissions result set](#) 66

## O

Object content type identifier result set ([section 3.2.4.17](#) 53, [section 3.2.4.19.1](#) 55)  
[Overview \(synopsis\)](#) 13

## P

[Parameters - security index](#) 142  
[Parent site URL result set](#) 60  
[Preconditions](#) 16  
[Prerequisites](#) 16  
[proc\\_AcquireSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 33  
[proc\\_ActivateFeature method](#) 33  
[proc\\_AddContentTypeToScope method](#) 35  
[proc\\_AddOrUpdateCustomAction method](#) 36  
[proc\\_AddToSiteUpgradeQueue method](#) 38  
[proc\\_CloneFeature method](#) 39  
[proc\\_CopyResourceDir method](#) 39  
[proc\\_DeactivateContentTypeInScope method](#) 40  
[proc\\_DeactivateFeature method](#) 42  
[proc\\_DeleteContentTypeInScope method](#) 42  
[proc\\_DeleteCustomAction method](#) 69

[proc\\_DeleteCustomActionForFeature method](#) 71  
[proc\\_DeleteFieldTemplateInScope method](#) 44  
[proc\\_DropListField method](#) 45  
[proc\\_EnumListsWithMetadata method](#) 46  
[proc\\_EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM method](#) 50  
[proc\\_EstimateDocsSize method](#) 51  
[proc\\_FetchContentTypeInScope method](#) 52  
[proc\\_FetchNextSiteForUpgrade method](#) 53  
[proc\\_FixV2ContentTypeField method](#) 54  
[proc\\_GetContentTypeIdFromUrl method](#) 54  
[proc\\_GetCustomActionsFromScope method](#) 68  
[proc\\_GetFeatureProperties method](#) 55  
[proc\\_GetFolderContentTypeOrder method](#) 57  
[proc\\_GetFollowableLists method](#) 119  
[proc\\_GetLastItemModifiedDates method](#) 120  
[proc\\_GetListContentTypes method](#) 58  
[proc\\_GetListIdsToSync method](#) 59  
[proc\\_GetParentWebUrl method](#) 59  
[proc\\_GetSiteProps method](#) 60  
[proc\\_GetSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 62  
[proc\\_GetTpWebMetaDataTable method](#) 62  
[proc\\_GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite method](#) 64  
[proc\\_GetUniqueListMetaDataTable method](#) 64  
[proc\\_GetWebExtendedMetaDataTable method](#) 66  
[proc\\_GetWebFeatureList method](#) 67  
[proc\\_GetWebIdOfListId method](#) 72  
[proc\\_GetWebUsageData method](#) 72  
[proc\\_HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 74  
[proc\\_IncrementSiteClientTag method](#) 75  
[proc\\_IsContentTypeGhosted method](#) 74  
[proc\\_IsContentTypeInUseInList method](#) 76  
[proc\\_IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTemplate method](#) 76  
[proc\\_ListAllFileUrls method](#) 77  
[proc\\_ListAllWebsOfSite method](#) 78  
[proc\\_ListChildWebs method](#) 79  
[proc\\_ListChildWebsFiltered method](#) 80  
[proc\\_ListContentTypeInUse method](#) 82  
[proc\\_ListContentTypesInWeb method](#) 83  
[proc\\_ListContentTypesInWebRecursive method](#) 84  
[proc\\_ListDerivedContentTypes method](#) 85  
[proc\\_ListsUsingFieldTemplate method](#) 86  
[proc\\_ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList method](#) 86  
[proc\\_MakeViewDefaultForContentType method](#) 87  
[proc\\_MakeViewDefaultForList method](#) 88  
[proc\\_MakeViewMobileDefaultForList method](#) 88  
[proc\\_MapContentTypeToList method](#) 88  
[proc\\_MapFieldToContentType method](#) 89  
[proc\\_MapUrlToListAndView method](#) 90  
[proc\\_MapV2FieldToList method](#) 91  
[proc\\_markWebAsProvisioned method](#) 91  
[proc\\_MergeWeb method](#) 92  
[proc\\_MiniSproc method](#) 93  
[proc\\_ProvisionContentType method](#) 95  
[proc\\_ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 97  
[proc\\_RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue method](#) 98  
[proc\\_RenameListItemContentType method](#) 98  
[proc\\_ResolveWikiLinkItem method](#) 99  
[proc\\_RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults method](#) 99  
[proc\\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 100

[proc\\_SetListFormToUrl method](#) 101  
[proc\\_SetSiteFlags method](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePlatformVersion method](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePortalProps method](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetSiteProps method](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetTpView method](#) 104  
[proc\\_SetWebMetaInfo method](#) 105  
[proc\\_SetWebUsageData method](#) 106  
[proc\\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults method](#) 107  
[proc\\_StoreUserInfoListInfo method](#) 107  
[proc\\_UnmapContentTypeFromList method](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldFromList method](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType method](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope method](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureProperties method](#) 111  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureVersion method](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes method](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListFields method](#) 113  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteHashKey method](#) 114  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 115  
[proc\\_UpdateTpWebMetaDataTable method](#) 116  
[Product behavior](#) 143

## R

[References](#) 12  
    [informative](#) 13  
    [normative](#) 12  
[Related fields result set](#) 66  
[Relationship to other protocols](#) 16  
[Result sets - messages](#)  
    [add or update custom action](#) 38  
    [all file URLs](#) 77  
    [audit mask](#) 92  
    [ChildWebs](#) 79  
    [content type](#) 53  
        content type descendants ([section 3.2.4.46.1](#) 82, [section 3.2.4.62.1](#) 97)  
        [content type is ghosted](#) 75  
        [content type list usage](#) 83  
        [content types](#) 59  
        [creation and modification](#) 66  
        [daily usage result set](#) 74  
        [defined content type order](#) 58  
        [delete custom action result set one](#) 71  
        [delete custom action result set two](#) 71  
    [derived content types](#) 85  
    [derived site content types](#) 85  
    domain group cache back-end database server  
        update ([section 3.2.4.27.2](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.3](#) 94)  
    domain group cache Front-End Web Server  
        update ([section 3.2.4.27.3](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.4](#) 94)  
    domain group cache versions ([section 3.2.4.27.1](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.2](#) 94)  
    [EstimatedSize](#) 52  
    [event receivers](#) 66  
    [event results](#) 95  
    [feature properties](#) 56  
    [field definition](#) 64  
    [get custom actions from scope](#) 69

[get Web feature list result one](#) 68  
[invalid parameters](#) 57  
[list child webs filtered result set](#) 80  
[List Content Types](#) 22  
[list count](#) 48  
[list event receivers](#) 49  
[list metadata \(section 3.2.4.13.2](#) 48, [section 3.2.4.29.1](#) 65)  
[list permissions](#) 49  
[ListContentTypesInWeb](#) 84  
[lists](#) 59  
[lists using field](#) 86  
[map URL to list and view](#) 90  
[NULL unique permissions](#) 66  
[object content type identifier \(section 3.2.4.17](#) 53, [section 3.2.4.19.1](#) 55)  
[parent site URL](#) 60  
[related fields](#) 66  
[Site Collection Upgrade Info](#) 23  
[site event](#) 63  
[site metadata](#) 63  
[site metadata result set](#) 94  
[site props](#) 60  
[site URL](#) 94  
[SiteWebs \(section 3.2.4.43.1](#) 78, [section 3.2.4.90.1](#) 120, [section 3.2.4.91.1](#) 121)  
[undefined content type order](#) 58  
[unghosted list fields](#) 87  
[unique permissions](#) 65  
[user document security context](#) 95  
[WebId \(section 3.2.4.35.1](#) 72, [section 3.2.4.66.1](#) 99, [section 3.2.4.67.1](#) 100)  
[WebsAndSubwebsDTM](#) 50  
[Result sets - monthly usage](#) 73

## S

[Security](#)  
[implementer considerations](#) 142  
[parameter index](#) 142  
[Sequencing rules](#)  
[client](#) 122  
[server](#) 32  
[Server](#)  
[abstract data model](#) 27  
[back-end database interface](#) 27  
[initialization](#) 32  
[local events](#) 121  
[message processing](#) 32  
[overview](#) 27  
[proc AcquireSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 33  
[proc ActivateFeature method](#) 33  
[proc AddContentTypeToScope method](#) 35  
[proc AddOrUpdateCustomAction method](#) 36  
[proc AddToSiteUpgradeQueue method](#) 38  
[proc CloneFeature method](#) 39  
[proc CopyResourceDir method](#) 39  
[proc DeactivateContentTypeInScope method](#) 40  
[proc DeactivateFeature method](#) 42  
[proc DeleteContentTypeInScope method](#) 42  
[proc DeleteCustomAction method](#) 69  
[proc DeleteCustomActionForFeature method](#) 71

[proc DeleteFieldTemplateInScope method](#) 44  
[proc DropDownList method](#) 45  
[proc EnumListsWithMetadata method](#) 46  
[proc EnumWebAndSubwebsDTM method](#) 50  
[proc EstimateDocsSize method](#) 51  
[proc FetchContentTypeInScope method](#) 52  
[proc FetchNextSiteForUpgrade method](#) 53  
[proc FixV2ContentTypeField method](#) 54  
[proc GetContentTypeIdFromUrl method](#) 54  
[proc GetCustomActionsFromScope method](#) 68  
[proc GetFeatureProperties method](#) 55  
[proc GetFolderContentTypeOrder method](#) 57  
[proc GetFollowableLists method](#) 119  
[proc GetLastItemModifiedDates method](#) 120  
[proc GetListContentTypes method](#) 58  
[proc GetListIdsToSync method](#) 59  
[proc GetParentWebUrl method](#) 59  
[proc GetSiteProps method](#) 60  
[proc GetSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 62  
[proc GetTpWebMetaDataTable](#) 62  
[proc GetUnghostedBaseFieldTemplateInSite](#) method 64  
[proc GetUniqueListMetaDataTable](#) 64  
[proc GetWebExtendedMetaDataTable](#) 66  
[proc GetWebFeatureList method](#) 67  
[proc GetWebIdOfListId method](#) 72  
[proc GetWebUsageData method](#) 72  
[proc HeartbeatSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 74  
[proc IncrementSiteClientTag method](#) 75  
[proc IsContentTypeGhosted method](#) 74  
[proc IsContentTypeInUseInList method](#) 76  
[proc IsFieldTemplateUsedInContentTypeTempl](#) e method 76  
[proc ListAllFileUrls method](#) 77  
[proc ListAllWebsOfSite method](#) 78  
[proc ListChildWebs method](#) 79  
[proc ListChildWebsFiltered method](#) 80  
[proc ListContentTypeInUse method](#) 82  
[proc ListContentTypesInWeb method](#) 83  
[proc ListContentTypesInWebRecursive method](#) 84  
[proc ListDerivedContentTypes method](#) 85  
[proc ListsUsingFieldTemplate method](#) 86  
[proc ListUnghostedFieldTemplatesInList method](#) 86  
[proc MakeViewDefaultForContentType method](#) 87  
[proc MakeViewDefaultForList method](#) 88  
[proc MakeViewMobileDefaultForList method](#) 88  
[proc MapContentTypeToList method](#) 88  
[proc MapFieldToContentType method](#) 89  
[proc MapUrlToListAndView method](#) 90  
[proc MapV2FieldToList method](#) 91  
[proc markWebAsProvisioned method](#) 91  
[proc MergeWeb method](#) 92  
[proc MiniSproc method](#) 93  
[proc ProvisionContentType method](#) 95  
[proc ReleaseSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 97  
[proc RemoveFromSiteUpgradeQueue method](#) 98  
[proc RenameListItemContentType method](#) 98  
[proc ResolveWikiLinkItem method](#) 99  
[proc RetrieveSiteHealthCheckResults method](#) 99

[proc\\_RetrieveSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 100  
[proc\\_SetListFormToUrl method](#) 101  
[proc\\_SetSiteFlags method](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePlatformVersion method](#) 102  
[proc\\_SetSitePortalProps method](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetSiteProps method](#) 103  
[proc\\_SetTpView method](#) 104  
[proc\\_SetWebMetainfo method](#) 105  
[proc\\_SetWebUsageData method](#) 106  
[proc\\_StoreSiteHealthCheckResults method](#) 107  
[proc\\_StoreUserInfoListInfo method](#) 107  
[proc\\_UnmapContentTypeFromList method](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldFromList method](#) 108  
[proc\\_UnmapFieldsFromContentType method](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateContentTypeInScope method](#) 109  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureProperties method](#) 111  
[proc\\_UpdateFeatureVersion method](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListContentTypes method](#) 112  
[proc\\_UpdateListFields method](#) 113  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteHashKey method](#) 114  
[proc\\_UpdateSiteUpgradeSession method](#) 115  
[proc\\_UpdateTpWebMetaData method](#) 116  
[sequencing rules](#) 32  
[timer events](#) 121  
[timers](#) 32  
Server-interface  
[back-end database](#) 27  
Simple data types  
[Upgrade Status](#) 17  
[Upgrade Type](#) 17  
[Simple types - overview](#) 24  
[Site Collection Upgrade Info result set](#) 23  
[Site event receivers result set](#) 63  
[Site Health Check Result Message - complex type](#) 25  
Site metadata result set ([section 3.2.4.27.4](#) 63, [section 3.2.4.61.5](#) 94)  
[Site props result set](#) 60  
[Site URL result set](#) 94  
SiteWebs result set ([section 3.2.4.43.1](#) 78, [section 3.2.4.90.1](#) 120, [section 3.2.4.91.1](#) 121)  
[Standards assignments](#) 16

## T

Table structures

[AllListsAux](#) 24

[ContentTypeId binary structure](#) 17

Timer events

[client](#) 122

[server](#) 121

Timers

[client](#) 122

[server](#) 32

[Tracking changes](#) 144

[Transport](#) 17

Types

[simple](#) 24

## U

[Undefined content type order result set](#) 58

[Unghosted list fields result set](#) 87  
[Unique permissions result set](#) 65  
[Upgrade Status simple type](#) 17  
[Upgrade Type simple type](#) 17  
[Usage Data Binary Field Structure binary structure](#) 19  
[User document security context result set](#) 95

## V

[Vendor-extensible fields](#) 16  
[Versioning](#) 16  
[Views example](#) 137

## W

[WebId result set](#) ([section 3.2.4.35.1](#) 72, [section 3.2.4.66.1](#) 99, [section 3.2.4.67.1](#) 100)  
[WebsAndSubwebsDTM result set](#) 50